

## General Explanation



Nippon Thompson Co., Ltd. is a bearing manufacturer that launched the technical development of needle roller bearings for the first time in Japan and is proud of the high quality level and abundant varieties of its products.

Needle roller bearings are bearings for rotary motion that incorporate needle-shaped thin rollers instead of ordinary bearing balls or rollers. Compared with other rolling bearings, they are small-sized and lightweight but have a large load capacity. They are widely used with high reliability in the fields of automobiles, industrial machinery, OA equipment, etc. as resource-saving type bearings that make the whole machine compact.

Characteristics of Needle Roller Bearings

Bearings can be classified into two main types, namely rolling bearings and sliding bearings. Rolling bearings can be subdivided further into ball bearings and roller bearings according to the rolling elements. **IKO** Needle Roller Bearings are high-precision rolling bearings with a low sectional height, incorporating needle rollers as the rolling element. They have the following features.

Merits of Rolling Bearings

Compared with sliding bearings, rolling bearings have the following merits:

**1 Static and kinetic friction is low.**  
Since the difference between static friction and kinetic friction is small and the frictional coefficient is also small, drive units or machines can be made more compact and lightweight, saving machine costs and power consumption.

**2 Stable accuracy can be maintained for long periods.**  
Owing to less wear, stable accuracy can be maintained for long periods.

**3 Machine reliability is improved.**  
Since the bearing life can be estimated based on rolling fatigue, machine reliability is improved.

**4 Lubrication is simplified.**  
Since grease lubrication is sufficient in most cases, lubrication can be simplified for easy maintenance.

Merits of Needle Roller Bearings

Compared with other rolling bearings, **IKO** Needle Roller Bearings have the following advantages:

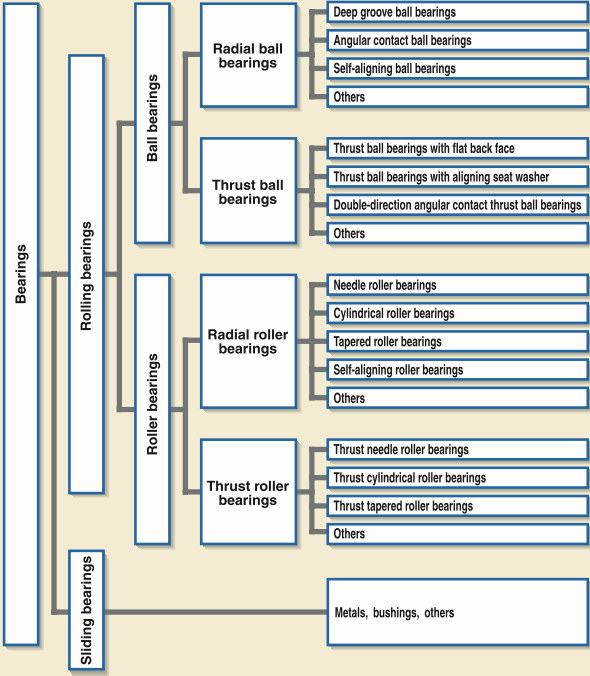
**1 With a low sectional height, they can withstand heavy loads.**  
Since they have a low sectional height compared with other rolling bearings and yet can withstand heavy loads, machines can be made more compact and lightweight, thus saving costs.

**2 Rotating torque is small, improving mechanical efficiency.**  
Since the rotating radius is small, the rotating torque is also small under the same frictional conditions, thus improving mechanical efficiency.

**3 Inertia is minimized.**  
Since the bearing volume and weight are small, the moment of inertia of the bearing is minimized when it is put in motion.

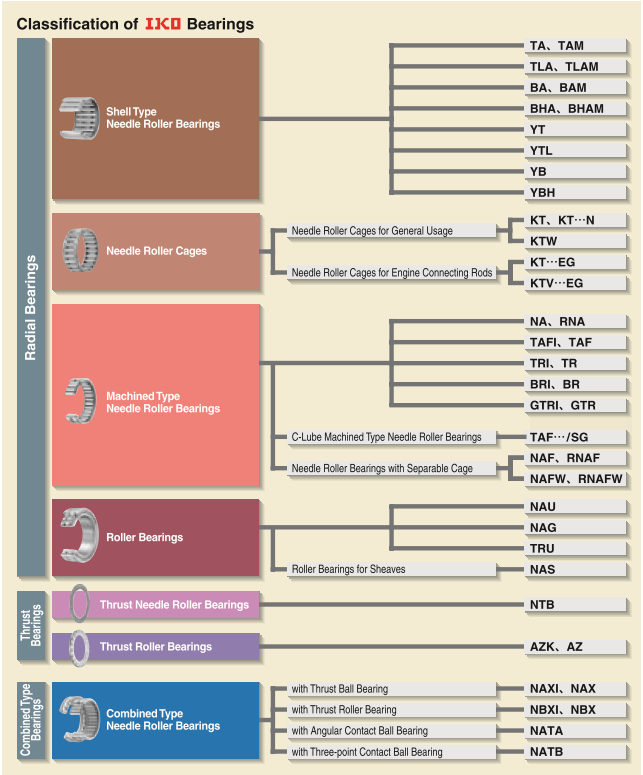
**4 Most suited to oscillating motions.**  
Many rolling elements are arranged at a small spacing pitch, and this configuration is most suited to oscillating motions.

Classification of bearings

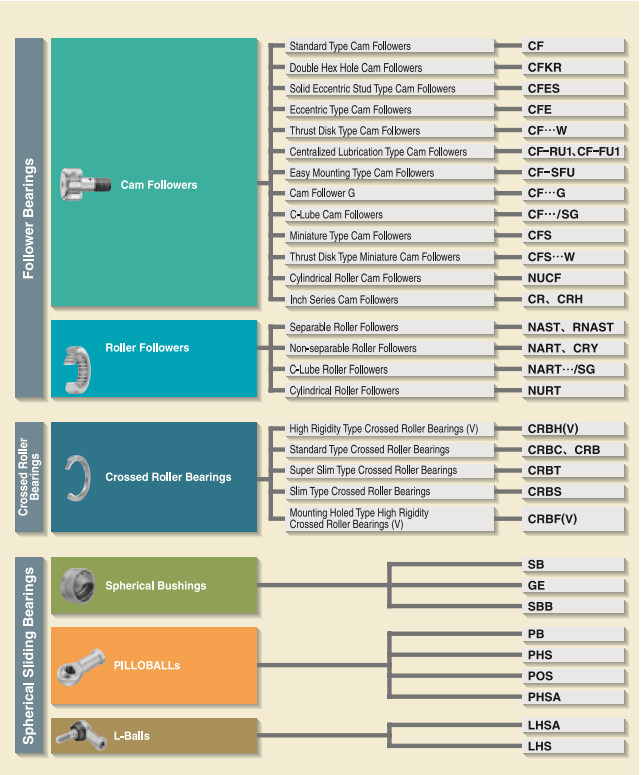


Types and Features of Bearings

IKO Bearings can be roughly classified into radial bearings and thrust bearings according to applicable load direction. Radial Bearings are grouped into Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings, Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings, and various other types. Thrust Bearings are grouped into Thrust Needle Roller Bearings and Thrust Roller Bearings. Follower Bearings that are used for cam mechanisms and linear motion are grouped into Cam Followers and Roller Followers.



Crossed Roller Bearings are special shape bearings that can simultaneously receive loads in all directions with a single bearing. Bearings other than rolling bearings, such as self-aligning Spherical Bushings that can support radial loads and axial loads and PILLOBALLS and L-Balls that are used for link mechanisms, are also available.



Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings



Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are lightweight with the lowest sectional height among needle roller bearings with outer ring, because they employ a shell type outer ring made from a thin special-steel plate which is accurately drawn, carburized and quenched. Since these bearings are press-fitted into the housing, no axial positioning fixtures are required. They are ideal for use in mass-produced articles that require economy.

Radial Bearings Page B1

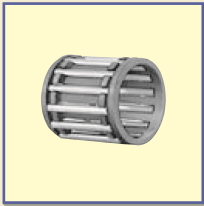
Needle Roller Cages for General Usage



Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are bearings that display excellent rotational performance. Their specially shaped cages with high rigidity and accuracy, precisely guide the needle rollers. Since needle rollers with extremely small dimensional variations in diameter are incorporated and retained, Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are useful in small spaces when combined with shafts and housing bores that are heat treated and accurately ground as raceway surfaces.

Radial Bearing Page C1

Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods



Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods are used for motor cycles, small motor vehicles, outboard marines, snow mobiles, general-purpose engines, high-speed compressors, etc. that are operated under extremely severe and complex operating conditions such as heavy shock loads, high speeds, high temperatures, and stringent lubrication. Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods are lightweight and have high load ratings and high rigidity as well as superior wear resistance.

Radial Bearing Page C17

Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings



Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings have an outer ring made by machining, heat treatment, and grinding. The outer ring has stable high rigidity and can be easily used even for light alloy housings. These bearings are available in various types and optimally selectable for different conditions such as heavy loads, high-speed rotation and low-speed rotation. They are most suitable for general-purpose applications.

Radial Bearing Page D1

Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage



In Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage, the inner ring, outer ring and Needle Roller Cage are combined, and they can be separated easily. This type has a simple structure with high accuracy. In addition, the radial clearance can be freely selected by choosing an assembly combination. These bearings have excellent rotational performance, because Needle Roller Cages are used.

Radial Bearing Page D79

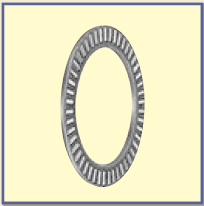
Roller Bearings



Roller Bearings, in which rollers are incorporated in double rows, are non-separable heavy-duty bearings. They can withstand not only radial loads but axial loads as well, which are supported at the contacts between the shoulders of inner and outer rings and the end faces of rollers. Therefore, they are most suitable for use at the fixing side of a shaft.

Radial Bearing Page E1

### Thrust Bearings



Thrust Bearings consist of a precisely made cage and rollers, and can receive axial loads. They have high rigidity and high load capacities and can be used in small spaces.  
Thrust Needle Roller Bearings use needle rollers, while Thrust Roller Bearings use cylindrical rollers.

Thrust Bearing

Page F1

### Combined Type Needle Roller Bearings




Combined Type Needle Roller Bearings are combinations of a radial bearing and a thrust bearing. Caged Needle Roller Bearings are used as radial bearings and Thrust Ball Bearings or Thrust Roller Bearings are used as thrust bearings.  
They can be subjected to radial loads and axial loads simultaneously.

Combined Type Bearing

Page G1

### Inner Rings

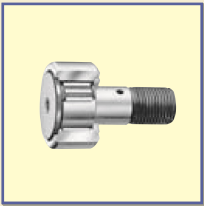


Inner Rings are heat-treated and finished by grinding to a high degree of accuracy and are used for Needle Roller Bearings.  
In the case of Needle Roller Bearings, normally the shafts are heat-treated and finished by grinding and used as raceway surfaces. However, when it is impossible to make shaft surfaces according to the specified surface hardness or surface roughness, Inner Rings are used.

Component part

Page H1

### Cam Followers



Cam Followers are bearings with a stud incorporating needle rollers in a thick walled outer ring. They are designed for outer ring rotation, and the outer rings run directly on mating cam guide surfaces. Various types of Cam Followers are available. They are widely used as follower bearings for cam mechanisms and for linear motions.

Follower Bearing

Page I1

### Roller Followers




Roller Followers are bearings in which needle rollers are incorporated in a thick walled outer ring. These bearings are designed for outer ring rotation, and the outer rings run directly on mating cam guide surfaces. They are used as follower bearings for cam mechanisms and for linear motions.

Follower Bearing

Page I77

### Crossed Roller Bearings



Crossed Roller Bearings are high-rigidity and compact bearings with their cylindrical rollers alternately crossed at right angles to each other between inner and outer rings. A single Crossed Roller Bearing can take loads from any directions at the same time such as radial, thrust, and moment loads.  
These bearings are widely used in the rotating parts of industrial robots, machine tools, medical equipment, etc. which require compactness, high rigidity and high rotational accuracy.

Crossed Roller Bearing

Page J1

Spherical Bushings



Spherical Bushings are self-aligning spherical plain bushings, which have inner and outer rings with spherical sliding surfaces. They can take a large radial load and a bi-directional axial load at the same time. They are divided into steel-on-steel types that are suitable for applications where there are alternate loads or shock loads, and maintenance-free types which require no lubrication.

Spherical Sliding Bearing Page K1

PILLOBALLS



PILLOBALLS are compact self-aligning spherical plain bushings which can support a large radial load and a bi-directional axial load at the same time. PILLOBALL Rod Ends have either a female thread in the body or a male thread on the body, so they can be easily assembled onto machines. PILLOBALLS are used in control and link mechanisms in machine tools, textile machines, packaging machines, etc.

Spherical Sliding Bearing Page K29

L-Balls



L-Balls are self-aligning rod-ends consisting of a special zinc die-cast alloy body and a studded ball which has its axis at right-angles to the body. They can perform tilting movement and rotation with low torque, and transmit power smoothly due to the uniform clearance between the sliding surfaces. They are used in link mechanisms in automobiles, construction machinery, farm and packaging machines, etc.

Spherical Sliding Bearing Page K45

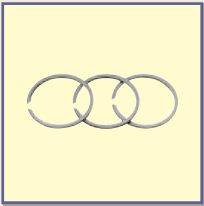
Seals for Needle Roller Bearings



Seals for Needle Roller Bearings have a low sectional height and consist of a sheet metal ring and special synthetic rubber. As these seals are manufactured to the same sectional height as Needle Roller Bearings, grease leakage and the penetration of foreign particles can be effectively prevented by fitting them directly to the sides of combinable bearings.

Component Part Page L1

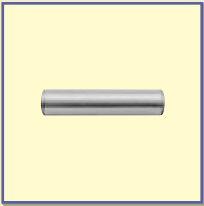
Cir-clips for Needle Roller Bearings



Cir-clips for Needle Roller Bearings have been specially designed for needle roller bearings on which, in many cases, generally available Cir-clips cannot be used. They have a low sectional height and are very rigid. There are Cir-clips for shafts and for bores, and they are used for positioning to prevent bearing movement in the axial direction.

Component Part Page L17

Needle Rollers



Needle Rollers are used for needle roller bearings and are rigid and highly accurate. These needle rollers are widely used as rolling elements for bearings, and also as pins and shafts.

Component Part Page L23

Features of IKO Bearings

Bearing series		Appearance	Direction of motion	Load direction and capacity	Allowable rotational speed	Friction	Sectional height	Reference page
Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings	Caged type							B1~
	Full complement type							
Needle Roller Cages	For general usage							C1~
	For engine connecting rods							C17~
Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings	Caged type							D1~
	Full complement type							
Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage	Caged type							D79~
Roller Bearings	Caged type							E1~
	Full complement type							
	For sheaves							

Symbol Rotation Oscillating motion Radial load Axial load Light load Medium load Heavy load Especially excellent Excellent Normal

Bearing series		Appearance	Direction of motion	Load direction and capacity	Allowable rotational speed	Friction	Sectional height	Reference page
Thrust Bearings	Needle roller bearings							F1~
	Roller bearings							
Combined Type Needle Roller Bearings	With thrust ball bearing							G1~
	With thrust roller bearing							
	With angular contact ball bearing							
	With three-point contact ball bearing							
Cam Followers	Caged type							I1~
	Full complement type							
Roller Followers	Separable caged type							177~
	Non-separable caged type							
	Non-separable full complement type							

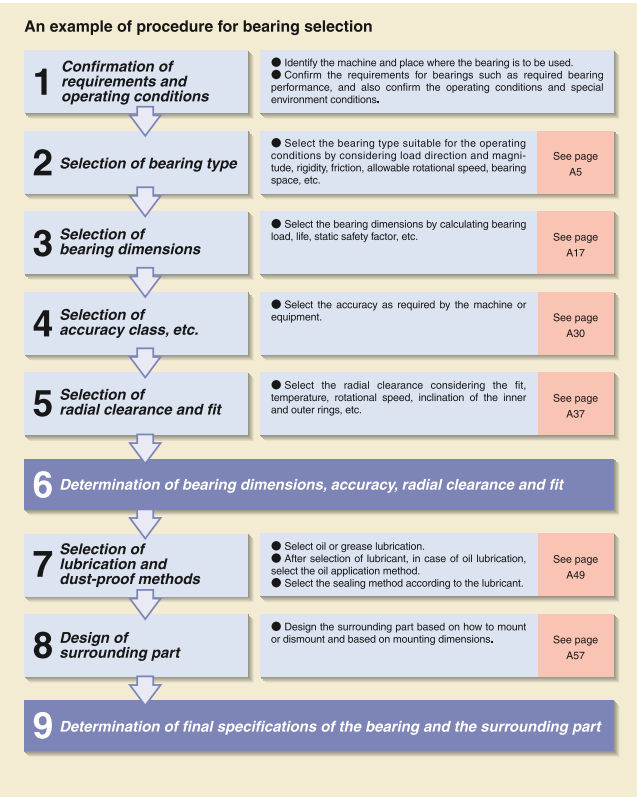
Features of IKO Bearings

Bearing series		Appearance	Direction of motion	Load direction and capacity	Allowable rotational speed	Friction	Sectional height	Reference page
Crossed Roller Bearings	Caged type, Separator type							J1~
	Full complement type							
	Slim type							
Spherical Bushings	Steel-on-steel type							K1~
	Maintenance-free type							
PILLOBALLS	Insert type, Lubrication type							K29~
	Die-casting type, Lubrication type							
	Maintenance-free type							
L-Balls	Lubrication type							K45~

Symbol Rotation Oscillating motion Radial load Axial load Light load Medium load Heavy load Especially excellent Excellent Normal

Outline of Bearing Selection

IKO Bearings are available in many types and sizes. To obtain satisfactory bearing performance in machines and equipment, it is essential to select the most suitable bearing by carefully studying the requirements for the application. Although there is no particular procedure or rule for bearing selection, an example of a commonly adopted procedure is shown in the figure below.



IKO

Basic Dynamic Load Rating and Life

Life

Rolling bearings will suffer damage due to various causes during service. Damage such as abnormal wear, seizure, and cracks is caused by improper use, including incorrect mounting, lack of oil, dust intrusion and so on, and can be avoided by remedying these causes. However, bearings will eventually be damaged due to fatigue-flaking even if used properly. When a bearing rotates under load, the raceways and the rolling elements are subjected to repeated stresses concentrated on the part close to the surface. Fatigue, therefore, occurs in the surface layer, producing damage in the form of scaling. This is called flaking (spalling). When this occurs, the bearing can no longer be used.

Bearing Life

Bearing life is defined as the total number of revolutions (or total service hours at a constant rotational speed) before a sign of the first flaking appears on the rolling surface of raceway or rolling elements. However, even when bearings of the same size, structure, material and heat treatment are subjected to the same conditions, the bearing lives will show variation (See Fig. 1.). This results from the statistical nature of the fatigue phenomenon. In selecting a bearing, it is incorrect to take an average life for all bearings as the design standard. It is more practical to consider a bearing life that is reliable for the greater proportion of bearings used. Therefore, the basic rating life defined in the following is used.

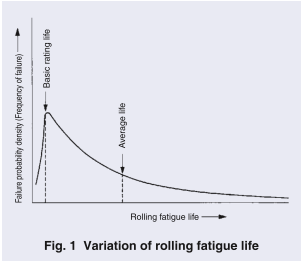


Fig. 1 Variation of rolling fatigue life

Basic rating life

The basic rating life is defined as the total number of revolutions that 90% of a group of identical bearings can be operated individually under the same conditions free from any material damage caused by rolling fatigue. For rotation at a constant rotational speed, the basic rating life can be represented by the total service hours.

Basic dynamic load rating

The basic dynamic load rating is defined as the constant radial load (in the case of radial bearings) or the constant axial load acting along the bearing central axis (in the case of thrust bearings) that allows a basic rating life of 1,000,000 revolutions.

Calculation of rating life

The relationship among the basic rating life, basic dynamic load rating and dynamic equivalent load (bearing load) of rolling bearings is as follows:

$$L_{10} = \left( \frac{C}{P} \right)^{\frac{10}{3}} \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

where,  $L_{10}$  : Basic rating life,  $10^6$  rev.  
 $C$  : Basic dynamic load rating, N  
 $P$  : Dynamic equivalent load, N  
 $p$  : Exponent, Roller bearing: 10/3  
Ball bearing: 3

Accordingly, when the rotational speed per minute is given, the basic rating life is represented as the total service hours according to the following equations:

$$L_h = \frac{10^6 L_{10}}{60n} = 500 f_h^{\frac{10}{3}} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

$$f_h = f_n \frac{C}{P} \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

$$f_n = \left( \frac{33.3}{n} \right)^{\frac{3}{10}} \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

where,  $L_h$  : Basic rating life represented by service hours, h  
 $n$  : Rotational speed,  $\text{min}^{-1}$   
 $f_h$  : Life factor  
 $f_n$  : Velocity factor

In addition, the rating life can be calculated by obtaining  $f_h$  and  $f_n$  from the life calculation scales of Fig. 2.

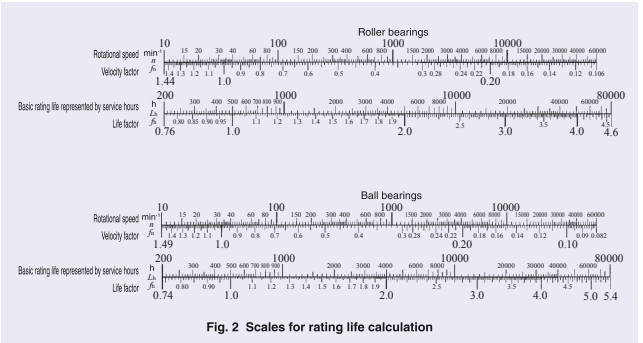


Fig. 2 Scales for rating life calculation

Bearing life factors for various machines

The required life of the bearing must be determined according to the machine in which the bearing is to be used and the operating conditions. Table 1 shows reference values of life factors for selecting a bearing for each machine.

Table 1 Life factor of bearings  $f_h$  for various machines

Operating conditions	Machine and life factor $f_h$				
	~ 3	2 ~ 4	3 ~ 5	4 ~ 7	6 ~
Occasional or short term usage	• Power tools	• Agricultural machines			
Infrequent usage but requiring reliable operation		• Construction machinery	• Conveyors • Elevators		
Intermittent operation but for comparatively long periods	• Roll neck of rolling mills	• Small motors • Deck cranes • General cargo cranes • Passenger cars	• Factory motors • Machine tools • General gear units • Printing machines	• Crane sheaves • Compressors • Important gear units	
Operated in excess of 8 hours per day or continuously for an extended time		• Escalators	• Centrifugal separators • Blowers • Wood working machines • Plastic extruding machines		• Paper making machines
Continuous use for 24 hours and accidental stops not allowed					• Water supply equipment • Power station equipment

Life of oscillating bearing

The life of an oscillating bearing can be obtained from equation (5).

$$L_{OC} = \frac{90}{\theta} \left( \frac{C}{P} \right)^p \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

where,  $L_{OC}$ : Basic rating life of oscillating bearing,  $10^6$  cycles  
 $2\theta$ : Oscillating angle, deg. (See Fig.3)  
 $P$ : Dynamic equivalent load, N

Therefore, when the oscillating frequency  $n_1 \text{min}^{-1}$  is given, the basic rating life as represented by total oscillating hours can be obtained by substituting  $n_1$  for  $n$  in equation (2) on page A17.  
When  $2\theta$  is small, an oil film cannot be formed easily between the contact surfaces of the raceway and the rolling elements. This may cause fretting corrosion. In this case, please consult **IKO**.

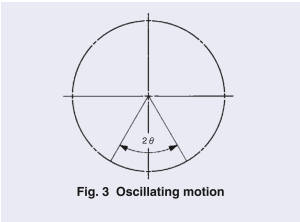


Fig. 3 Oscillating motion

Corrected rating life

When a rolling bearing is used in ordinary applications, the basic rating life can be calculated by equations (1) and (2) mentioned previously.  
This basic rating life applies to bearings which require a reliability of 90%, have ordinary bearing properties being made of materials of ordinary quality for rolling bearings, and are used under ordinary operating conditions.  
In some applications, however, it is necessary to obtain a rating life that applies to bearings which require high reliability, have special bearing properties or are used under special operating conditions. The corrected rating life for these special cases can be obtained from the following equation by using the

bearing life adjustment factors  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$  and  $a_3$ , respectively.

$$L_{ma} = a_1 a_2 a_3 L_{10} \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

where,  $L_{ma}$ : Corrected rating life,  $10^6$  rev.  
 $a_1$ : Life adjustment factor for reliability  
 $a_2$ : Life adjustment factor for special bearing properties  
 $a_3$ : Life adjustment factor for operating conditions

Life adjustment factor for reliability  $a_1$

The reliability of rolling bearings is defined as the proportion of bearings having a life equal to or greater than a certain specified value when a group of identical bearings are operated under identical conditions. With respect to individual bearings, it refers to the probability of the life of a bearing being equal to or greater than a certain specified value.  
The corrected rating life for a reliability of (100-n)% can be obtained using equation (6). Table 2 shows the values of the life adjustment factor  $a_1$  for various reliabilities.

Table 2 Life adjustment factor for reliability  $a_1$

Reliability %	$L_n$	$a_1$
90	$L_{10}$	1
95	$L_5$	0.62
96	$L_4$	0.53
97	$L_3$	0.44
98	$L_2$	0.33
99	$L_1$	0.21

Life adjustment factor for special bearing properties  $a_2$

The bearing life is extended or shortened according to the quality of the material, the manufacturing technology of the bearing and its internal design. For these special bearing life properties, the life is corrected by the life adjustment factor for special bearing properties  $a_2$ .  
The table of dimensions for **IKO** Bearings shows the values of the basic dynamic load rating which are determined taking into consideration the fact that bearing life has been extended by improved quality of materials and advances in manufacturing technologies. Therefore, the bearing life is calculated using equation (6) usually assuming  $a_2 = 1$ .

Life adjustment factor for operating conditions  $a_3$

This factor helps take into account the effects of operating conditions, especially lubrication on the bearing. The bearing life is limited by the phenomenon of fatigue which occurs, in general, beneath surfaces subjected to repeated stresses. Under good lubrication conditions where the rolling element and raceway surfaces are completely separated by an oil film and surface damage can be disregarded,  $a_3$  is set to be 1. However, when conditions of lubrication are not good, namely, when the viscosity of the lubricating oil is low or the peripheral speed of the rolling elements is especially low, and so on,  $a_3 < 1$  is used.  
On the other hand, when lubrication is especially good, a value of  $a_3 > 1$  can be used. When lubrication is not good and  $a_3 < 1$  is used, the life adjustment factor  $a_2$  cannot generally exceed 1.

When selecting a bearing according to the basic dynamic load rating, it is recommended that a suitable value for reliability factor  $a_1$  is chosen for each application. The selection should be made using the  $(C/P)$  or  $f_h$  values determined by machine type and based upon the actual conditions of lubrication, temperature, mounting, etc., which have already been experienced and observed in the same type of machines.

Limiting conditions

These bearing life equations are applicable only when the bearing is mounted and lubricated normally without intrusion of foreign materials and not used under extreme operating conditions.  
Unless these conditions are satisfied, the life may be shortened. For example, it is necessary to separately consider the effects of bearing mounting errors, excessive deformation of housing and shaft, centrifugal force acting on rolling elements at high-speed revolution, excessive preload, especially large radial internal clearance of radial bearings, etc.  
When the dynamic equivalent load exceeds 1/2 of the basic dynamic load rating, the life equations may not be applicable.

Correction of basic dynamic load rating for temperature and hardness

Temperature factor

The operating temperature for each bearing is determined according to its material and structure. If special heat treatment is performed, bearings can be used at temperatures higher than +150°C. As the allowable contact stress gradually decreases when the bearing temperature exceeds 150°C, the basic dynamic load rating is lowered and can be obtained by the following equation:

$$C_t = f_t C \dots\dots\dots (7)$$

where,  $C_t$ : Basic dynamic load rating considering temperature rise, N  
 $f_t$ : Temperature factor (See Fig. 4.)  
 $C$ : Basic dynamic load rating, N

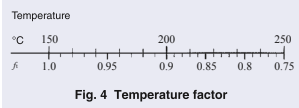


Fig. 4 Temperature factor

Further, if the bearing is used at high temperature, i.e. 120°C or above, the amount of dimensional displacement gets larger. So special heat treatment is necessary. If desired, please contact **IKO**.

Hardness factor

When the shaft or housing is used as the raceway surface instead of the inner or outer ring, the surface hardness of the part used as the raceway surface should be 58 ~ 64HRC.  
If it is less than 58HRC, the basic dynamic load rating is lowered and can be obtained by the following equation:

$$C_H = f_H C \dots\dots\dots (8)$$

where,  $C_H$ : Basic dynamic load rating considering hardness, N  
 $f_H$ : Hardness factor (See Fig. 5.)  
 $C$ : Basic dynamic load rating, N

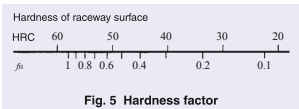


Fig. 5 Hardness factor

IKO

Basic Static Load Rating and Static Safety Factor

Basic static load rating

When a bearing at rest sustains a heavy load or a bearing rotating at a relatively low speed receives a heavy shock load, the contact stress may exceed a certain limiting value, producing a local permanent deformation in the raceways or the rolling elements, and subsequently causing noise or vibration or lowering the rotating performance. The basic static load rating is, therefore, determined as a guideline for the maximum allowable load for the bearing at rest, under which the permanent deformation will not exceed a certain limit value, and the lowering of the rotating performance will not occur. Its definition is given as follows.

The basic static load rating is the static load that gives the contact stress shown in Table 3 at the center of the contact area of the rolling element and the raceway receiving the maximum load. A radial load constant in direction and magnitude is used in the case of radial bearings, while an axial load constant in magnitude acting along the bearing central axis is used in the case of thrust bearings.

Table 3

Type of bearing	Contact stress MPa
Roller bearings	4 000
Self-aligning ball bearings	4 600
Other ball bearings	4 200

Static safety factor

The basic static load rating gives the theoretical allowable limit of the static equivalent load. Normally, this limit is corrected by considering the operating conditions and the requirements for the bearing. The correction factor, namely, the static safety factor  $f_s$  is defined as in the following equation and its general values are shown in Table 4.

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P_0} \dots\dots\dots (9)$$

where,  $C_0$  : Basic static load rating, N  
 $P_0$  : Static equivalent load, N

Table 4 Static safety factor

Operating conditions of the bearing	$f_s$
When high rotational accuracy is required	$\geq 3$
For ordinary operation conditions	$\geq 1.5$
For ordinary operation conditions not requiring very smooth rotation When there is almost no rotation	$\geq 1$

In case of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings of which outer ring is drawn from a thin steel plate and then carburized and quenched, it is necessary to use a static safety factor of 3 or more.

Calculation of Bearing Loads

The loads acting on bearings include the weight of the machine parts supported by the bearings, the weight of the rotating body, loads produced when operating the machine, loads by belts or gears transmitting power, and various other loads.

These loads can be divided into radial loads perpendicular to the central axis of the bearings and axial loads parallel to the central axis, and they act independently or in combination with other loads. In addition, the magnitude of vibration or shocks on the bearings varies depending on the application of the machine. Thus, theoretically calculated loads may not always be accurate and have to be corrected by multiplying various empirical factors to obtain the actual bearing loads.

Load distribution to bearings

Table 5 shows examples of calculations where static loads are acting in radial direction.

Table 5 Load distribution to bearings

Example	Bearing load
	$F_{r1} = \frac{dK_{11} + bK_{12}}{f}$ $F_{r2} = \frac{cK_{11} + aK_{12}}{f}$
	$F_{r1} = \frac{gK_{11} + bK_{12} - cK_{13}}{f}$ $F_{r2} = \frac{aK_{12} + dK_{13} - eK_{11}}{f}$

Load factor

Although radial loads and axial loads can be obtained by calculation, it is not unusual for the actual bearing loads to exceed the calculated loads, due to vibration and shocks produced when operating the machine. The actual bearing load is obtained from the following equation, by multiplying the calculated load by the load factor:

$$F = f_w F_c \dots\dots\dots (10)$$

where,  $F$  : Bearing load, N  
 $f_w$  : Load factor (See Table 6.)  
 $F_c$  : Theoretically calculated load, N

Table 6 Load factor

Operating conditions	Example	$f_w$
Smooth operation without shocks	Electric motors, Air conditioning equipment, Measuring instruments, Machine tools	1 ~ 1.2
Ordinary operation	Reduction gearboxes, Vehicles, Textile machinery, Paper making machinery	1.2 ~ 1.5
Operation subjected to vibration and shocks	Rolling mills, Rock crushers, Construction machinery	1.5 ~ 3

Bearing loads in case of belt or chain transmission

When power is transmitted by a belt or chain, the load acting on the pulley or sprocket wheel is obtained from the following equations:

T=9550000Hn(11)

Kt=T/R(12)

where, T: Torque acting on pulley or sprocket wheel, N-mm
Kt: Effective transmitting force of belt or chain, N
H: Transmitting power, kW
n: Rotational speed, min-1
R: Effective radius of pulley or sprocket wheel, mm

For belt transmission, the load Kt acting on the pulley shaft is obtained from the following equation, multiplying the effective transmitting force Kt by the belt factor fb shown in Table 7.

Kt=fbKt(13)

Table 7 Belt factor

Table with 2 columns: Type of belt, fb. Rows include V-belts, Timing belts, Plain belts (with tension pulley), and Plain belts.

In the case of chain transmission, a value of 1.2 to 1.5 is taken as the chain factor corresponding to fb. The load acting on the sprocket wheel shaft is obtained from equation (13) in the same manner as the belt transmission.

Bearing loads in case of gear transmission

When power is transmitted by gears, the force acting on the gears varies according to the type of gear. Spur gears produce radial loads only, but helical gears, bevel gears and worm gears produce axial loads in addition to radial loads. Taking the simplest case of spur gears as an example, the bearing load is obtained from the following equations:

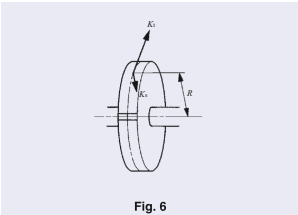
T=9550000Hn(14)

Kt=T/R(15)

Ks=Kt tan θ(16)

Kc=Kt2+Ks2=Kt sec θ(17)

where, T: Torque applied to gear, N-mm
Kt: Tangential force acting on gear, N
Ks: Radial force acting on gear, N
Kc: Resultant normal force on gear tooth surface, N
H: Transmitting power, kW
n: Rotational speed, min-1
R: Pitch circle radius of drive gear, mm
θ: Pressure angle of gear, deg.



In this case, the resultant normal force on the tooth surface acts as the radial force to the shaft and the magnitude of vibration or shocks varies depending on the accuracy and surface finish of the gear. Therefore, the radial load Kr applied to the shaft is obtained from the following equation, multiplying the resultant normal force Kc on gear tooth surface by the gear factor fz shown in Table 8.

Kt=fzKc(18)

Table 8 Gear factor

Table with 2 columns: Type of gear, fz. Rows include Precision gears and Ordinary machined gears.

Mean equivalent load corresponding to fluctuating load

When the load applied to the bearing fluctuates, the bearing life is calculated by using the mean equivalent load Fm, which is a constant load that will give the bearing a life equal to that produced under the fluctuating load. The mean equivalent load is obtained from the following equation:

Fm=p1/N∫0NFnpdN(19)

where, Fm: Mean equivalent load, N
N: Total number of revolutions, rev.
Fa: Fluctuating load, N
p: Exponent, Roller bearing = 10/3, Ball bearing = 3

Table 9 shows examples of the calculation of mean equivalent loads for various fluctuating loads.

Table 9 Mean equivalent load for the fluctuation load

Table with 2 columns: Type of fluctuating load, Mean equivalent load Fm. Rows include Step load, Monotonously changing load, Sinusoidally fluctuating load, and Stationary load plus rotating load.

Equivalent load

The loads applied to the bearing are divided into radial loads that are applied perpendicular to the central axis and axial loads that are applied in parallel to the central axis. These loads act independently or in combination with other loads.

Dynamic equivalent load

When both radial load and axial load are applied to the bearing simultaneously, the virtual load, acting on the center of the bearing, that will give a life equal to that under the radial load and the axial load is defined as a dynamic equivalent load.

In the case of needle roller bearings, radial bearings receive only radial loads and thrust bearings receive only axial loads. Accordingly, radial loads are directly used in the life calculation of the radial bearings, while axial loads are directly used for the thrust bearings.

[For radial bearings]

$$P_r = F_r \tag{20}$$

[For thrust bearings]

$$P_a = F_a \tag{21}$$

where,  $P_r$  : Dynamic equivalent radial load, N  
 $P_a$  : Dynamic equivalent axial load, N  
 $F_r$  : Radial load, N  
 $F_a$  : Axial load, N

Static equivalent load

When both radial load and axial load are applied to the bearing simultaneously, the virtual load, acting on the center of the bearing, that will produce a maximum contact stress on the contact surface between the rolling element and the raceway equal to that given by the radial load and the axial load is defined as a static equivalent load.

In the case of needle roller bearings, radial bearings receive only radial loads and thrust bearings receive only axial loads. Accordingly, radial loads are directly used for the radial bearings, while axial loads are directly used for the thrust bearings.

[For radial bearings]

$$P_{0r} = F_r \tag{22}$$

[For thrust bearings]

$$P_{0a} = F_a \tag{23}$$

where,  $P_{0r}$  : Static equivalent radial load, N  
 $P_{0a}$  : Static equivalent axial load, N  
 $F_r$  : Radial load, N  
 $F_a$  : Axial load, N

Boundary Dimensions and Identification Number

Boundary dimensions

Examples of symbols for quantities indicating the boundary dimensions of IKO Needle Roller Bearings are shown below. For details, see the table of dimensions for each model.

Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing

- $d$  : Nominal bearing bore diameter
- $D$  : Nominal bearing outside diameter
- $B$  : Nominal inner ring width
- $C$  : Nominal outer ring width
- $F_w$  : Nominal roller set bore diameter
- $r$  : Chamfer dimensions of inner and outer rings
- $r_{s \min}$  : Smallest permissible single chamfer dimensions of inner and outer rings

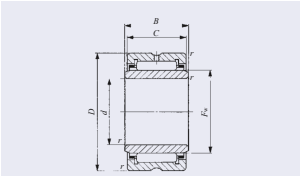


Fig. 7 Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing

Shell Type Needle Roller Bearing

- $D$  : Nominal bearing outside diameter
- $F_w$  : Nominal roller set bore diameter
- $C$  : Nominal outer ring width

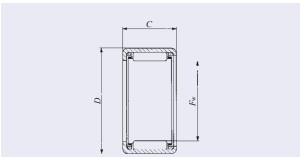


Fig. 8 Shell Type Needle Roller Bearing

Needle Roller Cage

- $E_w$  : Nominal roller set outside diameter
- $F_w$  : Nominal roller set bore diameter
- $B_c$  : Nominal cage width

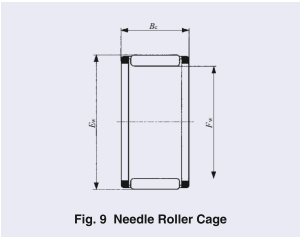


Fig. 9 Needle Roller Cage

Thrust Roller Bearing

- $D_c$  : Nominal cage outside diameter
- $d_c$  : Nominal cage bore diameter
- $D_w$  : Nominal roller diameter

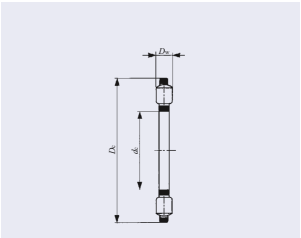


Fig. 10 Thrust Roller Bearing

Identification Number

The identification number of **IKO** Bearings consists of a model number and supplemental codes. The descriptions of typical codes and their arrangements are shown below. There are many codes other than those described. See the section of identification number of each bearing.

Table 10 Arrangement of identification number of bearing

Model number	Model code	①
	Boundary dimensions	②
Supplemental code	Material symbol	③
	Cage symbol	④
	Shield symbol	⑤
	Seal symbol,	⑥
	Bearing ring shape symbol	⑦
	Clearance symbol	⑧
	Classification symbol	⑨

①Model code

The model code represents the bearing series. The features of each bearing series are shown on pages A5 to A15.

②Boundary dimensions

One of the following four kinds of presentation methods is used for showing boundary dimensions in the identification number, which vary depending on the bearing series. Table 11 shows the presentation methods of boundary dimensions for each model code.

- (a)Dimension series + Bore diameter number
- (b)Bore diameter or roller set bore diameter + Outside diameter or roller set outside diameter + Width
- (c)Bore diameter or roller set bore diameter + Width
- (d)Basic diameter

③Material symbol

Symbol	Type of material
F	Stainless steel for bearing rings and rolling elements

④Cage symbol

Symbol	Descriptions
N	Made of synthetic resin
V	No cage or full complement

⑤Seal or shield symbol

Symbol	Descriptions
Z	With dust cover
ZZ	With shields on both sides
U	With a seal on one side
UU	With seals on both sides
2RS	With seals on both sides

⑥Bearing ring shape symbol

Symbol	Descriptions
NR	With stop ring on outer surface of outer ring
OH <sup>(1)</sup>	With oil hole in bearing ring
J	No oil hole

Note<sup>(1)</sup> This differs depending on the type of bearing. See the section of each bearing.

⑦Clearance symbol

Symbol	Descriptions
C2	C2 clearance
(None)	CN clearance
C3	C3 clearance
C4	C4 clearance
C5	C5 clearance
T1	Special radial clearance (Applicable to Crossed Roller Bearings)
C1	
C2	

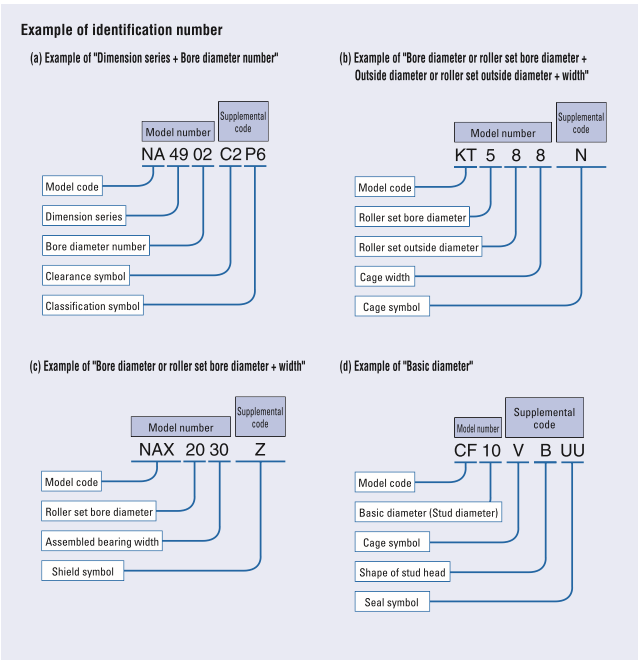
⑧Classification symbol

Symbol	Descriptions
(None)	JIS Class 0
P6	JIS Class 6
P5	JIS Class 5
P4	JIS Class 4

Table 11 Indication of boundary dimensions

Bearing type	Model number	
	Model code	Indication of boundary dimensions
Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings	TA, TLA, YT, YTL	Roller set bore diameter + Outer ring width
	BA, BHA, YB, YBH	Roller set bore diameter + Outer ring width <sup>(1)</sup>
Needle Roller Cages for General Usage	KT, KTW	Roller set bore diameter + Roller set outside diameter + Cage width
Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods	KT···EG, KTV···EG	Roller set bore diameter + Roller set outside diameter + Cage width
Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings	NA, RNA	Dimension series + Bore diameter number
	TR, TAF, GTR	Roller set bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Bearing width
	TRI, TAFI, GTRI	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Outer ring width
	BR	Roller set bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Bearing width <sup>(1)</sup>
	BRI	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Outer ring width <sup>(1)</sup>
	RNAF, RNAFW	Roller set bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Bearing width
Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage	NAF, NAFW	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Bearing width
	NAU, NAG, NAS	Dimension series + Bore diameter number
Roller Bearings	TRU	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Bearing width
	NTB, AS, WS, GS	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter
Thrust Bearings	AZ	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Bearing height
	AZK	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing outside diameter + Roller diameter
Combined Type Needle Roller Bearings	NAX, NBX	Roller set bore diameter + Assembled bearing width
	NAXI, NBXI	Innering bore diameter + Assembled bearing width
	NATA, NATB	Dimensional series + Bore diameter number
	CF, NUCF, CFS	Stud diameter
Cam Followers	CFKR	Bearing outside diameter
	CR, CRH	Bearing outside diameter <sup>(1)</sup>
Roller Followers	NAST, NART, NJRT	Bearing bore diameter
	CRY	Bearing outside diameter <sup>(1)</sup>
Crossed Roller Bearings	CRBH(V), CRB, CRBS, CRBT	Bearing bore diameter + Bearing width
Spherical Bushings	SB···A, GE	Inner ring bore diameter
	SBB	Inner ring bore diameter <sup>(1)</sup>
PILLOBALLs	PB,PHS,POS,PHSB,POSB,PHSA	Inner ring bore diameter
L-Balls	LHSA, LHS	Screw size
Seals for Needle Roller Bearings	OS, DS	Shaft diameter + Seal outside diameter + Seal width
Cir-clips for Needle Roller Bearings	WR	Shaft diameter
	AR	Bore diameter

Note<sup>(1)</sup> The nominal dimensions of inch series bearings are indicated in units of 1/16 inch.



Accuracy

The accuracy of **IKO** Needle Roller Bearings conforms to JIS B 1514-1~-3 (Rolling bearings - Tolerances of bearings), and the dimensional accuracy and rotational accuracy are specified. The specified items are shown in Fig. 11.

Needle Roller Bearings are classified into 4 classes of accuracy. These classes are represented by the numbers 0, 6, 5 and 4, written in order of increasing accuracy.

Table 12 shows the accuracy for the inner rings of radial bearings, Table 13 shows the accuracy for the outer rings of radial bearings, Table 14 shows the tolerances for the smallest single roller set bore diameter of radial bearings, and Table 15 shows the permissible limit values of chamfer dimensions of radial bearings. For thrust bearings, see the section on accuracy of Thrust Bearings. Note that the series of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings, Roller Bearings, Cam Followers, Roller Followers, Combined Type Needle Roller Bearings, and Crossed Roller Bearings have special accuracy. For further details, see the section on accuracy of each bearing series.

**Remarks**

The meanings of the new symbols for quantities used for accuracy of radial bearings are as follows:

①  $\Delta$  represents the deviation of a dimension from the specified value.

②  $V$  represents the variation of a dimension.

③ Suffixes <sub>s</sub>, <sub>m</sub>, and <sub>p</sub> represent a single (or actual) measurement, a mean measurement, and a measurement in a single radial plane, respectively.

[Example]  $V_{dip}$  means the difference between the largest and the smallest of the bore diameters in a single radial plane (circularity).  $V_{dmp}$  means the difference between the largest and the smallest of the single plane mean bore diameters (cylindricity).

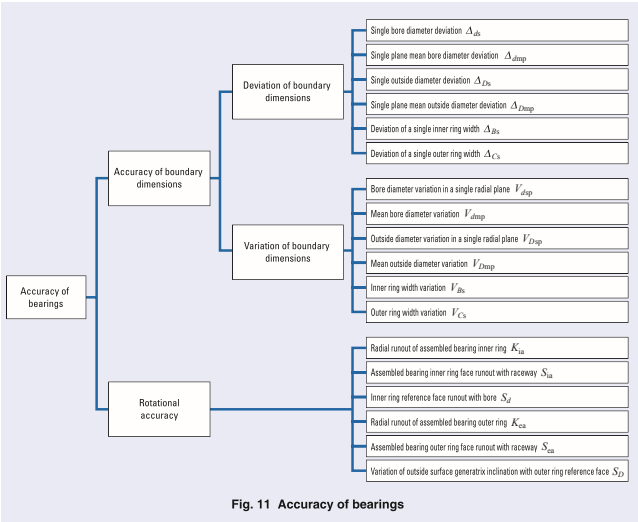


Fig. 11 Accuracy of bearings

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Classes 0 and 6 are applicable to outer rings without stop rings.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Applicable to all series except NAS series  
<sup>(3)</sup> Applicable to NAS series  
<sup>(4)</sup> Applicable to NATA and NATB series

1N=0.102kgf=0.2248lbs.  
1mm=0.03937inch

Table 14 Tolerances for smallest single roller set bore diameter  $F_{ws\ min}^{(1)}$  unit:  $\mu m$

$F_w$ Nominal roller set bore diameter mm		$\Delta F_{ws\ min}$ Deviation of smallest single roller set bore diameter	
Over	Incl.	High	Low
3	6	+ 18	+ 10
6	10	+ 22	+ 13
10	18	+ 27	+ 16
18	30	+ 33	+ 20
30	50	+ 41	+ 25
50	80	+ 49	+ 30
80	120	+ 58	+ 36
120	180	+ 68	+ 43
180	250	+ 79	+ 50
250	315	+ 88	+ 56
315	400	+ 98	+ 62
400	500	+ 108	+ 68

Note<sup>(1)</sup> This is the diameter of the cylinder used instead of the inner ring, where the radial clearance becomes 0 at least in one radial direction.

Table 15 Permissible limit values for chamfer dimensions of radial bearings unit: mm

$r_{s\ min}$ Smallest permissible single chamfer dimension	$d$ Nominal bore diameter		$r_{s\ max}$ Largest permissible single chamfer dimension	
	Over	Incl.	Radial direction	Axial direction
0.1	—	—	0.55 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.55 <sup>(2)</sup>
0.15	—	—	0.6 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.6
0.2	—	—	0.7 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.8
0.3	—	40	0.8 <sup>(2)</sup>	1
0.4 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	0.8	1.2
0.6	—	40	1.1 <sup>(2)</sup>	2
	40	—	1.3	2
1	—	50	1.5	3
1.1	—	120	1.9	3
	120	—	2.5	4
1.5	—	120	2.3	4
	120	—	3	5
	80	220	3	4.5
2	—	220	3.5	5
	220	—	3.8	6
2.1	—	280	4	6.5
	280	—	4.5	7
2.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	100	3.8	6
	100	280	4.5	6
	280	—	5	7
3	—	280	5	8
	280	—	5.5	8
4	—	—	6.5	9
5	—	—	8	10
6	—	—	10	13

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Not specified in JIS.  
<sup>(2)</sup> The numeric value differs from JIS.  
Remark Although the exact shape of the chamfer is not specified, its profile in the axial plane must not extend beyond the imaginary circular arc of radius  $r_{s\ min}$  which is tangential to the inner ring side surface and bearing bore surface or to the outer ring side surface and bearing outside surface. (See Fig. 12.)

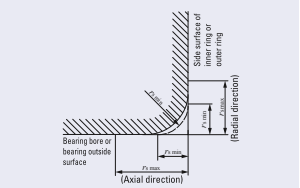


Fig. 12 Permissible values for chamfer dimensions

Methods of Measurement

Measurement of **IKO** Needle Roller Bearings is based on JIS B 1515-1, -2 (Rolling bearings-Tolerances). Tables 16 and 17 show some examples of the methods.  
Special methods are used to measure Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings. Therefore, refer to the section on accuracy for these bearings on page B3.

Table 16 Measurement methods of accuracy of boundary dimensions

Measurement methods		Accuracy and definitions	
Single bore diameter	Zero the gauge indicator to the appropriate size using gauge blocks or a master ring. In several angular directions and in a single radial plane, measure and record the largest and the smallest single bore diameters, $d_{sp\ max}$ and $d_{sp\ min}$ , within the measuring zone (excluding the zone 1.2 times the respective maximum allowable chamfer dimensions of the inner ring face). Repeat angular measurements and recordings in several radial planes to determine the largest and the smallest single bore diameter, $d_{s\ max}$ and $d_{s\ min}$ .	Mean bore diameter in a single plane $d_{mp} = \frac{d_{sp\ max} + d_{sp\ min}}{2}$ $d_{sp}$ : Single bore diameter in a single plane	Calculated mean value of the maximum and minimum values of the single bore diameter within a radial plane. $d_{mp}$ : Mean bore diameter in a single plane $d_{sp}$ : Single bore diameter in a single plane
		$\Delta d_{mp}$ Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane	Deviation of mean bore diameter in a single plane and nominal bore diameter. $\Delta d_{mp} = d_{mp} - d$ $d$ : Nominal bearing bore diameter
		$V_{dsp}$ Variation of bore diameter in a single plane	Deviation of the maximum and minimum values of the single bore diameter within a radial plane. $V_{dsp} = d_{sp\ max} - d_{sp\ min}$
		$V_{dmp}$ Variation of mean bore diameter	Deviation of the maximum and minimum values of mean bore diameter in a single plane, for individual raceway rings with essentially cylindrical bore diameter surfaces. $V_{dmp} = d_{mp\ max} - d_{mp\ min}$
		$\Delta d_s$ Deviation of a single bore diameter	Deviation of single bore diameter and nominal bore diameter. $\Delta d_s = d_s - d$ $d_s$ : Single bore diameter (distance between two parallel straight lines touching the intersection of the single bore diameter surface and the radial plane)
Single outside diameter	Zero the gauge indicator to the appropriate size using gauge blocks or a master. In several angular directions and in a single radial plane, measure and record the largest and the smallest single outside diameters, $D_{so\ max}$ and $D_{so\ min}$ , within the measuring zone (excluding the zone 1.2 times the respective maximum allowable chamfer dimensions of the outer ring face). Repeat and record measurements in several radial planes to determine the largest and the smallest single outside diameter, $D_{s\ max}$ and $D_{s\ min}$ .	$D_{mp}$ Mean outside diameter in a single plane $D_{mp} = \frac{D_{so\ max} + D_{so\ min}}{2}$ $D_{so}$ : Single outside diameter in a single plane	Calculated mean value of the maximum and minimum values of the single outside diameter within a radial plane. $D_{mp}$ : Mean outside diameter in a single plane $D_{so}$ : Single outside diameter in a single plane
		$\Delta D_{mp}$ Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane	Deviation of mean outside diameter in a single plane and nominal outside diameter. $\Delta D_{mp} = D_{mp} - D$ $D$ : Nominal bearing outside diameter
		$V_{Dso}$ Variation of outside diameter in a single plane	Deviation of the maximum and minimum values of the single outside diameter within a radial plane. $V_{Dso} = D_{so\ max} - D_{so\ min}$
		$V_{Dmp}$ Variation of mean outside diameter	Deviation of the maximum and minimum values of mean outside diameter in a single plane, for individual raceway rings with essentially cylindrical outside diameter surfaces. $V_{Dmp} = D_{mp\ max} - D_{mp\ min}$
		$\Delta D_s$ Deviation of a single outside diameter	Deviation of single outside diameter and nominal outside diameter. $\Delta D_s = D_s - D$ $D_s$ : Single outside diameter (distance between two parallel straight lines touching the intersection of the single outside diameter surface and the radial plane)

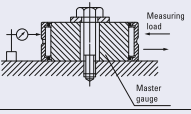
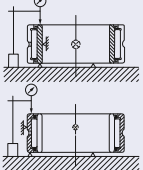
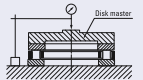
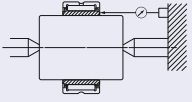
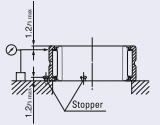
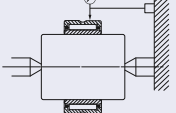
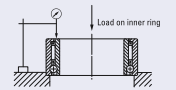
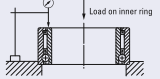
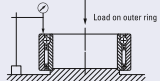
Measurement methods		Accuracy and definitions	
Single bore diameter of rolling element complement	Fasten the master gauge to a surface plate. Position the bearing on the master gauge and apply the indicator in the radial direction near the middle of the width on the ring outside surface. Measure the amount of movement of the outer ring in the radial direction by applying sufficient load on the outer ring in the same radial direction as that of the indicator and in the opposite radial direction. Record indicator readings at the extreme radial positions of the outer ring. Rotate the bearing and repeat the measurement in several different angular positions to determine the largest and the smallest readings, $F_{ws\ max}$ and $F_{ws\ min}$ .	$F_{ws}$ Single bore diameter of roller complement	In radial bearings without inner rings, the distance between two parallel straight lines touching the intersection of the inscribed circle of roller complement and the radial plane.
		$F_{ws\ min}$ Smallest single bore diameter of roller complement	In radial bearings without inner rings, the minimum value of the single bore diameter of roller complement.  Remark    Diameter of a cylinder where the smallest single bore diameter of roller complement has zero radial clearance in at least one radial direction.
Inner ring width	Zero the gauge indicator to the appropriate height from the reference surface using gauge blocks or a master. Support one face of the inner or outer ring on three equally spaced fixed supports of equal height and provide two suitable radial supports on the bore or outside surface set at 90° to each other to centre the inner or outer ring. Position the indicator against the other face of the ring opposite one fixed support. Rotate the inner or outer ring one revolution and measure and record the largest and the smallest single inner (outer) ring width, $B_{s\ max}$ and $B_{s\ min}$ ( $C_{s\ max}$ and $C_{s\ min}$ ).	$\Delta B_s$ Deviation of a single inner ring width	Deviation of single inner ring width and nominal inner ring width. $\Delta B_s = B_s - B$
		$V_{B_s}$ Variation of inner ring width	Deviation of the maximum and minimum values of the single inner ring width for individual inner rings. $V_{B_s} = B_{s\ max} - B_{s\ min}$
Outer ring width		$\Delta C_s$ Deviation of a single outer ring width	Deviation of single outer ring width and nominal outer ring width. $\Delta C_s = C_s - C$
		$V_{C_s}$ Variation of outer ring width	Deviation of the maximum and minimum values of the single outer ring width for individual outer rings. $V_{C_s} = C_{s\ max} - C_{s\ min}$
Bearing height	Support the bearing on a surface plate. Zero the gauge indicator to an appropriate height from the surface plate using gauge blocks or a master. Place a plate of known thickness on the bearing assembly, apply a dynamically stable coaxial load, and position the indicator over the centre of the plate. Rotate the housing washer several times, to be sure to reach the smallest height, and take indicator readings.  	$\Delta T_s$ Deviation of the actual bearing height	Deviation of actual bearing height and nominal bearing height of the thrust bearing.  $\Delta T_s = T_s - T$ $T_s$ : Actual bearing height $T$ : Nominal bearing height

Table 17 Measurement methods for rotational accuracy

Accuracy	Measurement methods	
$S_d$ Perpendicularity of inner ring face with respect to the bore	Use a precision arbor having a taper of approximately 1 : 5 000 on diameter. Mount the bearing assembly on the tapered arbor and place the arbor between two centres so that it can be accurately rotated. Position the indicator against the reference face of the inner ring at a radial distance from the arbor axis of half the mean diameter of the face. Take indicator readings while rotating the inner ring one revolution.	
$S_D$ Perpendicularity of outer ring outside surface with respect to the face	Support the reference face of the outer ring on a surface plate leaving the inner ring, if an assembled bearing, free. Locate the outer ring cylindrical outside surface against two supports set at 90° to each other to centre the outer ring. Position the indicator directly above one support. The indicator and the two supports are axially located at the extremes of the measurement zone (positions 1.2 times the respective maximum allowable chamfer dimensions of the outer ring face). Take indicator readings while rotating the outer ring one revolution.	
$K_{ia}$ Radial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing	Use a precision arbor having a taper of approximately 1 : 5 000 on diameter. Mount the bearing assembly on the tapered arbor and place the arbor between two centres so that it can be accurately rotated. Position the indicator against the outside surface of the outer ring as close as possible to the middle of the outer ring raceway. Hold the outer ring to prevent rotation but ensure its weight is supported by the rolling elements. Take indicator readings while rotating the arbor one revolution.	
$K_{oa}$ Radial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing	Use a precision arbor having a taper of approximately 1 : 5 000 on diameter. Mount the bearing assembly on the tapered arbor and place the arbor between two centres so that it can be accurately rotated. Position the indicator against the outside surface of the outer ring as close as possible to the middle of the outer ring raceway. Hold the inner ring stationary. Take indicator readings while rotating the outer ring one revolution.	
$S_{ia}$ Axial runout of inner ring of assembled bearing	Support the reference face of the outer ring on a surface plate with a pilot for centering the outside diameter of the ring. Apply a dynamically stable coaxial load to the reference face of the inner ring in order to ensure contact between rolling elements and raceways. Position the indicator against the reference face of the inner ring and take indicator readings while rotating the inner ring one revolution.	
$S_{oa}$ Axial runout of outer ring of assembled bearing	Support the reference face of the inner ring on a surface plate with a pilot for centering in the bore of the inner ring. Apply a dynamically stable coaxial load to the reference face of the outer ring in order to ensure contact between rolling elements and raceways. Position the indicator against the reference face of the outer ring and take indicator readings while rotating the outer ring one revolution.	

IKO
Clearance

The clearances between the bearing rings and rolling elements are known as bearing clearances. When either the inner or outer ring is fixed and a specified measuring load is applied to the free bearing ring inward and outward alternately in the radial direction, the displacement of the free bearing is referred to as the radial internal clearance. The amount of measuring load in this case is extremely small, and its values are specified in JIS B 1515-2 (Rolling bearings-Tolerances-Part2:Measuring and gauging principles and methods).

- Table 18 shows the radial internal clearances of Needle Roller Bearings with Inner Ring based on JIS B 1520 (Rolling bearings-Radial internal clearance). The radial internal clearances are classified into C2, CN, C3, C4, and C5, with clearances increasing in this order. CN is used under normal operating conditions. When a smaller range in radial internal clearance than the values shown in Table 18 is required, please consult IKO.
- In the case of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings, the correct dimensional accuracy is achieved only after the bearings are press-fitted into the specified housing bore. Therefore, the clearances shown in Table 18 are not applicable. See page B5.
- For the radial internal clearances of Cam Followers, Roller Followers and Crossed Roller Bearings, see the relevant section for each bearing.

Table 18 Radial internal clearances of Needle Roller Bearings

Nominal bore diameter d		Classification of clearances											
mm		C2		CN		C3		C4		C5			
Over	Incl.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
—	10	0	25	20	45	35	60	50	75	—	—		
10	24	0	25	20	45	35	60	50	75	65	90		
24	30	0	25	20	45	35	60	50	75	70	95		
30	40	5	30	25	50	45	70	60	85	80	105		
40	50	5	35	30	60	50	80	70	100	95	125		
50	65	10	40	40	70	60	90	80	110	110	140		
65	80	10	45	40	75	65	100	90	125	130	165		
80	100	15	50	50	85	75	110	105	140	155	190		
100	120	15	55	50	90	85	125	125	165	180	220		
120	140	15	60	60	105	100	145	145	190	200	245		
140	160	20	70	70	120	115	165	165	215	225	275		
160	180	25	75	75	125	120	170	170	220	250	300		
180	200	35	90	90	145	140	195	195	250	275	330		
200	225	45	105	105	165	160	220	220	280	305	365		
225	250	45	110	110	175	170	235	235	300	330	395		
250	280	55	125	125	195	190	260	260	330	370	440		
280	315	55	130	130	205	200	275	275	350	410	485		
315	355	65	145	145	225	225	305	305	385	455	535		
355	400	100	190	190	280	280	370	370	460	510	600		
400	450	110	210	210	310	310	410	410	510	565	665		
450	500	110	220	220	330	330	440	440	550	625	735		

Remark For bearings with CN clearance, no symbol is attached to the identification number. In the case of bearings with C2, C3, C4 and C5 clearances, these symbols are attached to the identification number. Example NA 4905 C2

Selection of clearance

Radial clearances of needle roller bearings change according to bearing fit, temperature difference between bearing rings and rolling elements, loads, etc., and these factors greatly influence bearing life, accuracy, noise, generation of heat, etc. If radial clearances are too large, noise and vibration will increase, and if they are too small, abnormally great forces are exerted on the contact areas between raceways and rolling elements, resulting in abnormally high heat generation and a decrease in bearing life. Therefore, in the ideal case, the clearance provided before mounting should be such that it will become zero or slightly larger when the bearing has reached steady-state operation and the temperature has become constant (saturation temperature). However, it is difficult to achieve this ideal state for all bearings. Under general operating conditions, bearings with CN clearance are most widely used, and are manufactured to provide satisfactory performance when fitted according to Tables 21 and 22. When radial internal clearances other than CN are used, refer to Table 19.

Table 19 Examples of selecting radial internal clearances other than CN clearance

Operating conditions	Selection of clearance
When heavy loads and shock loads are applied, and amount of interference is great.	C3 or larger clearance
When directionally indeterminate loads are applied, and a tight fit is required for both inner and outer rings.	
When temperature of inner ring is much higher than that of outer ring.	
When shaft deflection and/or mounting error to the housing are great.	
When less noise and vibration are required. When a loose fit is required for both inner and outer rings. When preload is required.	C2 or smaller clearance

Reduction of radial clearances by fit

When the inner or outer rings are interference fitted onto shafts and into housings, respectively, they expand or shrink due to elastic deformation. As the result, the radial clearances are reduced. These reduced radial clearances are called residual (internal) clearances. The amount of reduction is obtained by the following equation, and it is generally 70 to 90% of the interference amount.

IKO

$$\Delta_C = \Delta_F + \Delta_E \dots\dots\dots(24)$$

where,  $\Delta_C$  : Amount of reduction of the radial clearance, mm  
 $\Delta_F$  : Amount of expansion of the outside diameter of inner ring, mm  
 $\Delta_E$  : Amount of shrinkage of the bore diameter of outer ring, mm

①Amount of expansion of the outside diameter of inner ring

· With solid shaft

$$\Delta_F = \Delta_{de} \frac{d}{F} \dots\dots\dots(25)$$

· With hollow shaft

$$\Delta_F = \Delta_{de} \frac{d}{F} \frac{1 - (d_i/d)^2}{1 - (d_i/F)^2} \dots\dots\dots(26)$$

where,  $\Delta_{de}$  : Effective interference of inner ring, mm  
 $d$  : Bore diameter of inner ring, mm  
 $F$  : Outside diameter of inner ring, mm  
 $d_i$  : Bore diameter of hollow shaft, mm

②Amount of shrinkage of the bore diameter of outer ring

· With steel housing ( $D_0 = \infty$ )

$$\Delta_E = \Delta_{De} \frac{E}{D} \dots\dots\dots(27)$$

· With steel housing ( $D_0 \neq \infty$ )

$$\Delta_E = \Delta_{De} \frac{E}{D} \frac{1 - (D/D_0)^2}{1 - (E/D)^2} \dots\dots\dots(28)$$

where,  $\Delta_{De}$  : Effective interference of outer ring, mm  
 $D$  : Outside diameter of outer ring, mm  
 $E$  : Bore diameter of outer ring, mm  
 $D_0$  : Outside diameter of housing, mm

Reduction of radial clearances due to temperature differences between inner and outer rings

Frictional heat generated by rotation is dissipated through the shafts and housings as well as through oil and air. Under general operating conditions, heat dissipation is larger on the housing side compared with that on the shaft side, and the temperature of the outer ring is usually lower than that of the inner ring. During operation, the temperature of the rolling elements is the highest, followed by that of the inner ring and that of the outer ring. The amount of thermal expansion, therefore, varies, and the radial clearances are reduced. This reduced radial clearance is called the effective (internal) clearance, and the amount of reduction is obtained by the following equation:

$$\Delta \delta = \alpha \Delta_t E \cdots \cdots \cdots (29)$$

where,  $\Delta \delta$  : Reduction of radial clearance, mm  
 $\alpha$  : Coefficient of linear expansion for bearing steel  
 $\approx 12.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ } 1/^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $\Delta_t$  : Temperature difference between the outer ring and the inner ring plus rolling elements considered as one unit,  $^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $E$  : Bore diameter of outer ring, mm





The temperature difference  $\Delta_t$  is considered to be 5 ~ 10 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  under normal operating conditions and 15 ~ 20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  at high rotational speeds. Therefore, when the temperature difference is great, a correspondingly larger radial internal clearance must be selected.

Fit

Purpose of fit

To achieve the best performance of needle roller bearings, it is important that the bearing rings are correctly fitted onto the shaft and into the housing. The purpose of fit is to provide the appropriate amount of interference required between the inner ring and the shaft or between the outer ring and the housing, to prevent harmful mutual slippage. If the interference is insufficient, it will cause a harmful relative displacement, known as creep, between the fitted surfaces in the circumferential direction. This may lead to abnormal wear of fitted surfaces, intrusion of wear particles into the bearing, generation of abnormal heat, vibration, etc. Therefore, a suitable fit must be selected.

Table 20 Nature of radial load and fit

Nature of the load		Fit	
		Inner ring	Outer ring
Rotating load on inner ring Stationary load on outer ring		Inner ring : Rotating Outer ring : Stationary Load direction : Fixed	Interference fit  Clearance fit
		Inner ring : Stationary Outer ring : Rotating Load direction : Rotating with outer ring	
Rotating load on outer ring Stationary load on inner ring		Inner ring : Stationary Outer ring : Rotating Load direction : Fixed	Clearance fit  Interference fit
		Inner ring : Rotating Outer ring : Stationary Load direction : Rotating with inner ring	
Directionally indeterminate load	The load direction is not fixed, including cases where the load direction is fluctuating or there is an unbalanced load.	Inner ring : Rotating or stationary Outer ring : Rotating or stationary Load direction : Not fixed	Interference fit  Interference fit

Conditions for determination of fit

When determining a suitable fit for a bearing, it is necessary to consider various conditions such as nature and magnitude of the load, temperature, required rotational accuracy, material/finish grade/thickness of the shaft and housing, ease of mounting and dismounting, etc.

① Nature of load and fit

Basically, the appropriate fit depends on whether the load direction is rotational or stationary in relation to the inner and outer rings. The relationship between the nature of radial loads and the fit is, in general, based on Table 20.

② Load amount and interference

The greater the load, the larger the interference must be. When selecting an interference between the inner ring and the shaft, it is necessary to estimate the reduction of interference due to the radial load. The amount of reduction of interference is obtained by the following equations.

· When  $F_r \leq 0.2C_0$

$$\Delta_{dF} = 0.08 \sqrt{\frac{d}{B}} F_r \times 10^{-3} \cdots \cdots \cdots (30)$$

· When  $F_r > 0.2C_0$

$$\Delta_{dF} = 0.02 \frac{F_r}{B} \times 10^{-3} \cdots \cdots \cdots (31)$$

where,  $F_r$  : Radial load applied to bearing, N  
 $C_0$  : Basic static load rating, N  
 $\Delta_{dF}$  : Amount of reduction of inner ring interference, mm  
 $d$  : Bore diameter of inner ring, mm  
 $B$  : Width of inner ring, mm

③ Temperature conditions and change of interference

The interference of fitted surfaces is also influenced by the temperature difference between the bearing and the shaft and housing. For example, when steam is flowing through a hollow shaft, or when the housing is made of light metal, it is necessary to take into consideration the differences in temperature, the coefficient of linear expansion and other such factors. Usually, the interference of the inner ring decreases as the bearing temperature increases during operation. If the temperature difference between the inside of the bearing and the outside of the housing is taken

as  $\Delta_T$ , the temperature difference between the inner ring and the shaft can be estimated to be (0.1 ~ 0.15)  $\Delta_T$ . Accordingly, the amount of reduction of the inner ring interference is obtained by the following equation.

$$\Delta_{dT} = (0.1 \sim 0.15) \Delta_T \alpha d \approx 0.0015 \Delta_T d \times 10^{-3} \cdots (32)$$

where,  $\Delta_{dT}$  : Reduction amount of inner ring interference due to temperature difference, mm  
 $\Delta_T$  : Temperature difference between the inside of the bearing and the outside of the housing,  $^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $\alpha$  : Coefficient of linear expansion for bearing steel  
 $\approx 12.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ } 1/^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d$  : Bore diameter of inner ring, mm

④ Shaft finish grade and interference

Since peaks of surface roughness of the fitted surface are crushed down when fitting the bearing, the effective interference becomes smaller than the apparent interference obtained by measurements, and it is generally obtained by the following equations.

· For ground shaft

$$\Delta_{de} = \frac{d}{d+2} \Delta_{dF} \cdots \cdots \cdots (33)$$

· For machined shaft

$$\Delta_{de} = \frac{d}{d+3} \Delta_{dF} \cdots \cdots \cdots (34)$$

where,  $\Delta_{de}$  : Effective interference of inner ring, mm  
 $d$  : Bore diameter of inner ring, mm  
 $\Delta_{dF}$  : Apparent interference, mm

⑤ Minimum interference and maximum interference

When the load direction is rotating in relation to the inner ring, the inner ring is fitted with interference to the shaft. For solid ground steel shafts, the minimum interference (required apparent interference)  $\Delta_{dF}$  is expressed by the following equation which is deduced from equations (30) or (31), (32) and (33).

$$\Delta_{dF} \geq \frac{d+2}{d} (\Delta_{dF} + 0.0015 \Delta_T d \times 10^{-3}) \cdots (35)$$

It is desired that the maximum interference should be less than 1/1000 of the shaft diameter. In the case of the outer ring, the effective interference varies according to the housing material, thickness, shape, etc., so it is determined empirically.

Selection of fit

When selecting a suitable fit, in addition to the various conditions mentioned above, it is necessary to draw on experience and practical results.

Tables 21 and 22 show the most general fit data.

When a thin housing or a hollow shaft is used, the interference is made larger than an ordinary fit.

The fit between needle roller bearings without inner ring and shafts is based on Table 23.

For the fit between Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings and housing bores, see page B5.

For the fit between inner rings for Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings and shafts, see Table 22.

Table 21 Fit between needle roller bearings and housing bores (Not applicable to Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings)

Operating conditions		Tolerance class of housing bore <sup>(1)</sup>	Application examples (Reference)
Rotating load on outer ring	Heavy load on thin housing, large shock load	P7 <sup>(2)</sup>	Flywheels
	Heavy load, normal load	N7 <sup>(2)</sup>	Wheel bosses, transmission gears
	Light load, fluctuating load	M7	Pulleys, tension pulleys
Directionally indeterminate load	Large shock load	M7	Eccentric wheels, pumps
	Heavy load, normal load	K7	Compressors
	Normal load, light load	J7	Crankshafts, compressors
Stationary load on outer ring	Shock load, heavy load	J7	General bearing applications, gear shafts
	Normal load, light load	H7	General bearing applications
	With heat conduction through shaft	G7	Paper dryers
Light load, normal load, requirements of high-precision rotation and high rigidity		K6	Main spindles of machine tools

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> This table applies to steel or cast iron housings. For lighter metal, a tighter fit should be selected.  
For split housings, do not use a fit tighter than J7.

<sup>(2)</sup> Care should be taken so that the radial internal clearance is not too small.

Remark Light load, normal load and heavy load represent  $P \leq 0.06C$ ,  $0.06C < P \leq 0.12C$ , and  $0.12C < P$ , respectively, where  $P$  is the dynamic equivalent radial load and  $C$  is the basic dynamic load rating of the bearing to be used.

Table 22 Fit between needle roller bearings with inner ring and shafts

Operating conditions		Shaft dia. mm		Tolerance class of shaft <sup>(1)</sup>	Application examples (Reference)
		Over	Incl.		
Stationary load on inner ring	Light load, normal load, low or medium rotating speed	All shaft diameters		g6	Wheels on dead axles
	Heavy load, medium rotating speed			h6	Control lever gears
	Especially smooth operation and accuracy are required.			h5	Rope sheaves Tension pulleys
Rotating load on inner ring or Directionally indeterminate load	Light load	— 50 100 200	50 100 200 —	j5 k5 m6 <sup>(2)</sup> n6 <sup>(3)</sup>	Electric appliances, Precision machinery Machine tools, Pumps Blowers, Transportation vehicles
	Normal load	— 50 150 200	50 150 200 —	k5 <sup>(4)</sup> m5, m6 <sup>(2)</sup> n6 <sup>(3)</sup> p6 <sup>(3)</sup>	General bearing applications Pumps, Transmission gearboxes, Wood working machinery, Internal combustion engines
	Heavy load Shock load	— 150	150 —	n6 <sup>(3)</sup> p6 <sup>(3)</sup>	Industrial vehicles, Construction machinery Crushers

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> This table applies to solid steel shafts.

<sup>(2)</sup> It is necessary to examine the reduction of radial internal clearances caused by the expansion of inner rings after mounting.

<sup>(3)</sup> It is necessary to use bearings with radial internal clearances greater than CN clearance.

<sup>(4)</sup> For NATA and NATB, do not use a tighter fit than k5.

Table 23 Tolerance class of shafts assembled with needle roller bearings without inner ring

Nominal roller set bore diameter <sup>F<sub>w</sub></sup> mm		Radial internal clearance		
		Smaller than CN clearance	CN clearance	Larger than CN clearance
Over	Incl.	Tolerance class of shaft <sup>(1)</sup>		
— 65 80	65 80 160	k5 k5 k5	h5 h5 g5	g6 f6 f6
160 180 200	180 200 250	k5 j5 j5	g5 g5 f6	e6 e6 e6
250 315	315 —	h5 g5	f6 f6	e6 d6

Note<sup>(1)</sup> When the housing bore fit is tighter than K7, the shaft diameter is made smaller by considering shrinkage of roller set bore diameter after mounting.

Table 24 Fit values for radial bearings (JIS Class 0) (Fit with housing bore)

unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal outside diameter mm	$\Delta D_{\text{avg}}$ Single plane mean outside diameter deviation	$\Delta d_{\text{avg}}$		G7		H7		J7		K6		K7		M7		N7		P7	
		Over	Incl.	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
3	6	0	-8	-24	-4	-20	0	-14	6	-10	6	-11	9	-8	12	-4	16	0	20
6	10	0	-8	-28	-5	-23	0	-16	7	-10	7	-13	10	-8	15	-4	19	1	24
10	18	0	-8	-32	-6	-26	0	-18	8	-10	9	-14	12	-8	18	-3	23	3	29
18	30	0	-9	-37	-7	-30	0	-21	9	-11	11	-15	15	-9	21	-2	28	5	35
30	50	0	-11	-45	-9	-36	0	-25	11	-14	13	-18	18	-11	25	-3	33	6	42
50	80	0	-13	-53	-10	-43	0	-31	12	-17	15	-22	21	-13	30	-4	39	8	51
80	120	0	-15	-62	-12	-50	0	-37	13	-19	18	-25	25	-15	35	-5	45	9	59
120	150	0	-18	-72	-14	-58	0	-44	14	-22	21	-30	28	-18	40	-6	52	10	68
150	180	0	-25	-79	-14	-65	0	-51	14	-29	21	-37	28	-25	40	-13	52	3	68
180	250	0	-30	-91	-15	-76	0	-60	16	-35	24	-43	33	-30	46	-16	60	3	79
250	315	0	-35	-104	-17	-87	0	-71	16	-40	27	-51	36	-35	52	-21	66	1	88
315	400	0	-40	-115	-18	-97	0	-79	18	-47	29	-57	40	-40	57	-24	73	1	98
400	500	0	-45	-128	-20	-108	0	-88	20	-53	32	-63	45	-45	63	-28	80	0	108

Remark The negative value denotes a clearance and the positive value denotes an interference.

Table 25 Fit values for radial bearings (JIS Class 0) (Fit with shaft)

unit:  $\mu\text{m}$

Nominal bore diameter mm	$\Delta d_{\text{avg}}$ Single plane mean bore diameter deviation	$\Delta D_{\text{avg}}$		g6		h5		h6		j5		k5		m5		m6		n6		p6	
		Over	Incl.	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
3	6	0	-8	-12	-4	-5	8	-8	8	-2	11	1	14	4	17	4	20	8	24	12	28
6	10	0	-8	-14	-3	-6	8	-9	8	-2	12	1	15	6	20	6	23	10	27	15	32
10	18	0	-8	-17	-2	-8	8	-11	8	-3	13	1	17	7	23	7	26	12	31	18	37
18	30	0	-10	-20	-3	-9	10	-13	10	-4	15	2	21	8	27	8	31	15	38	22	45
30	50	0	-12	-25	-3	-11	12	-16	12	-5	18	2	25	9	32	9	37	17	45	26	54
50	80	0	-15	-29	-5	-13	15	-19	15	-7	21	2	30	11	39	11	45	20	54	32	66
80	120	0	-20	-34	-8	-15	20	-22	20	-9	26	3	38	13	48	13	55	23	65	37	79
120	140	0	-25	-39	-11	-18	25	-25	25	-11	32	3	46	15	58	15	65	27	77	43	93
140	160	0	-30	-44	-15	-20	30	-29	30	-13	37	4	54	17	67	17	76	31	90	50	109
160	180	0	-35	-49	-18	-23	35	-32	35	-16	42	4	62	20	78	20	87	34	101	56	123
180	200	0	-40	-54	-22	-25	40	-36	40	-18	47	4	69	21	86	21	97	37	113	62	138
200	225	0	-45	-60	-25	-27	45	-40	45	-20	52	5	77	23	95	23	108	40	125	68	153
225	250	0	-50	-67	-28	-30	50	-45	50	-22	57	6	86	25	104	25	116	43	133	74	165
250	280	0	-55	-74	-31	-33	55	-50	55	-24	64	7	95	28	113	28	125	47	143	82	181
280	315	0	-60	-81	-34	-36	60	-55	60	-26	71	8	104	31	121	31	134	50	152	90	200
315	355	0	-65	-88	-37	-39	65	-60	65	-28	78	9	113	34	129	34	143	54	163	99	219
355	400	0	-70	-95	-40	-42	70	-65	70	-30	85	10	122	37	136	37	151	58	175	108	240
400	450	0	-75	-102	-43	-45	75	-70	75	-32	92	11	131	40	143	40	160	62	187	118	261
450	500	0	-80	-109	-46	-48	80	-75	80	-34	99	12	140	43	150	43	169	66	199	128	282

Remark The negative value denotes a clearance and the positive value denotes an interference.

Design of Shaft and Housing

Accuracy and roughness of shaft and housing

Accuracy and roughness of fitting surface

Since the bearing rings of needle roller bearings are thin, their performance is easily affected by poor accuracy of shafts or housings. Under general operating conditions, the fitting surfaces of shafts and housings can be finished by lathe turning. However, when the load is great and high accuracy and low noise are required, a grinding finish is required. Table 26 shows the accuracy and roughness of fitting surfaces for general use.

Accuracy and roughness of raceway surface

In case of needle roller bearings unlike other bearings, mating surfaces such as shaft and housing bore surfaces can be used directly as the raceway surfaces. For such use, accuracy and roughness of the raceway surfaces are important because they will influence bearing life, noise and accuracy. In general, accuracy and roughness of raceway surfaces are based on Table 26.

Inclination of shaft

Shafts and outer rings may have some inclination between them due to deflection of the shaft, machining accuracy of shafts and housings, errors in mounting, etc. In this case, the use of two or more bearings in tandem arrangement on a single shaft should be avoided. Instead, a bearing with large load ratings should be used. It is recommended that inclination of shafts be less than 1/1000.

Table 27 Tolerance class IT values for basic dimensions

Basic dimension mm		Tolerance class <sup>(1)</sup>		
		IT5	IT6	IT7
Over	Incl.	Tolerance $\mu\text{m}$		
—	3	4	6	10
3	6	5	8	12
6	10	6	9	15
10	18	8	11	18
18	30	9	13	21
30	50	11	16	25
50	80	13	19	30
80	120	15	22	35
120	180	18	25	40
180	250	20	29	46
250	315	23	32	52
315	400	25	36	57
400	500	27	40	63
500	630	30	44	70

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Based on JIS B 0401.

Table 26 Specifications of shafts and housings for radial needle roller bearings

Item	Shaft		Housing bore	
	Fitting surface	Raceway surface	Fitting surface	Raceway surface
Circularity	0.3 × IT6 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3 × IT6 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3 × IT7 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3 × IT7 <sup>(1)</sup>
	or 0.3 × IT5 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3 × IT5 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3 × IT6 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.3 × IT6 <sup>(1)</sup>
Cylindricity	0.5 × IT6 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.3 × IT6 <sup>(1)</sup>	0.5 × IT7 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.3 × IT7 <sup>(1)</sup>
	or 0.5 × IT5 <sup>(2)</sup>	or 0.3 × IT5 <sup>(1)</sup>	or 0.5 × IT6 <sup>(2)</sup>	or 0.3 × IT6 <sup>(1)</sup>
Surface roughness $\mu\text{m} R_a$ ( $\mu\text{m} R_{a_v}$ )	0.8 (3.2)	0.2 <sup>(3)</sup> (0.8)	1.6 (6.3)	0.2 <sup>(3)</sup> (0.8)
Hardness	—	58 ~ 64HRC <sup>(4)</sup>	—	58 ~ 64HRC <sup>(4)</sup>

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> 30% or less of the dimensional tolerance for shafts or housing bores is recommended.

<sup>(2)</sup> 50% or less of the dimensional tolerance for shafts or housing bores is recommended.

<sup>(3)</sup> When required accuracy is not critical, a surface roughness within 0.8  $\mu\text{m} R_a$  (3.2  $\mu\text{m} R_{a_v}$ ) is allowable.

<sup>(4)</sup> An appropriate thickness of the hardened layer is required.

Remark For tolerance class IT, see Table 27.

Raceway materials and heat treatment

When using shafts and housings as raceways, the following materials are generally used.

High-carbon chromium bearing steel	SUJ2	JIS G 4805
Carburizing steel	SCM415 ~ 421	JIS G 4053
Carburizing steel	SNM 220	JIS G 4053
Carburizing steel	SCr 420	JIS G 4053
Carburizing steel	SNC 415、 815	JIS G 4053
Carburizing steel	S 15 CK	JIS G 4051

In addition, S50C and S55C (JIS G 4051) can be used after through hardening or induction hardening. The hardened layer produced by tempering at +160 ~ +180°C after hardening must have a fine uniform martensite microstructure.

When hardening the raceway surface by case hardening or induction hardening, a surface hardness of 58 ~ 64HRC and an appropriate thickness of the hardened layer must be ensured. The minimum effective thickness of the hardened layer after heat treatment and grinding is defined as the distance from the surface to the depth where the hardness is 550HV, and it is obtained by the following equation.

$$E_{ht} \geq 0.8D_w(0.1 + 0.002D_w) \dots\dots\dots(36)$$

where,  $E_{ht}$ : Minimum effective thickness of the hardened layer, mm  
 $D_w$ : Roller diameter, mm

Generally, the required effective thickness of the hardened layer is at least 0.3 mm.

Dimensions related to mounting of bearings

The dimensions of shaft and housing related to mounting of the needle roller bearings are shown in the table of dimensions for each bearing. (See Fig. 13.)

The minimum value of the shaft shoulder diameter  $d_s$  which receives the inner ring, and the maximum value of the housing shoulder diameter  $D_s$  which receives the outer ring, represent the effective shoulder diameters (excluding the chamfered part) which make proper contact with the side faces of the inner and outer rings respectively.

Also, the maximum value of the shaft shoulder (or inner ring retaining piece) diameter  $d_{sh}$  is the dimension related to the ease of mounting/dismounting of the shaft and inner ring to/from the housing and outer ring.

The largest permissible single corner radius  $r_{as \max}$  of the shaft and housing must be smaller than the smallest permissible single chamfer dimension  $r_{s \min}$  of the bearing so that the side surface of the bearing can make proper contact with the shoulder. Table 28 shows the related dimensions.

For dimensions of the fillet relief when finishing the shaft or housing by grinding, the values shown in Table 29 are recommended.

For other dimensions related to mounting, see the related section for each bearing as required.

In addition, for ease in dismounting of bearings, it is convenient to make notches in the shoulder of the shaft or housing to allow the insertion of dismounting hooks.

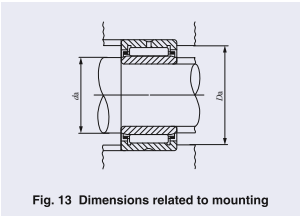



Fig. 13 Dimensions related to mounting

Table 28 Largest permissible single corner radius of shafts and housings  $r_{as \max}$  unit: mm

$r_{s \min}$ Smallest permissible single chamfer dimension	$r_{as \max}$ Largest permissible single corner radius of shafts and housings	
0.1	0.1	
0.15	0.15	
0.2	0.2	
0.3	0.3	
0.4	0.4	
0.6	0.6	
1	1	
1.1	1	
1.5	1.5	
2	2	
2.1	2	
2.5	2	
3	2.5	
4	3	
5	4	

Table 29 Fillet relief dimensions for ground shafts and housings unit: mm

$r_{s \min}$ Smallest permissible single chamfer dimension	Fillet relief dimensions				
	$r$	$r_{gs}$	$b$		
1	0.2	1.3	2		
1.1	0.3	1.5	2.4		
1.5	0.4	2	3.2		
2	0.5	2.5	4		
2.1	0.5	2.5	4		
3	0.5	3	4.7		
4	0.5	4	5.9		
5	0.6	5	7.4		
6	0.6	6	8.6		
7.5	0.6	7	10		

Sealing

To obtain the best performance of rolling bearings, it is necessary to prevent leakage of lubricant and the

entry of harmful foreign substances, such as dirt, dust and water. For this reason, sealing devices must always work effectively to seal and prevent against dust penetration under all operating conditions. Also, when selecting a suitable sealing method, it is necessary to consider such factors as the type of lubricant, peripheral speed of the seal, operating temperature, shaft eccentricity, seal friction, etc. as well as ease of assembly and disassembly.

Sealing methods are of the non-contact and contact types, and it is necessary to select the appropriate type depending on the application.

Non-contact type sealing method

There are many methods of non-contact type sealing, including the use of oil grooves, flingers and labyrinths, which utilize the centrifugal force and narrow gaps.

Since they do not make direct contact with the shaft or housing, it is unnecessary to consider friction and wear, and the non-contact sealing method is suitable for high speed rotation and high operating temperatures. However, because of gaps, this method is not always sufficient in preventing oil leakage and dust entry when the machine is not in operation.

**① Oil groove**  
Oil grooves are provided on either the shaft or housing bore, or on both for more effective sealing (See Fig. 14.). The clearance between the shaft and the housing bore should be as small as possible, and the values shown in Table 30 are generally used, taking into consideration errors in machining and assembly, shaft deformation, etc. Three or more grooves are made with a width of 3 ~ 5 mm and a depth of 4 ~ 5 mm. If the grooves are filled with grease, it will be more effective for dust prevention.

As shown in Fig. 15, helical grooves are suitable for horizontal shafts which have a fixed direction of rotation. Right or left handed grooves are used according to the direction of rotation, and they are used for oil lubrication normally in conjunction with a suitable anti-dust device.

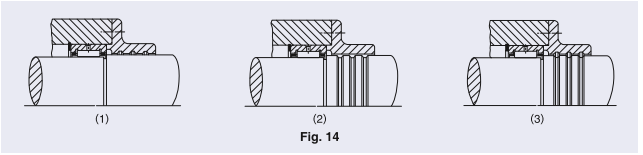
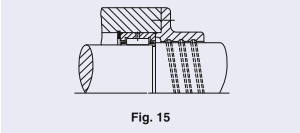


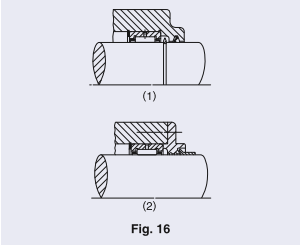
Fig. 14

Table 30 Clearance between grooved shaft and housing bore unit: mm

Shaft dia.	Clearance
Incl. 50 mm	0.25 ~ 0.4
Over 50 mm	0.5 ~ 1



**② Flinger**  
The oil flinger is a disk attached to the shaft which throws off oil due to the centrifugal force of rotation and thus prevents oil leakage and the entry of foreign particles. Fig. 16 (1) shows an example in which the flinger is located inside the housing, mainly to prevent oil leakage. Since it sucks in dust and dirt, it should be used in a dust free environment. Fig. 16 (2) shows an example in which the flinger is located outside the housing, and is used in combination with another sealing device, to prevent entry of foreign particles.



**③ Labyrinth**  
Although it is a little difficult to make, the labyrinth is very effective in preventing oil leakage especially at high speeds. At low speeds, filling the labyrinth with grease is effective in preventing the entry of dust. In Fig. 17, it is necessary to split the housing or cover plate into two. In Fig. 18, it is easy to assemble, and if combined with an oil seal, it improves the sealing effect. Table 31 shows the labyrinth clearances generally used.

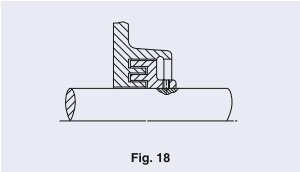
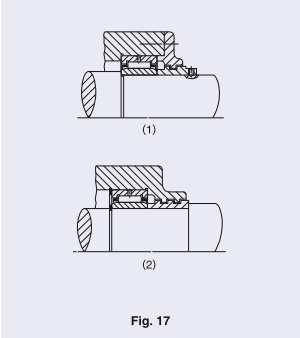


Table 31 Labyrinth clearance unit: mm

Shaft dia.	Clearance	
	Radial direction	Axial direction
Incl. 50 mm	0.25 ~ 0.4	1 ~ 2
Over 50 mm	0.5 ~ 1	3 ~ 5

**Contact type sealing method**  
In this type of sealing, the shaft is sealed by the application of pressure resulting from the elasticity of the seal material to the sealing surface of the shaft, which rotates, reciprocates or oscillates. Synthetic rubber, synthetic resin and felt are generally used as sealing materials.

**① Oil seal**  
Synthetic rubber oil seals are the most general type of sealing used. The sealing effect is obtained when the elastic lip comes into contact with the shaft. Some lips are spring-loaded to maintain adequate pressing force. The sliding surfaces of the lip and the shaft always show frictional behavior such that the boundary lubrication and fluid lubrication are mixed. If there is an insufficient amount of oil between the contact surfaces, it will cause heat generation, wear and seizure. Conversely, if the oil film is too thick, it may cause oil leakage. General oil seals are specified in JIS B 2402-1~5. **IKO** Oil Seals for Needle Roller Bearings (See page L1.) have a low sectional height to match the Needle Roller Bearings. Nitrile rubber is generally used as the material for oil seal lips. Table 32 shows the materials and their operating temperature ranges. The finished surface of the shaft where the seal lip makes contact must have an appropriate surface roughness, as shown in Table 33, according to the peripheral speed. It must also have accurate circularity, and the shaft eccentricity should be less than 0.05 mm. To increase wear resistance, the hardness of the sliding part of the shaft must be more than 40HRC. This can be achieved by hard-chrome plating or heat treatment.

Table 32 Seal materials and operating temperatures

Seal material		Operating temperature range °C
Synthetic rubber	Nitrile rubber	- 25 ~ + 120
	Acrylic rubber	- 15 ~ + 130
	Silicon rubber	- 50 ~ + 180
	Fluoro rubber	- 10 ~ + 180
Tetrafluoroethylene resin		- 50 ~ + 220

Table 33 Peripheral speed and surface roughness of shaft

Peripheral speed m / s		Surface roughness $\mu mR_a$ ( $\mu mR_z$ )
Over	Incl.	
—	5	0.8(3.2)
5	10	0.4(1.6)
10	—	0.2(0.8)

**② Felt seal**  
Because of their simple structure, felt seals have long been used to protect grease lubrication from dust. Since felt absorbs some grease during operation, it hardly causes heat generation and seizure, but it cannot be used when the peripheral speed of the shaft is high (more than 4 m/s). Where there is a high concentration of dirt and dust, they may become attached to the contact surface of felt, sometimes scratching the shaft surface. To prevent this, two felt seals are placed apart from each other, or a felt seal is used together with a synthetic rubber seal.

Purpose of lubrication

The main purpose of bearing lubrication is to reduce friction and wear and to prevent heat generation and seizure. The lubricant and the lubricating method have a big influence on the operating performance of the bearing, and it is therefore necessary to select them suitably for the operating conditions. The effects of lubrication are as follows.

- 1 Reduction of friction and wear
At the contact surfaces between the race rings, rolling elements and cage of the bearing, lubrication prevents metal-to-metal contact, and reduces friction and wear due to sliding and rolling, in the latter of which micro-slips occur by differential slip, skew, spin, or elastic deformation.
- 2 Elimination of frictional heat
The lubricant removes the heat generated by friction or transferred from outside, and prevents overheating of the bearing. Circulating lubrication is generally used for this purpose.
- 3 Influence on bearing life
The bearing life is extended if the rolling contact surfaces between the race rings and rolling elements are separated by an oil film of adequate thickness, and is shortened if the oil film is inadequate due to low oil viscosity, etc.
- 4 Rust prevention
The lubricant prevents rust formation on the inside and outside surfaces of the bearing.
- 5 Dust prevention
Grease lubrication is particularly effective for dust prevention. Oil circulating or jet lubrication is effective in washing foreign particles away from the area around the bearing.

Methods of lubrication

Grease lubrication and oil lubrication are generally used for rolling bearings. In special cases, solid lubricants are also used. In general, grease lubrication requires the simplest sealing device. It is therefore economical, and widely used. Also, once filled with grease, the bearing can be used for a long period without replenishing the grease. However, compared with oil, its heat removal properties and cooling capacity are inferior, since grease has high flow resistance, which causes high churning heat. Oil has greater fluidity and superior heat removal properties. It is therefore suitable for high-speed operations. In addition, it is simple to filter out dust and dirt from oil. Thus it can prevent the generation of noise and vibration and increase bearing life. Another advantage of oil lubrication is that it offers the possibility for selecting the appropriate method for particular operating conditions from among various available lubrication methods. However, measures to prevent oil leakage are required. As a guideline for selection, Table 34 compares grease and oil lubrication. For the lubricants used for IKO Spherical Bushings, see page K8.

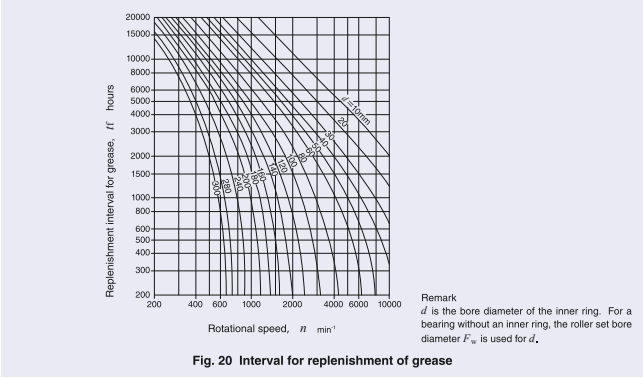
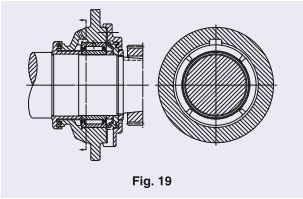
Table 34 Comparison between grease lubrication and oil lubrication

Item	Grease lubrication (1)	Oil lubrication
Sealing, Housing structure	Simple	Slightly complicated
Temperature	High temperature not allowed	High temperature allowed (Cooling effect by circulation)
Rotational speed	Low and medium speeds	High speed allowed
Load	Low and medium loads	High load allowed
Maintenance	Easy	Elaborate (Pay special attention to oil leaks.)
Lubricant replacement	Slightly complicated	Simple
Lubrication performance	Good	Very good
Dust filtration	Difficult	Simple
Entry of dust and dirt	Easy measures for protection	Dust and dirt can be removed by filtering in circulating lubrication.

Note(1) This represents bearing grease for general use.

Grease lubrication

1 Amount of grease to be filled
The amount of grease to be filled depends on the housing structure, dimensions, type of grease used and atmosphere. Generally, filling about 1/3 to 1/2 of the free space inside of the bearing and the housing is considered to be appropriate. Too much will cause a rise in temperature, and care should be taken especially at high speed rotations. In Fig. 19, several grease pockets are provided by the grease sectors on one side of the bearing. Even if the filled grease is dispersed by the centrifugal force at high rotational speeds, it is trapped by the grease pockets and diverted back into the bearing again. Old grease accumulates in the space on the opposite side of the bearing, and this can be removed periodically by taking off the cover.



Oil lubrication

1 Oil bath lubrication

This is the most commonly used oil lubrication method, and is used for medium and low speeds. If the amount of oil is too large, heat will be generated by churning, and if the amount is too small, seizure will occur. Therefore, the correct amount of oil must be maintained. When the machine is stationary, the correct oil level in the case of a bearing mounted on a horizontal shaft, is near the center of the lowest rolling element. In the case of a vertical shaft, about 50% of the surfaces of the rolling elements should be submerged in oil. It is desirable to provide an oil gauge so that the oil level can be easily checked while the machine is stationary or running.

2 Oil drip lubrication

Oil drips, which are fed down from a sight-feed oiler or along a fiber string, become an oil spray due to wind pressure generated by the rotating cage, shaft, nut, etc., or they strike the rotating parts and form an oil spray, which fills up the housing and every required part. Because oil spray removes frictional heat, this method has a more effective cooling effect than the oil bath method, and is widely used for high-speed rotation and medium load conditions. In the case of the sight-feed oiler (Fig. 21), the number of drips can be adjusted. However, this is difficult using the string-feed method. The number of drips depends on the bearing type, rotational speed, etc., but 5 ~ 6 drips per minute is generally used.

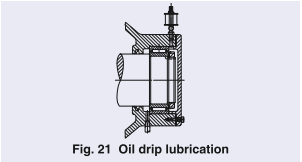


Fig. 21 Oil drip lubrication

3 Oil splash lubrication

In this method, oil is splashed in all directions by the rotation of the gear or disk. This can be used for considerably high-speed rotations without soaking the bearing directly in oil. In the gear case where shafts and bearings are lubricated with the same oil, wear particles may be introduced into the bearing as they might get mixed with the oil. In this case, a permanent magnet is provided at the bottom of the gear case to collect metal particles, or a shield plate is installed next to the bearing. Fig. 22 shows another method in which the splashed

oil flows along the grooves in the case and accumulates in the oil pockets, keeping the oil level constant. So the oil is steadily supplied to the bearing.

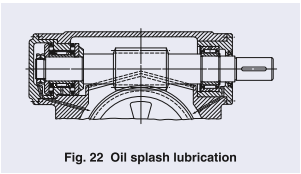


Fig. 22 Oil splash lubrication

4 Oil circulating lubrication

When automatic lubrication is more economical because lubrication is required at many points, or when cooling is required for high rotational speed, this method is used. The oil is supplied with a pump, which can control the oil pressure, and a filter or cooler, etc. can be set up in the circulation system, making this an ideal method of lubrication. As shown in Fig. 23, the oil supply and discharge ports are located opposite to each other, and the discharge port is made large to prevent the accumulation of oil.

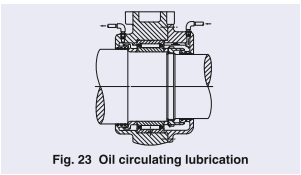


Fig. 23 Oil circulating lubrication

5 Oil mist lubrication

After dirt and dust are removed by a filter, the oil is turned into a spray by dry compressed air, and this lubricates the bearing. When the air and oil pass through the bearing, the air cools the bearing and the oil lubricates it. In addition, because the air inside the housing is at a higher pressure than the outside air, the entry of water and foreign particles is prevented. There are many other advantages of this method, and it is suitable for high rotational speed applications such as high speed internal grinding spindles.

6 Oil jet lubrication

This is a highly reliable lubrication method and is used under severe conditions such as ultra-high rotational speeds and high temperatures. The speed of the oil jet should be more than 20% of the peripheral speed of the inner ring raceway surface, since the air around

the bearing rotates together with the bearing forming an air wall. As shown in Fig. 24, the jet from the nozzle blows directly into the space between the inner ring and the cage. Due to the large amount of oil being used, it is more effective to make the discharge port larger, and use the forced discharge. When the  $d_{mn}$  value (mean value of the bearing outside and bore diameters in millimeter x rotational speed in min<sup>-1</sup>) is more than 1,000,000, the speed of the jet should be 10 ~ 20 m/s, the nozzle diameter should be about 1 mm, oil supply pressure should be 0.1 ~ 0.5 MPa, and the oil supply amount should be about 500 cc/min or greater. When the rotational speed is higher, the oil supply pressure and the oil amount should be higher.

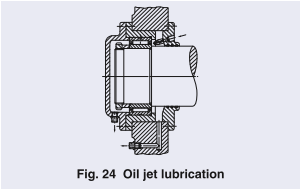


Fig. 24 Oil jet lubrication

Lubricants

For rolling bearings, lubricating grease or oil is generally used. For special applications, solid lubricants are used.

Lubricating grease

Grease is a semi-solid lubricant made by mixing base oil (liquid lubricant) and a thickener under heat and adding additives as required. There are many types of grease according to various combinations of base oil, thickeners and additives. Grease is usually classified by thickeners and base oil. Table 35 shows the general properties of each type of grease.

Table 35 Properties of various types of grease

Name (Common name)	Calcium grease	Sodium grease	Aluminum grease	Mixed base grease	Barium grease	Lithium grease			Non-soap base grease (Non-soap grease)	
	(Cup grease)	(Fiber grease)	(Mobile grease)				(Diester grease)	(Silicon grease)	(Bentonite grease)	
Base oil	Mineral oil	Mineral oil	Mineral oil	Mineral oil	Mineral oil	Mineral oil	Diester oil	Silicon oil	Mineral oil	Synthetic oil
Thickener	Ca soap	Na soap	Al soap	Na + Ca soap, Li + Ca soap	Ba soap	Li soap	Li soap	Li soap	Bentonite	Silica gel, Polyurea, etc.
Appearance	Buttery	Fibrous and buttery	Stringy and buttery	Fibrous and buttery	Fibrous and buttery	Buttery	Buttery	Buttery	Buttery	Buttery
Pour point, °C	80 ~ 90	150 ~ 180	70 ~ 90	160 ~ 190	150 ~ 180	170 ~ 190	170 ~ 190	200 ~ 250	200 ~	None
Operating temperature range, °C	-10 ~ +70	-20 ~ +120	-10 ~ +80	-10 ~ +100	-10 ~ +135	-20 ~ +120	-50 ~ +120	-50 ~ +180	-10 ~ +150	~ +200
Pressure resistance	Strong to weak	Strong to medium	Strong	Strong	Strong to medium	Medium	Medium	Weak	Medium to weak	Medium
Water resistance	Good	Poor	Good	Good, poor for Na-Ca soap grease	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good
Mechanical stability	Fair	Good	Poor	Good	Poor	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Good	Good to poor
Features and application	Contains about 1% water. When the temperature rises to more than +80°C, the water evaporates and the grease separates into oil and soap. This is used for medium loads.	Long fibrous grease cannot withstand high speeds, but has good pressure resistance properties. Short fibrous grease is comparatively good for high speeds.	It has water and rust resistant properties, and adheres easily to metal surface.	Usable at fairly high speeds.	It has water and heat resistant properties. This is an all-purpose grease.	This is the best all-purpose grease among soap based greases.	Excellent under low temperature conditions and has superior frictional properties. Suitable for small bearings used in measuring instruments.	Mainly used for high temperatures. Not suited to high speeds and heavy loads.	Generally good heat resistance. Grease having a mineral base oil is for general use. Grease having a synthetic base oil is suitable for special use where superior heat and chemical resistance properties are required.	

**1 Base oil**  
Petroleum lubricating oil is usually used as the base oil.  
As the lubricating performance of grease depends mainly on that of base oil, the viscosity of the base oil is an important property. In general, low viscosity is suitable for light-load and high-speed rotations, and high viscosity for heavy-load and low-speed rotations. Synthetic lubricants of the diester or silicon series are used instead of lubricants of the petroleum series in consideration of the pour point and high temperature stability.

**2 Thickener**  
As shown in Table 35, metal soap bases are mostly used as thickeners. In particular, Na-soap is water-soluble and emulsifies easily, and it cannot be used in damp or wet areas. The type of thickener and the pour point of grease have a close relationship. In general, the higher the pour point, the higher the maximum usable temperature of grease. However, even when the grease uses a thickener having a high pour point, its upper operating temperature limit is low if its base oil has low heat resistance.

**3 Consistency**  
This represents the hardness grade of grease. Grease becomes harder in proportion to the amount of thickener if the same thickener is used. Immediately after grease has been stirred (usually 60 times), a depression is formed in the grease in a specified time using a specified cone. The consistency (combined consistency) is expressed by the value of depth of depression (mm) multiplied by 10. This value gives an estimate of the fluidity during operation with a greater value for softer grease. Table 36 shows the consistency number of grease and the relationship between the consistency and operating conditions.

Table 36 Consistency and operating conditions of grease

NLGI consistency number	Combined consistency	Application
0	385 ~ 355	For centralized lubrication,
1	340 ~ 310	For oscillating motion
2	295 ~ 265	For general use
3	250 ~ 220	For general use, For high temperature
4	205 ~ 175	For sealing with grease

**4 Additives**  
Additives include various types of substances, which are added to grease in small quantities to improve its characteristics. For example, when a bearing is kept

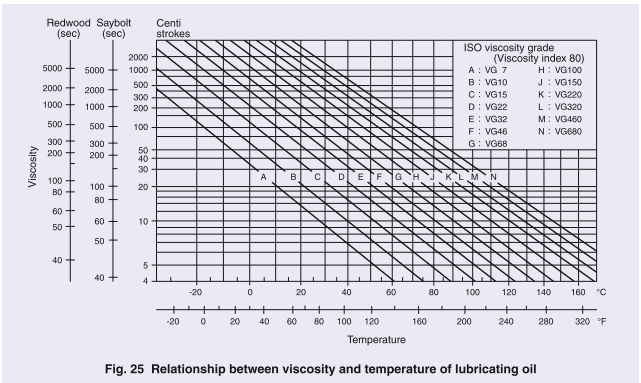
running for long periods of time, its temperature rises. This results in oxidation of the lubricant and formation of oxides, which lead to corrosion of the bearing. Thus, when a bearing is to be operated for long periods of time without regreasing, antioxidants are added. In addition, grease containing extreme pressure additives is suitable for use in places that are subjected to heavy loads.

**5 Miscibility of different greases**  
In principle, it is desirable to use grease of the same brand. However, when the mixing of different greases is unavoidable, greases with the same type of thickener and with a similar type of base oil should be used. It should be noted that if different types of grease are mixed, they may interact with each other and the consistency will become softer than that for the individual greases.

**Lubricating oil**  
For rolling bearings, refined mineral oil or synthetic oil is used. To improve its properties, antioxidant additives, extreme pressure additives and detergent additives are added as required. When selecting lubricating oil, it is important to select oil which has adequate viscosity under operating temperatures. If the viscosity is too low, the formation of the oil film will be insufficient, causing abnormal wear and seizure. On the other hand, if the viscosity is too high, it will generate excessive heat or increase power loss due to viscous resistance. As a general standard, oil having higher viscosity should be used for heavier loads and oil having lower viscosity should be used for higher rotational speeds. Under conditions of normal use for various bearings, the values of viscosity shown in Table 37 will be a guideline. The relationship between viscosity and temperature can be obtained from Fig. 25. Also, Table 38 shows examples of selecting lubricating oil according to the conditions of bearing use.

Table 37 Bearing series and required viscosity of lubricating oil

Bearing series	Kinematic viscosity at operating temperatures
Needle roller bearings Roller bearings	13 mm <sup>2</sup> /s or more
Crossed roller bearings	20 mm <sup>2</sup> /s or more
Thrust needle roller bearings Thrust roller bearings	32 mm <sup>2</sup> /s or more



Conditions		ISO viscosity grade(VG)												
		10	15	22	32	46	68	100	150	220	320	460	680	
Operating temperature	-30 ~ 0℃	Refrigerator oil												
	0 ~ 50℃	Bearing oil												
	50 ~ 80℃	Turbine oil												
	80 ~ 110℃	Bearing oil												
	80 ~ 110℃	Turbine oil												
$d_m n$ value		Bearing oil												
		Gear oil												
Load	Large	Small												
	Small	Large												
Remarks	- Lubricating oils are based on JIS K 2211 (Refrigerating machine oils), JIS K 2239 (Bearing Oil), JIS K 2213 (Turbine Oil), and JIS K 2219 (Gear Oil). - The method of lubrication in these cases is mainly oil bath lubrication or circulating lubrication. - When the temperature is on the high side within the operating temperature range, oils of high viscosity are used. - $d_m n$ represents the mean value of the bore and outside diameters (mm) of the bearing multiplied by the rotational speed (min <sup>-1</sup> ).													

Remarks : Lubricating oils are based on JIS K 2211 (Refrigerating machine oils), JIS K 2239 (Bearing Oil), JIS K 2213 (Turbine Oil), and JIS K 2219 (Gear Oil).

The method of lubrication in these cases is mainly oil bath lubrication or circulating lubrication.  
When the temperature is on the high side within the operating temperature range, oils of high viscosity are used.  
 $d_m n$  represents the mean value of the bore and outside diameters (mm) of the bearing multiplied by the rotational speed (min<sup>-1</sup>).

C-Lube Bearing

**IKO** C-Lube Bearing is a bearing that is lubricated with a newly developed thermosetting solid-type lubricant. A large amount of lubricating oil and fine particles of ultra high molecular weight polyolefin resin are solidified by heat treatment to fill the inner space of the bearing. As the bearing rotates, the lubricating oil oozes out onto the raceway in proper quantities, maintaining the lubrication performance for a long period of time.

The dimension tables for C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings, C-Lube Cam Followers, and C-Lube Needle Roller Followers are shown on pages D77, I49, and I95.

C-Lube Bearing is available in all Needle Roller Bearing series. Also C-Lube Bearings for food processing are available, using NSF H1-certified lubrication oil and resin compliant with FDA standards to mitigate any effect on human health. If needed, please contact **IKO**.

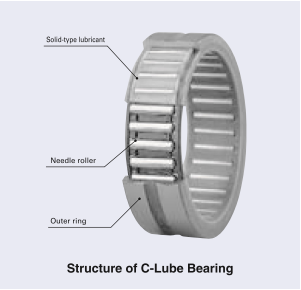
Features of C-Lube Bearing

- Most suitable for preventing grease dry-up in applications where lubrication is difficult.
- Great reduction of maintenance work by extending the lubrication interval.
- Elimination of oil contamination, making this bearing most suitable for applications that would be adversely affected by oil.

Cautions for using C-Lube Bearing

- Never wash C-Lube Bearing with organic solvent and/or white kerosene which have the ability to remove fat, or leave the bearing in contact with these agents.
- The operating temperature range is -15 ~ +80°C. For continuous operation, the recommended operating temperature is +60°C or less.

- To ensure normal rotation of the bearing, apply a load of 1% or more of the basic dynamic load rating at use.
- The allowable rotational speed is different from that of the general needle roller bearings. For  $d_m n$ ,  $d_i n$ , and  $d_n$ , use the values in Table 39 or less as guidelines.



**Table 39 C-Lube Bearing  $d_m n$ ,  $d_i n$ ,  $d_n$**

Representative model		Allowable rotational speed
	Main model code	$d_m n$ <sup>(1)</sup> , $d_i n$ <sup>(2)</sup> , $d_n$ <sup>(3)</sup>
C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings	TAF.../SG	$d_m n=20\ 000$
C-Lube Cam Followers	CF.../SG	$d_i n=10\ 000$
C-Lube Needle Roller Followers <sup>(4)</sup>	NART.../SG	$d_n = 8\ 000$

Notes <sup>(1)</sup>  $d_m n$  ::= (bore diameter of bearing [mm] + outside diameter of bearing [mm]) / 2 × rotational speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]  
<sup>(2)</sup>  $d_i n$  ::= stud diameter [mm] × rotational speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]  
<sup>(3)</sup>  $d_n$  ::= inner ring bore diameter [mm] × rotational speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]  
<sup>(4)</sup> The allowable rotational speed of C-Lube Needle Roller Followers is applicable to use with oscillating rotation. For use with one-way or continuous rotation, please consult **IKO**.

Friction and Allowable Rotational Speed

Friction

Compared with sliding bearings, the starting (static) friction for rolling bearings is small, and the difference between the starting (static) friction and the kinetic friction is also small. The loss of power and temperature rise in machines are thus reduced, improving the mechanical efficiency.

Frictional torque is influenced by the bearing type, bearing load, rotational speed, lubricant characteristics, etc. It varies according to the lubricant when operated under light-loads and high-speed conditions, and according to the load when operated under heavy-loads and low-speed conditions.

Frictional torque of rolling bearings is complicated because it is influenced by various factors, but for convenience, it can be expressed approximately by the following equations.

· Radial bearings  $M = \mu P \frac{d}{2}$  .....(37)

· Thrust bearings  $M = \mu P \frac{d_m}{2}$  .....(38)

where,  $M$  : Frictional torque, N·mm  
 $\mu$  : Coefficient of friction  
 $P$  : Bearing load, N  
 $d$  : Bearing bore diameter, mm  
 $d_m$  : Mean value of bearing bore and outside diameters, mm

The approximate coefficients of friction of **IKO** Bearings under operating conditions, in which lubrication and mounting are correct and where loads are relatively large and stable, are shown in Table 40.

**Table 40 Coefficient of friction**

Bearing series	$\mu$
Needle roller bearings with cage	0.0010 ~ 0.0030
Full complement needle roller bearings	0.0030 ~ 0.0050
Thrust needle roller bearings	0.0030 ~ 0.0040
Thrust roller bearings	0.0030 ~ 0.0040

Allowable rotational speed

As the rotational speed of rolling bearings is increased, the bearing temperature also increases due to the heat generated at the contact surfaces between the cage, raceways and rolling elements, until it finally leads to bearing seizure. It is therefore necessary to maintain the rotational speed of a bearing below a certain limit value to ensure safe operation for long periods. This limit value is called the allowable rotational speed.

Since the amount of heat generated is approximately proportional to the sliding speed at the contact area, this sliding speed is an approximate guide indicating the limit of the bearing rotational speed.

The allowable rotational speed of bearings thus varies according to the bearing type, size, bearing load, method of lubrication, radial clearance, and other such factors.

The allowable rotational speeds shown in the table of dimensions are empirical values. They are not absolute values and can be changed according to the bearing use conditions. Depending on the structure and accuracy around the bearing, the lubricant and the lubrication method, it is possible for some bearings to be operated at more than twice the allowable rotational speed given in the table without trouble.

Operating Temperature Range

The allowable operating temperature range for needle roller bearings is generally -20 ~ +120°C. When operating at temperatures outside this range, the operation may be limited by the allowable temperature range of prepacked grease, seal, cage material, etc. Further, if the bearing is used at high temperature, i.e. 120°C or above, the amount of dimensional displacement gets larger. So special heat treatment is necessary. The operating temperature range for some types of bearings is different from the above. See the section for each bearing.

Handling of Bearings

Precautions in handling

Since the bearing is a high-accuracy mechanical element, special attention must be paid to its handling. The following precautions should be noted when handling the bearings.

- 1 Bearings and their surrounding parts should be kept clean. Bearings and their surrounding parts must be kept clean paying special attention to dust and dirt. Tools and the working environment should also be cleaned.
- 2 Bearings should be handled carefully. A shock load during handling may cause scratches, indentations and even cracks or chips on the raceway surfaces and rolling elements.
- 3 Bearings should be mounted or dismounted with proper tools. When mounting and dismounting, tools suitable for the bearing type should be used.
- 4 Bearings should be protected against corrosion. Bearings are treated with anti-corrosive oil. However, when handling them with bare hands, sweat from the hands may result in future rust formation. Gloves should be worn, or hands should be dipped in mineral oil.

Mounting

Preparation

Before mounting the bearing, the dimensions and fillets of the shaft and housing should be checked to ensure that they conform to specifications. Bearings should be unwrapped just before mounting. In case of grease lubrication, bearings should be filled with grease without cleaning the bearings. Even in the case of oil lubrication, it is normally unnecessary to clean the bearings. However, when high accuracy is required or when using at high speeds, the bearings should be cleaned using cleaning oil to remove thoroughly oily contents. The cleaned bearings should not be left alone without anti-corrosive precautions, because bearings can easily be corroded after anti-corrosive agents are removed. Lubricating grease is prepacked in some types of bearings. Therefore, refer to the relevant section for each bearing.

Methods of mounting

Mounting methods of bearings are different according to the type of bearing and the fit. In general, mounting of needle roller bearings is comparatively easy. However, non-separable bearings with large interferences should be handled with great care.

1 Mounting by press fit

Small and medium bearings with small interferences require a small pressing-in force for mounting, and they are mounted using a press at room temperature. The bearing should be pressed in carefully, applying a force evenly to the bearing with a fitting tool as shown in Fig. 26. For separable bearings, the inner and outer rings can be mounted separately, and the mounting work is simple. However, when installing the shaft and inner ring assembly into the outer ring, care should be taken not to damage the raceway surfaces and rolling elements.

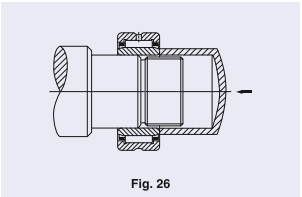


Fig. 26

When mounting non-separable bearings, the inner and outer rings are pressed in simultaneously by applying a cover plate as shown in Fig. 27. It must never happen that the inner ring is press-fitted to the shaft by striking the outer ring, or the outer ring by striking the inner ring, because the raceway surfaces and rolling elements will be scratched or indented.

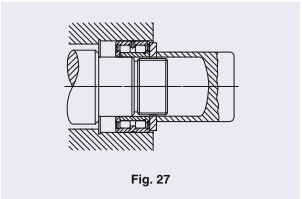


Fig. 27

When press fitting, the friction of the fitting surfaces can be reduced by applying high viscosity oil over the fitting surfaces. The pressing-in or pulling-out force to be applied to the bearing is given on page A59.

2 Mounting by shrink fitting

This method is used when the interference is great or when a large bearing is to be fitted. The housing is heated and thermally expanded when fitting the outer ring to the housing and the inner ring is heated and expanded when fitting it to the shaft allowing the bearing to be set easily within a short time. The maximum allowable temperature for the shrink fit is +120°C, and heating should be performed appropriately. Pure non-corrosive mineral oil is recommended as the heating oil for shrink fit, and insulation oil for transformers is considered to be the best. During cooling, the bearing also shrinks in the axial direction. Therefore, to ensure that there is no clearance between the bearing and the shoulder, an axial force must be applied continuously to the bearing until it has cooled. When the interference between the outer ring and the housing is great, an expansion fit method in which the bearing is cooled using dry ice or other cooling agent before fitting can be used. Immediately after fitting, however, moisture from the air easily condenses on the bearing. Therefore, it is necessary to take preventive measures against corrosion.

Pressing force and pulling force

Guidelines for the pressing force when pressing in the inner ring to the shaft and the pulling force when pulling it out are obtained from the following equation.

$$K = f_k \frac{d}{d + 2} \Delta_{dt} B \left\{ 1 + \left( \frac{d}{F} \right)^2 \right\} \dots\dots\dots (39)$$

where,  $K$  : Pressing or pulling force, N  
 $f_k$  : Resistance factor determined by the coefficient of friction  
When pressing in inner ring to shaft,  $f_k=4 \times 10^{-4}$   
When pulling out inner ring from shaft,  $f_k=6 \times 10^{-4}$   
 $d$  : Bore diameter of inner ring, mm  
 $\Delta_{dt}$  : Apparent interference, mm  
 $B$  : Width of inner ring, mm  
 $F$  : Outside diameter of inner ring, mm

The actual pressing force or pulling force may be greater than the calculated value due to mounting errors. When designing a puller, it is necessary that the puller has the strength (rigidity) to withstand more than 5 times the calculated value.

Running test

After mounting the bearing, a running test is carried out to check whether the mounting is normal. Usually, it is first checked by manual turning. Then, it is operated by power gradually from no-load and low-speed up to normal operating conditions to check for abnormalities. Noise can be checked by using a soundscope or similar instrument. In this test, checks are carried out for the following abnormalities.

- 1 Manual turning
  - (a) Uneven torque ..... Improper mounting
  - (b) Sticking and rattling ... Scratches or indentations on the raceway surface
  - (c) Irregular noise ... Penetration of dust or foreign particles
- 2 Power running
  - (a) Abnormal noise or vibration ... Indentations on the raceway surface, too great clearance
  - (b) Abnormal temperature ... Unsuitable lubricant, improper mounting, too small clearance

Dismounting

Dismounting of the bearings is carried out for the periodic inspection or repairs of machines. By inspecting the bearing, related parts or mechanisms, lubrication, etc., important data is obtained. In the same manner as in mounting, care should be taken to prevent damage to the bearing or other parts. A suitable dismounting method should be selected according to the type of the bearing, fit, etc. Bearings mounted by interference fit are especially difficult to dismount, and it is necessary to give due consideration to the structure around the bearing during the design stage.

Dismounting of outer ring

Outer rings mounted by interference fit are dismounted as shown in Fig. 28, by screwing in the push-out bolts evenly through several screw holes provided at places corresponding to the side face of the outer ring.

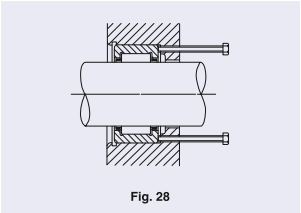


Fig. 28

Dismounting of inner ring

In the case of bearings such as needle roller bearings in which the inner and outer rings are separable, the simplest way to press out the inner ring is by using a press as shown in Fig. 29. The puller shown in Fig. 30 is also generally used. This is designed according to the bearing size. In addition, there are a 3-hook puller (Fig. 31) and a 2-hook puller for wide-range use.

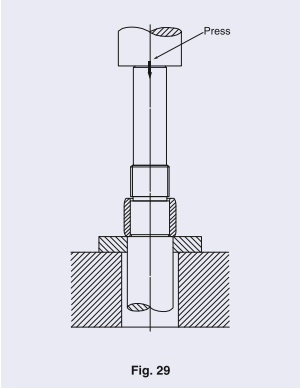


Fig. 29

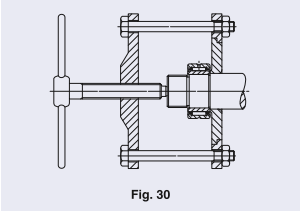


Fig. 30

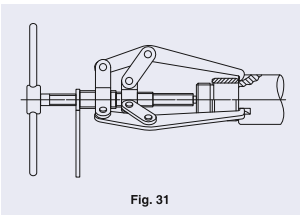


Fig. 31

In addition to these, when it is difficult to remove the inner ring due to high shoulders, several holes for removal pins are made through the shoulder, or several hook grooves are cut in the shoulder as shown in Fig. 32 and Fig. 33. When a bearing is not to be used again after removal, it may be removed by heating with a torch lamp.

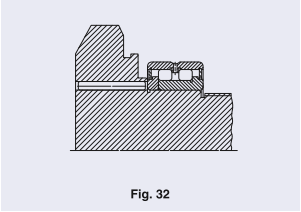


Fig. 32

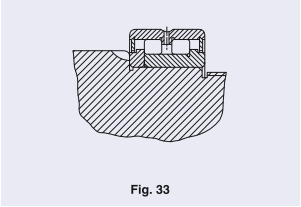


Fig. 33

Inspection of bearing

Cleaning of bearing

When inspecting a bearing after removal, the appearance of the bearing should be recorded first. Then, after the residual amount of lubricant is checked and a sample of lubricant is collected, the bearing should be cleaned.

For cleaning, light oil or kerosene is commonly used. Cleaning is divided into rough cleaning and final cleaning, and wire gauze is set as a raised bottom in a container to prevent the bearing from touching the bottom of the container.

Lubricating grease and adhering substances such as foreign particles are removed with a brush, etc., using oil for rough cleaning. Care should be taken during this process, because if the bearing is turned with foreign particles attached, the raceway surfaces may be scratched.

Final cleaning is carried out by turning the bearing in cleaning oil. It is desirable that the cleaning oil is kept clean by filtering. Immediately after cleaning, the bearing must be protected against corrosion.

Inspection and evaluation of bearing

The judgement as to whether the removed bearing is reusable depends on the inspection after cleaning. Conditions of the raceway surfaces, rolling elements and fitting surfaces, wear condition of the cage, increase of bearing clearance, dimensions, rotational accuracy, etc. should be checked for damage and abnormalities.

The evaluation is performed based on the experience taking into consideration the degree of damage, machine performance, importance of the machine, operating conditions, period until the next inspection, and other such factors.

Maintenance and inspection

Maintenance and inspection

Maintenance and inspection are carried out to maintain good performance of bearings installed in the machine.

Maintenance is performed by checking the machine operating conditions, checking and replenishing or replacing the lubricant, checking the bearing and related parts by periodic disassembly and other such procedures.

Items for inspection of a running bearing in a machine include the bearing temperature, noise, vibration and condition of lubricant.

When any abnormality is found during operation, the cause should be investigated and measures taken by referring to the section on running test on page A59. When removing a bearing, refer to the section on dismounting on page A59.

Damage, causes and corrective action

Rolling bearings can generally be used fully up to their rolling fatigue life if they are properly selected, mounted, operated and maintained. However, they may actually be damaged earlier than their expected lifetimes creating problems or accidents. Common causes of damage include improper mounting or handling, insufficient lubrication and penetration of foreign particles.

It may be difficult to determine the exact cause of a problem by checking only the damaged bearing. The conditions of the machine before and after the occurrence of the damage, the location and the operating and ambient conditions of the bearing, the structure around the bearing, etc. should also be examined. It then becomes possible to assess the cause of the damage by linking the conditions of the damaged bearing to the probable causes arising from the machine operation, and to prevent the recurrence of similar problems.

Common types of damage, causes and corrective action are listed in Table 41.

Table 41 Damage, causes and corrective action

	Condition of bearing damage	Cause	Corrective action
Flaking	Flakings at opposite circumferential positions on raceway surfaces	Improper roundness of housing bore	Correction of housing bore accuracy
	Flakings in the vicinity of raceway surface edges and roller ends	Improper mounting, Shaft deflection, Poor centering, Poor accuracy of shaft or housing	Careful mounting, Careful centering, Correction of shoulders of shaft and housing for right angles
	Flakings on raceway surfaces with an interval corresponding to roller pitch	Great shock load when mounting, Rusting during machine stoppage	Careful mounting, Protection against rust for long periods of machine stoppage
	Early flaking on raceway surfaces and rolling elements	Too small clearance, Too great load, Poor lubrication, Rusting, etc.	Correct selection of fit and clearance Correct selection of lubricant
Galling	Galling on raceway surfaces and rolling surfaces of rollers	Poor lubrication in early stage Grease consistency too hard High acceleration at start	Selection of softer grease, Avoiding quick acceleration
	Galling between roller end faces and collar guide surfaces	Poor lubrication, Poor mounting, Large axial load	Correct selection of lubricant Correct mounting
Breakage	Cracks in outer or inner ring	Excessive shock load, Too much interference. Poor cylindricity of shaft, Too large fillet radius, Development of thermal cracks, Development of flaking	Reevaluation of load conditions, Correction of fit, Correction of machining accuracy of shaft or sleeve, Making fillet radius smaller than the chamfer dimension of bearing
	Cracked rolling elements, broken collar	Development of flaking Shock to collar when mounting, Dropped by careless handling	Careful handling and mounting
	Broken cage	Abnormal load to cage by poor mounting, Poor lubrication	Minimizing mounting errors, Study of lubricating method and lubricant
Dent	Indentations on raceway surfaces at an interval corresponding to the pitch between rolling elements (brinelling)	Shock load applied when mounting, Excessive load while stopping	Careful handling
	Indentation on raceway surfaces and rolling surfaces of rollers	Biting of foreign substances such as metal chips and sands	Cleaning of housing, Improvement of sealing, Use of clean lubricant
Abnormal wear	False brinelling (Phenomenon like brinelling)	Vibration when the bearing is stationary such as during transportation, Oscillating motion with small amplitude	Fixing of shaft and housing, Use of lubricating oil, Application of preload to reduce vibration
	Fretting Localized wear of fitted surfaces accompanied by red-brown wear particles	Sliding between fitted surfaces	Increase of interference, Application of oil
	Wear on raceway surfaces, collar surfaces, rolling surfaces of rollers, cages, etc.	Penetration of foreign particles, Poor lubrication, Rust	Improvement of sealing, Cleaning of housing Use of clean lubricant
	Creep Wear on fitted surfaces	Sliding between fitted surfaces, Insufficient tightening of sleeve	Increase of interference, Correct tightening of sleeve
Seizure	Discoloration of rolling elements and/or raceway surfaces and/or flange surfaces, Adhesion and welding, Discoloration of cage	Poor lubrication, Too small clearance, Poor mounting	Supply of proper amount of proper lubricant, Rechecking of fit and bearing clearance Rechecking of mounting dimensions and related parts
Electric corrosion	Ripples on raceway surfaces	Melting by sparks due to electric current	Insulation of bearing, Grounding to avoid electric current
Rust, corrosion	Rust or corrosion on bearing inside surfaces or on fitted surfaces	Condensation of vapor in air, Penetration of corrosive substances	Careful storage if under high temperature and high humidity, Protection against rust, Improvement of sealing

Description of Each Series  
&  
Table of Dimensions



Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings	TA·TLA·BA·BHA	B1
Needle Roller Cages for general usage	KT	C1
Needle Roller Cages for engine connecting rods	KT···EG·KTV···EG	C17
Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings	NA·TAFI·TRI·BRI	D1
C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings	TAF···/SG	D75
Needle Roller Bearings with separable cage	NAF	D79
Roller Bearings	NAG·NAU·TRU·NAS	E1
Thrust Bearings	NTB·AS·AZK·WS·GS	F1
Combined Type Needle Roller Bearings	NAX·NBX·NATA·NATB	G1
Inner Rings	IRT·IRB·LRT·LRB	H1
Cam Followers	CF·CFKR·CFS·NUCF·CR	I1
C-Lube Cam Followers	CF···/SG	I49
Roller Followers	NAST·NART·NURT·CRY	I77
C-Lube Roller Followers	NART···/SG	I95
Crossed Roller Bearings	CRBH(V)·CRBC·CRB·CRBT·CRBS·CRBF(V)···J1	
Spherical Bushings	SB·GE·SBB	K1
Pilloballs	PB·PHS·POS·PHSA	K29
L-balls	LHSA·LHS	K45
Super Flexible Nozzles	SNA·SNM·SNPT	K55
Parts For Needle Roller Bearings	OS·DS·WR·AR·Needle Roller	L1

# SHELL TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

- Shell Type Caged Needle Roller Bearings
- Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings



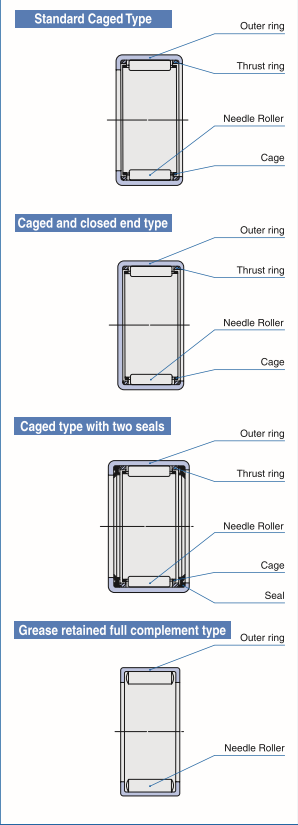
## Structure and features

IKO Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are light-weight bearings with large load ratings. They employ a shell type outer ring made from a thin special-steel plate which is accurately drawn, carburized and quenched, thus providing the lowest sectional height among the needle roller bearings.

There are two types of bearings available in this series; the caged type and the full complement type. The appropriate type can be selected according to the operating conditions. The caged type has a structure in which the needle rollers are accurately guided by the cage and thrust rings. It is useful for applications at high-speed rotation. The full complement type needle roller bearing, on the other hand, is suitable for heavy-load applications at low-speed rotation.

Since these bearings are press-fitted into the housing, no fixtures for axial positioning are needed. They are ideal for use in mass-produced articles that require economy, and have a wide variety of applications.

## Structures of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings



Types

Numerous varieties of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are available as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Type of bearing

Series	Type	Caged			Full complement
	Standard	Closed end	With seals (1)	Grease retained	
Metric series	—	TLA···Z	TLAM	TLA···UU	YTL
	Heavy duty	TA···Z	TAM	—	YT
Inch series	—	BA···Z	BAM	—	YB
	Heavy duty	BHA···Z	BHAM	—	YBH

Note(1) When the heavy duty type with seals or the closed end type with one seal is required, please consult **IKO**.  
Remark A "W" is added to the model code to indicate that the rolling elements are of the double-row type.  
Example TAW 5045 Z

Shell Type Caged Needle Roller Bearings

Standard type

This type has a narrow gap between the bore of the marked-side flange of the outer ring (brand, bearing number, etc. are marked) and the shaft, which prevents grease leaks and the entry of foreign particles. This type has wide applications.

Closed end type

This type is completely closed on one side of the outer ring, and is ideal for use when perfect closing of shaft ends is desired.

The shape of the closed end surface of the outer ring is divided into two types, and the dimensions  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  in the illustrations shown in the dimension tables apply to the bearings with the roller set bore diameters,  $F_w > 22$  and  $F_w \leq 22$ , respectively.

Type with seals at both sides

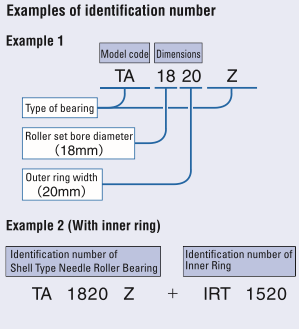
This type has a wider outer ring than the standard type and is installed with seals consisting of a reinforcing ring and special synthetic rubber to prevent grease leaks and the entry of foreign particles.

Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings

This type has full complement rollers which extend to the full width of the outer ring raceway. It can, therefore, withstand heavy bearing loads and is most suitable for low and medium rotational speeds as well as rocking motions. As lubricating grease is prepacked with the rollers, the bearing can be operated immediately after being fitted.

Identification Number

The identification number of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings consists of a model code and dimensions. Examples of the arrangement are shown below. When using with inner rings, the assembled inner rings shown in the dimension tables are used. An example in this case is also shown below. Inner rings are delivered separately.



Accuracy

The outer rings of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are thin and therefore cannot avoid deformation due to heat treatment. It is thus not appropriate to take direct measurements of the bearing. The roller set bore diameter is measured using a plug gauge or tapered gauge after press-fitting the bearing to a suitable ring gauge. The gauge specifications are shown in Tables 2.1 and 2.2.

Tolerances of outer ring width  $C$  are shown in Table 3.

Table 2.1 Measuring gauges for metric series bearings unit: mm

$F_w$ Nominal roller set bore diameter	Ring gauge		Plug gauge	
	TA···Z(1)	TLA···Z(2)	Go	No-go
4	—	7.981	4.004	4.016
5	—	8.981	5.004	5.016
6	—	9.981	6.004	6.016
7	—	10.977	7.005	7.020
8	14.992	11.977	8.005	8.020
9	15.992	12.977	9.005	9.020
10	16.992	13.977	10.005	10.020
12	18.991	15.977(3)	12.006	12.024
13	—	18.972	13.006	13.024
14	21.991	19.972	14.006	14.024
15	21.991	20.972	15.006	15.024
16	23.991	21.972	16.006	16.024
17	23.991	22.972	17.006	17.024
18	24.991	23.972	18.006	18.024
19	26.991	—	19.007	19.028
20	26.991(4)	25.972	20.007	20.028
21	28.991	—	21.007	21.028
22	28.991(5)	27.972	22.007	22.028
24	30.989(6)	—	24.007	24.028
25	32.989	31.967	25.007	25.028
26	33.989	—	26.007	26.028
28	36.989	34.967	28.007	28.028
29	37.989	—	29.007	29.028
30	39.989	36.967	30.007	30.028
32	41.989	—	32.009	32.034
35	44.989	41.967	35.009	35.034
37	46.989	—	37.009	37.034
38	47.989	—	38.009	38.034
40	49.989	46.967	40.009	40.034
45	54.988	51.961	45.009	45.034
50	61.988	57.961	50.009	50.034
55	66.988	62.961	55.010	55.040
60	71.988	—	60.010	60.040
62	73.988	—	62.010	62.040
65	76.988	—	65.010	65.040
70	81.987	—	70.010	70.040

Notes(1) Also applicable to TAM and YT.  
(2) Also applicable to TLAM, YTL, TLA···UU.  
(3) The upper value is for TLA 1210Z model, and the lower value is for TLA 1212Z model.  
(4) The lower value is for TA 202820Z model, and the upper value is for models other than TA 202820Z model.  
(5) The lower value is for TA 223016Z and TA 223020Z models, and the upper value is for models other than those models.  
(6) The lower value is for TA 243216Z and TA 243220Z models, and the upper value is for models other than those models.

Table 2.2 Measuring gauges for inch series bearings unit: mm

$F_w$ Nominal roller set bore diameter	Ring gauge		Plug gauge	
	BA···Z(1)	BHA···Z(2)	Go	No-go
3.969	7.155	—	3.990	4.016
4.762	8.730	—	4.783	4.808
6.350	11.125	—	6.388	6.414
7.938	12.713	14.300	7.976	8.001
9.525	14.300	15.888	9.563	9.588
11.112	15.888	17.475	11.151	11.176
12.700	17.475	19.063	12.738	12.764
14.288	19.063	20.650	14.326	14.351
15.875	20.650	22.238	15.913	15.938
17.462	22.238	23.825	17.501	17.526
19.050	23.825	25.413	19.063	19.088
20.638	25.413	27.000	20.650	20.676
22.225	27.000	28.588	22.238	22.263
23.812	28.588	—	23.825	23.851
25.400	30.175	31.763	25.413	25.438
26.988	31.763	—	27.000	27.026
28.575	33.350	34.912	28.588	28.613
30.162	34.912	—	30.175	30.201
31.750	36.500	38.087	31.763	31.788
33.338	38.087	—	33.350	33.378
34.925	39.675	41.262	34.938	34.966
36.512	41.262	—	36.525	36.551
38.100	42.850	44.437	38.113	38.143
39.688	44.437	—	39.700	39.726
41.275	46.025	47.613	41.288	41.318
42.862	47.613	—	42.875	42.901
44.450	49.213	50.815	44.463	44.496
46.038	50.815	—	46.050	46.076
47.625	52.413	54.013	47.638	47.671
49.213	54.013	—	49.225	49.251
50.800	55.613	57.215	50.815	50.848
52.388	57.215	—	52.400	52.426
53.975	58.813	60.413	53.990	54.028
55.562	60.413	—	55.575	55.601
57.150	62.013	63.613	57.165	57.203
58.738	63.613	—	58.750	58.776
60.325	65.213	66.813	60.338	60.371
61.912	66.813	—	61.925	61.951
63.500	68.413	69.914	63.513	63.546

Notes(1) Also applicable to BAM and YB.  
(2) Also applicable to BHAM and YBH.

Table 3 Tolerances of outer ring width  $C$  unit: mm

Series	Tolerance
Metric	0 ~ 0.20
Inch	0 ~ 0.25

Fit

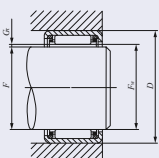
As the outer ring is thin, the correct dimensions and accuracy of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are obtained only after they have been press-fitted into the housing bore. Bearing accuracy is directly affected by housing dimensions, shape and rigidity. This should be taken into account when considering fit and accuracy. The radial clearance after fitting the bearing to the shaft and the housing bore varies with their tolerances.

Table 4 Recommended fit

Type of bearing	Housing material	Tolerance class		
		Shaft (1)		Housing bore
		Without inner ring	With inner ring	
TA···Z, BA···Z, BHA···Z, TAM, BAM, BHAM, YT, YB, YBH	Steel Cast iron	h6	k5(j5)	J7
	Light alloy (Thin steel pipe)	h6	k5(j5)	M7(N7)
TLA···Z, TLAM, YTL, TLA···UU	Steel Cast iron	h6	k5(j5)	N7
	Light alloy (Thin steel pipe)	h6	k5(j5)	R7(S7)

Note(1) When housings are made of light alloy or a thin steel pipe, the roller set bore diameter is greatly affected by the housing thickness and shape. Therefore, before mass-production assembly, assembly tests should be carried out to confirm the amount of dimensional change and to determine the tolerance of the shaft which will give normal clearances.

Table 5 Calculation example of radial clearance after fitting

	Calculation procedure	Example of TLA 2020 Z
	① Dimension of roller set bore diameter of bearing after it has been press-fitted into the ring gauge. Dimension of ring gauge ( $D_0$ ): See Tables 2.1 and 2.2 on page B4. Max. value of roller set bore dia. ( $F_{w \max}$ ): No-go dimension of plug gauge Min. value of roller set bore dia. ( $F_{w \min}$ ): Go dimension of plug gauge	From Table 2.1 on page B4 $D_0 = 25.972$ $F_{w \max} = 20.028$ $F_{w \min} = 20.007$
	② Dimension of housing bore Max. value of housing bore ( $D_{\max}$ ): See the dimension table. Min. value of housing bore ( $D_{\min}$ ): See the dimension table.	From the dimension table on page B14, $D_{\max} = 25.993$ $D_{\min} = 25.972$
	③ Dimension of roller set bore diameter of bearing after it has been press-fitted into the housing bore Max. value of roller set bore dia. ( $F_{wc \max}$ ) = ( $D_{\max} - D_0$ ) + $F_{w \max}$ Min. value of roller set bore dia. ( $F_{wc \min}$ ) = ( $D_{\min} - D_0$ ) + $F_{w \min}$	From the equations, $F_{wc \max} = 20.049$ $F_{wc \min} = 20.007$
	④ Dimension of shaft Max. value of shaft dia. ( $F_{s \max}$ ): See the dimension table. Min. value of shaft dia. ( $F_{s \min}$ ): See the dimension table.	From the dimension table on page B14, $F_{s \max} = 20.000$ $F_{s \min} = 19.987$
	⑤ Radial clearance after mounting Max. value of radial clearance ( $G_{r \max}$ ) = $F_{wc \max} - F_{s \min}$ Min. value of radial clearance ( $G_{r \min}$ ) = $F_{wc \min} - F_{s \max}$ The radial clearance after mounting becomes 0.007~0.062 mm.	From the equations, $G_{r \max} = 0.062$ $G_{r \min} = 0.007$ The radial clearance after mounting becomes 0.007~0.062 mm.

D : Housing bore diameter  
F<sub>s</sub> : Roller set bore diameter  
F<sub>w</sub> : Shaft diameter  
G<sub>r</sub> : Radial clearance

Table 4 shows the recommended fit for Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings.  
Table 5 shows a calculation example of radial clearance after fitting. This calculation applies to bearings without inner ring to be fitted into rigid steel or cast iron housings. When the housing is made of light alloy or a thin steel pipe, it is necessary to check dimensions by actual measurement.  
Generally, when making the radial clearance smaller, it is recommended that the shaft diameter be increased, without decreasing the housing bore diameter.

Lubrication

Bearings with prepacked grease are shown in Table 6. ALVANIA GREASE S2 (SHOWA SHELL SEKIYU K.K.) is prepacked as the lubricating grease.  
In the case of bearings without prepacked grease, perform proper lubrication for use. If the bearings are operated without lubrication, the wear of the roller contact surfaces will increase and the bearing life will be shortened.

Table 6 Bearings with prepacked grease

Series	Bearing type	Caged			Full complement Grease retained
		Standard	Closed end	With seals	
Metric series	TLA, TLAM, YTL	×	×	○	○
	TA, TAM, YT	×	×	—	○
Inch series	BA, BAM, YB	×	×	—	○
	BHA, BHAM, YBH	×	×	—	○

Oil Hole

For Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings with an oil hole, "OH" is appended to the end of the identification number.  
**Example** TA 2525 Z OH  
The symbol "OH" is not marked on the bearing itself, but is shown on its packaging, etc. When bearings with multiple oil holes are required, please consult IKO.

Static Safety Factor

Since Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings employ an outer ring made from a thin steel plate which is drawn, carburized and quenched, excessively large loads must be avoided. The required static safety factor is usually more than 3.

Specifications of shaft and housing

Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are commonly used without an inner ring. In such cases, the surface hardness of the raceway surface should be 58 ~ 64HRC and the surface roughness should not exceed 0.2 μmR<sub>a</sub>. However, when the operating condition is not severe, a surface roughness 0.8 μmR<sub>a</sub> or less can be used.  
If the surface hardness is low, the load rating must be corrected by the hardness factor shown on page A20. When the shaft cannot be heat treated and finished by grinding, the use of IKO Inner Rings for Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings (See page H1.) is recommended.

Mounting

Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings should be pressed into the housings gently using the appropriate tool as shown in Fig. 1, with their marked end surface up. As the outer ring is thin, it must never be struck directly with a hammer.  
Since the outer rings of Shell Type Needle Roller Bearings are firmly fitted to housing bores with interference, it is unnecessary to fix them axially. Fig. 2 shows mounting examples.

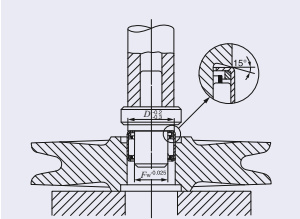


Fig.1 Example of mounting tool

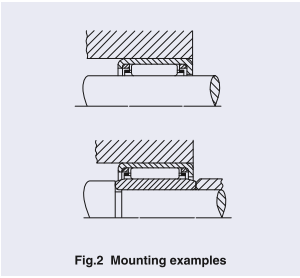


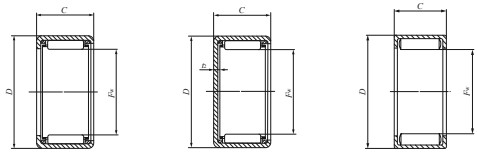
Fig.2 Mounting examples



Shaft dia. 4 – 10mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
4	—	—	—	—	TLA 48 Z	1.54	TLAM 48	1.67	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YTL 48	1.73
5	—	—	—	—	TLA 59 Z	1.9	TLAM 59	2	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YTL 59	2.4
6	—	—	—	—	TLA 69 Z	2.2	TLAM 69	2.3	—	—
7	—	—	—	—	TLA 79 Z	2.5	TLAM 79	2.7	—	—
8	—	—	—	—	TLA 810 Z	3.1	TLAM 810	3.3	—	—
	TA 810 Z	6.7	TAM 810	7.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 815 Z	9.7	TAM 815	10.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 820 Z	12.9	TAM 820	13.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 810	7.7
9	—	—	—	—	TLA 910 Z	3.4	TLAM 910	3.6	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 912 Z	4	TLAM 912	4.3	—	—
	TA 912 Z	8.7	TAM 912	9.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 916 Z	11.4	TAM 916	11.9	—	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	—	—	—	TLA 1010 Z	3.7	TLAM 1010	4	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1012 Z	4.4	TLAM 1012	4.8	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1015 Z	5.5	TLAM 1015	5.9	—	—
	TA 1010 Z	7.9	TAM 1010	8.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1012 Z	9.3	TAM 1012	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1015 Z	11.5	TAM 1015	12.2	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



TA...Z TLA...Z

TAM TLAM

YT YTL

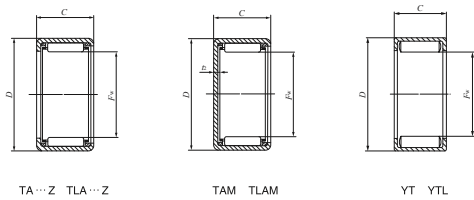
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm						Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	t <sub>2</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
4	8	8	1	4.000	3.992	—	—	7.996	7.981	1 350	1 010	75 000	—
4	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3 010	2 900	40 000	—
5	9	9	1	5.000	4.992	—	—	8.996	8.981	1 880	1 600	65 000	—
5	9	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4 320	4 750	30 000	—
6	10	9	1	6.000	5.992	—	—	9.996	9.981	2 100	1 900	55 000	—
7	11	9	1	7.000	6.991	—	—	10.995	10.977	2 490	2 450	50 000	—
8	12	10	1	8.000	7.991	—	—	11.995	11.977	3 320	3 670	45 000	—
8	15	10	1.3	—	—	15.010	14.992	—	—	3 470	2 880	45 000	—
8	15	15	1.3	8.000	7.991	—	—	—	—	5 780	5 570	45 000	—
8	15	20	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	8 340	8 920	45 000	—
8	15	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7 530	7 950	19 000	—
9	13	10	1	9.000	8.991	—	—	12.995	12.977	3 500	4 040	45 000	—
9	13	12	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4 460	5 510	45 000	—
9	16	12	1.3	—	—	16.010	15.992	—	—	5 140	4 880	45 000	—
9	16	16	1.3	9.000	8.991	—	—	—	—	6 960	7 210	45 000	—
9	16	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9 690	11 200	17 000	—
10	14	10	1	10.000	9.991	—	—	13.995	13.977	3 870	4 740	40 000	IRT 710
10	14	12	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4 920	6 460	40 000	IRT 712
10	14	15	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	6 390	9 040	40 000	IRT 715
10	17	10	1.3	—	—	17.010	16.992	—	—	4 150	3 780	40 000	IRT 710
10	17	12	1.3	10.000	9.991	—	—	—	—	5 590	5 540	40 000	IRT 712
10	17	15	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	6 920	7 300	40 000	IRT 715
10	17	20	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	9 990	11 700	40 000	—



Shaft dia. 12 – 15mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
12	—	—	—	—	TLA 1210 Z	4.3	TLAM 1210	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YTL 1210	5.1
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1212 Z	8.6	TLAM 1212	9.4	—	—
	TA 1212 Z	10.5	TAM 1212	11.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1215 Z	13.1	TAM 1215	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1220 Z	17.3	TAM 1220	18.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1225 Z	21.5	TAM 1225	22.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
13	—	—	—	—	TLA 1312 Z	9.2	TLAM 1312	10.1	—	—
14	—	—	—	—	TLA 1412 Z	9.8	TLAM 1412	10.8	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1416 Z	13.2	TLAM 1416	14.3	—	—
	TA 1416 Z	18.4	TAM 1416	19.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
15	TA 1420 Z	23	TAM 1420	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1512 Z	10.4	TLAM 1512	11.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1516 Z	14	TLAM 1516	15.2	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1522 Z	19.1	TLAM 1522	20.5	—	—
	TA 1510 Z	10.8	TAM 1510	12.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1512 Z	12.9	TAM 1512	14.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1515 Z	15.9	TAM 1515	17.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1520 Z	21	TAM 1520	22.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1525 Z	25	TAM 1525	26.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



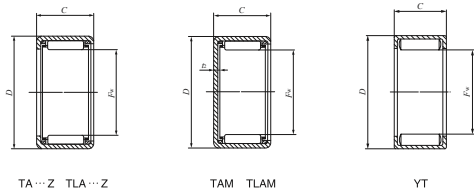
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm								Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	t <sub>2</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.						
12	16	10	1	12.000	11.989	—	—	15.995	15.977	4 350	5 810	35 000	13 000	IRT 810	810
12	16	10	—	12.000	11.989	—	—	17.995	17.977	6 420	7 490	35 000	13 000	IRT 812	812
12	18	12	1.3	12.000	11.989	—	—	17.995	17.977	6 420	7 490	35 000	13 000	IRT 812	812
12	19	12	1.3	12.000	11.989	19.012	18.991	—	—	6 000	6 310	35 000	13 000	IRT 812	812
12	19	15	1.3	12.000	11.989	19.012	18.991	—	—	7 440	8 320	35 000	13 000	IRT 815	815
12	19	20	1.3	12.000	11.989	19.012	18.991	—	—	10 700	13 300	35 000	13 000	IRT 815	815
12	19	25	1.3	12.000	11.989	19.012	18.991	—	—	13 800	18 300	35 000	13 000	IRT 812	812
12	19	12	—	12.000	11.989	19.012	18.991	—	—	11 800	15 200	35 000	13 000	IRT 812	812
13	19	12	1.3	13.000	12.989	—	—	18.993	18.972	6 760	8 170	30 000	13 000	IRT 1012	1012
14	20	12	1.3	14.000	13.989	—	—	19.993	19.972	7 080	8 840	30 000	13 000	IRT 1012-2	1012-2
14	20	16	1.3	14.000	13.989	—	—	19.993	19.972	8 950	12 000	30 000	13 000	IRT 1016-2	1016-2
14	22	16	1.3	14.000	13.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	10 500	12 000	30 000	13 000	IRT 1016-2	1016-2
14	22	20	1.3	14.000	13.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	13 900	17 200	30 000	13 000	IRT 1020-2	1020-2
15	21	12	1.3	15.000	14.989	—	—	20.993	20.972	7 380	9 520	25 000	13 000	IRT 1212	1212
15	21	16	1.3	15.000	14.989	—	—	20.993	20.972	9 330	12 900	25 000	13 000	IRT 1216	1216
15	21	22	1.3	15.000	14.989	—	—	20.993	20.972	13 600	20 900	25 000	13 000	IRT 1222	1222
15	22	10	1.3	15.000	14.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	5 290	5 680	25 000	13 000	IRT 1010-1	1010-1
15	22	12	1.3	15.000	14.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	7 120	8 310	25 000	13 000	IRT 1012-1	1012-1
15	22	15	1.3	15.000	14.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	8 830	11 000	25 000	13 000	IRT 1015-1	1015-1
15	22	20	1.3	15.000	14.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	12 700	17 600	25 000	13 000	IRT 1020-1	1020-1
15	22	25	1.3	15.000	14.989	22.012	21.991	—	—	16 300	24 200	25 000	13 000	IRT 1025-1	1025-1



Shaft dia. 16 — 19mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
16	—	—	—	—	TLA 1612 Z	10.9	TLAM 1612	12.2	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1616 Z	14.8	TLAM 1616	16.1	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1622 Z	20	TLAM 1622	21.5	—	—
	TA 1616 Z TA 1620 Z	20 25	TAM 1616 TAM 1620	22 27	—	—	—	—	—	—
17	—	—	—	—	TLA 1712 Z	11.5	TLAM 1712	13	—	—
	TA 1715 Z	17.6	TAM 1715	19.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1720 Z	23.5	TAM 1720	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1725 Z	29	TAM 1725	31	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 1715	20.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 1725	35.5
18	—	—	—	—	TLA 1812 Z	12	TLAM 1812	13.7	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 1816 Z	16.2	TLAM 1816	17.9	—	—
	TA 1813 Z	16.4	TAM 1813	18.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1815 Z	18.5	TAM 1815	20.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1817 Z	21	TAM 1817	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1819 Z	23.5	TAM 1819	25.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1820 Z	24.5	TAM 1820	26.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 1825 Z	30.5	TAM 1825	32.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19	TA 1916 Z TA 1920 Z	23 29	TAM 1916 TAM 1920	25.5 31	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



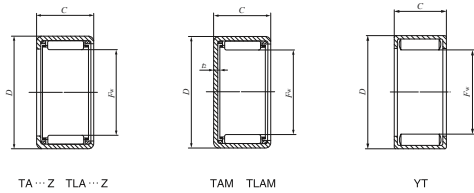
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm						Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
Fw	D	C	t2 Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		C	C0	min-1	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
16	22	12	1.3	16,000	15,989	—	—	21,993	21,972	7 670	10 200	25 000	IRT 1212-1
16	22	16	1.3							9 700	13 800	25 000	IRT 1216-1
16	22	22	1.3							14 200	22 400	25 000	IRT 1222-1
16	24	16	1.3	16,000	15,989	24,012	23,991	—	—	11 100	13 300	25 000	IRT 1216-1
16	24	20	1.3							14 700	19 100	25 000	IRT 1220-1
17	23	12	1.3	17,000	16,989	—	—	22,993	22,972	7 960	10 900	25 000	—
17	24	15	1.3	17,000	16,989	24,012	23,991	—	—	9 660	12 700	25 000	IRT 1215-2
17	24	20	1.3							13 900	20 400	25 000	IRT 1220-2
17	24	25	1.3							17 900	28 100	25 000	IRT 1225-2
17	24	15	—							16 600	26 000	9 000	IRT 1215-2
17	24	25	—							27 200	49 000	9 000	IRT 1225-2
18	24	12	1.3	18,000	17,989	—	—	23,993	23,972	8 230	11 500	20 000	IRT 1512
18	24	16	1.3							10 400	15 600	20 000	IRT 1516
18	25	13	1.3	18,000	17,989	25,012	24,991	—	—	9 100	12 000	20 000	IRT 1513
18	25	15	1.3							10 100	13 600	20 000	IRT 1515
18	25	17	1.3							11 900	16 900	20 000	IRT 1517
18	25	19	1.3							13 700	20 200	20 000	IRT 1519
18	25	20	1.3							14 500	21 800	20 000	IRT 1520
18	25	25	1.3							18 600	30 000	20 000	IRT 1525
19	27	16	1.3	19,000	18,987	27,012	26,991	—	—	12 200	15 700	20 000	IRT 1516-1
19	27	20	1.3							16 100	22 600	20 000	IRT 1520-1



Shaft dia. 20 – 21mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
20	—	—	—	—	TLA 2012 Z	13.2	TLAM 2012	15.2	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2016 Z	17.8	TLAM 2016	19.9	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2020 Z	22	TLAM 2020	24	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2030 Z	33	TLAM 2030	35	—	—
	TA 2015 Z	20	TAM 2015	22.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2020 Z	26.5	TAM 2020	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2025 Z	33	TAM 2025	35.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2030 Z	39.5	TAM 2030	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2015	23.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2025	41
	TA 202820 Z	30	TAM 202820	32.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 202820	37.5
21	TA 2116 Z	25	TAM 2116	28	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2120 Z	31.5	TAM 2120	34.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2116	31
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2120	39

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



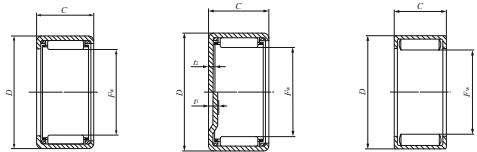
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm								Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	I <sub>2</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia.				C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>			
				Max.	Min.	J7	Min.	N7	Min.						
20	26	12	1.3	20.000	19.987	—	—	25.993	25.972	8 740	12 900	20 000	—		
20	26	16	1.3							11 100	17 500	20 000	IRT 1716		
20	26	20	1.3							14 500	24 700	20 000	IRT 1720		
20	26	30	1.3							22 300	42 900	20 000	IRT 1730		
20	27	15	1.3	20.000	19.987	27.012	26.991	—	—	10 400	14 600	20 000	IRT 1515-2		
20	27	20	1.3							15 000	23 400	20 000	IRT 1520-2		
20	27	25	1.3							19 200	32 200	20 000	IRT 1525-2		
20	27	30	1.3							23 100	41 000	20 000	IRT 1530-2		
20	27	15	—	20.000	19.987	27.012	26.991	—	—	18 400	30 900	7 500	IRT 1515-2		
20	27	25	—							30 000	58 300	7 500	IRT 1525-2		
20	28	20	1.3	20.000	19.987	28.012	27.991	—	—	16 900	24 300	20 000	IRT 1520-2		
20	28	20	—							26 800	44 600	7 500	IRT 1520-2		
21	29	16	1.3	21.000	20.987	29.012	28.991	—	—	13 300	18 100	19 000	IRT 1716-1		
21	29	20	1.3							17 600	25 900	19 000	IRT 1720-1		
21	29	16	—							22 100	35 200	7 000	IRT 1716-1		
21	29	20	—							27 500	46 800	7 000	IRT 1720-1		



Shaft dia. 22 – 24mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
22	—	—	—	—	TLA 2212 Z	15.6	TLAM 2212	18.1	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2216 Z	21.5	TLAM 2216	24	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2220 Z	26.5	TLAM 2220	29	—	—
	TA 2210 Z	15	TAM 2210	18.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2215 Z	21.5	TAM 2215	24.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2220 Z	29	TAM 2220	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2225 Z	35.5	TAM 2225	38.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2230 Z	42.5	TAM 2230	45.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 223016 Z	26	TAM 223016	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 223020 Z	32.5	TAM 223020	35.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 223016	32	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 223020	40.5	—
24	TA 2420 Z	31	TAM 2420	35	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2428 Z	43.5	TAM 2428	47	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2428	54	—
	TA 243216 Z	28	TAM 243216	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 243220 Z	35.5	TAM 243220	39	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 243216	34.5	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 243220	43.5	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



TA...Z TLA...Z TAM TLAM  
 $t_1 (F_{a1} \leq 24)$   
 $t_2 (F_{a2} \leq 22)$  YT

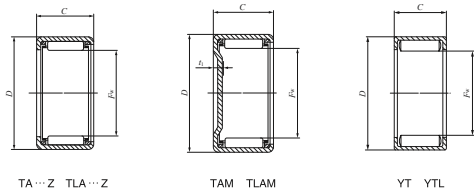
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm								Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
$F_{w0}$	D	C	$t_1, t_2$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		N	N	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.						
22	28	12	1.3	—	—	—	—	27.993	27.972	9 230	14 300	18 000	—	—	—
22	28	16	1.3	22.000	21.987	—	—	27.993	27.972	11 700	19 300	18 000	IRT 1716-2	—	—
22	28	20	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	15 300	27 300	18 000	IRT 1720-2	—	—
22	29	10	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	6 650	8 500	18 000	IRT 1710-2	—	—
22	29	15	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	11 100	16 400	18 000	IRT 1715-2	—	—
22	29	20	1.3	22.000	21.987	29.012	28.991	—	—	16 000	26 300	18 000	IRT 1720-2	—	—
22	29	25	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	19 700	34 300	18 000	IRT 1725-2	—	—
22	29	30	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	23 800	43 700	18 000	IRT 1730-2	—	—
22	30	16	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	13 200	18 200	18 000	IRT 1716-2	—	—
22	30	20	1.3	22.000	21.987	30.012	29.991	—	—	17 500	26 100	18 000	IRT 1720-2	—	—
22	30	16	—	—	—	30.012	29.991	—	—	22 600	36 800	7 000	IRT 1716-2	—	—
22	30	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28 200	48 900	7 000	IRT 1720-2	—	—
24	31	20	3.4	24.000	23.987	31.014	30.989	—	—	17 000	29 200	16 000	IRT 2020	—	—
24	31	28	3.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	24 500	46 700	16 000	IRT 2028	—	—
24	31	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36 800	79 900	6 500	IRT 2028	—	—
24	32	16	3.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	14 200	20 500	16 000	IRT 2016	—	—
24	32	20	3.4	24.000	23.987	32.014	31.989	—	—	18 800	29 400	16 000	IRT 2020	—	—
24	32	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23 700	40 100	6 500	IRT 2016	—	—
24	32	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29 500	53 200	6 500	IRT 2020	—	—



Shaft dia. 25 – 28mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
25	—	—	—	—	TLA 2512 Z	19.7	TLAM 2512	23.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2516 Z	26	TLAM 2516	29.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2520 Z	32	TLAM 2520	36	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2526 Z	41.5	TLAM 2526	45.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLAW2538Z	58.5	TLAMW2538	62	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YTL 2526	51.5
	TA 2510 Z	19.1	TAM 2510	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2515 Z	28.5	TAM 2515	32.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2520 Z	36.5	TAM 2520	40.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2525 Z	45.5	TAM 2525	49	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2530 Z	54.5	TAM 2530	58.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2510	22.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2515	33
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2520	45
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2525	57
26	TA 2616 Z	30.5	TAM 2616	34.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2620 Z	38	TAM 2620	42.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2616	37
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2620	46.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
28	—	—	—	—	TLA 2816 Z	28.5	TLAM 2816	33.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 2820 Z	35.5	TLAM 2820	40.5	—	—
	TA 2820 Z	45	TAM 2820	50	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2830 Z	67.5	TAM 2830	72.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 2820	56.5

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. "W" in the identification number indicates that rolling elements are arranged in double rows.  
2. Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



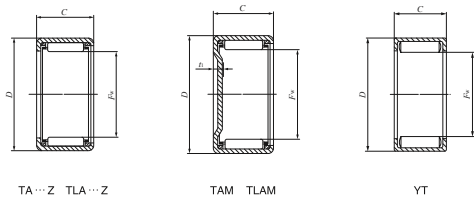
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm						Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$t_1$	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		$C$	$C_0$	min <sup>-1</sup>	
			Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.		N	N		
25	32	12	2.8	25.000	24.987	—	—	31.992	31.967	9 440	13 900	15 000	—
25	32	16	2.8							12 800	20 500	15 000	—
25	32	20	2.8							16 900	29 300	15 000	IRT 2020-1
25	32	26	2.8							22 600	42 500	15 000	IRT 2026-1
25	32	38	2.8							28 900	58 500	15 000	IRT 2038-1
25	32	26	—							35 000	75 800	6 000	IRT 2026-1
25	33	10	3.4	25.000	24.987	33.014	32.989	—	—	7 990	9 900	15 000	IRT 2010-1
25	33	15	3.4							13 400	19 300	15 000	IRT 2015-1
25	33	20	3.4							19 500	31 100	15 000	IRT 2020-1
25	33	25	3.4							24 100	40 800	15 000	IRT 2025-1
25	33	30	3.4							29 100	52 000	15 000	IRT 2030-1
25	33	10	—							15 500	23 600	6 000	IRT 2010-1
25	33	15	—	25.000	24.987	33.014	32.989	—	—	22 700	38 300	6 000	IRT 2015-1
25	33	20	—							30 200	55 400	6 000	IRT 2020-1
25	33	25	—							37 200	72 500	6 000	IRT 2025-1
26	34	16	3.4	26.000	25.987	34.014	33.989	—	—	15 200	22 900	15 000	IRT 2216
26	34	20	3.4							20 100	32 800	15 000	IRT 2220
26	34	16	—							24 700	43 300	6 000	IRT 2216
26	34	20	—							30 800	57 500	6 000	IRT 2220
28	35	16	2.8	28.000	27.987	—	—	34.992	34.967	13 800	23 500	13 000	—
28	35	20	2.8							18 300	33 600	13 000	IRT 2220-1
28	37	20	3.4	28.000	27.987	37.014	36.989	—	—	21 200	32 300	13 000	IRT 2220-1
28	37	30	3.4							33 000	56 900	13 000	IRT 2230-1
28	37	20	—							34 700	61 700	5 500	IRT 2220-1



Shaft dia. 29 – 35mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
29	TA 2920 Z	47	TAM 2920	52	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 2930 Z	70	TAM 2930	75.5	—	—	—	—	YT 2920	58.5
30	—	—	—	—	TLA 3012 Z	23.5	TLAM 3012	29	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 3016 Z	30.5	TLAM 3016	36	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 3018 Z	34.5	TLAM 3018	40	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 3020 Z	38	TLAM 3020	43.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 3026 Z	49	TLAM 3026	54.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLAW3038 Z	69	TLAMW3038	74.5	—	—
	TA 3013 Z	36.5	TAM 3013	42.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3015 Z	42	TAM 3015	47.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3020 Z	54.5	TAM 3020	60	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3025 Z	68	TAM 3025	73.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
32	TA 3220 Z	57.5	TAM 3220	63.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3230 Z	86	TAM 3230	97.5	—	—	—	—	YT 3220	71.5
35	—	—	—	—	TLA 3512 Z	27	TLAM 3512	34.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 3516 Z	35	TLAM 3516	42.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 3520 Z	43.5	TLAM 3520	51	—	—
	TA 3512 Z	38.5	TAM 3512	46	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3515 Z	48	TAM 3515	56	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3520 Z	62.5	TAM 3520	70	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3525 Z	78	TAM 3525	85.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3530 Z	97	TAM 3530	105	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. "W" in the identification number indicates that rolling elements are arranged in double rows.  
2. Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



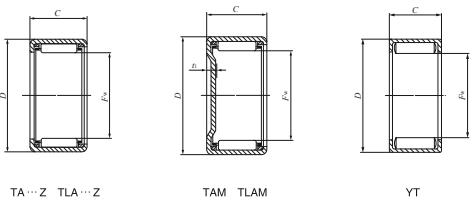
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm						Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>W</sub>	D	C	t <sub>1</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6 Max. Min.	Housing bore dia. J7 Max. Min.	N7 Max. Min.				N	N		
29	38	20	3.4							22 000	34 200	13 000	IRT 2520
29	38	30	3.4	29.000	28.987	38.014	37.989	—	—	34 200	60 300	13 000	IRT 2530
29	38	20	—							35 500	64 100	5 000	IRT 2520
30	37	12	2.8							10 400	16 600	12 000	—
30	37	16	2.8							14 100	24 500	12 000	—
30	37	18	2.8							16 400	29 800	12 000	—
30	37	20	2.8	30.000	29.987	—	—	36.992	36.967	18 600	35 100	12 000	IRT 2520-1
30	37	26	2.8							24 800	50 900	12 000	IRT 2526-1
30	37	38	2.8							31 900	70 200	12 000	IRT 2538-1
30	40	13	3.4							13 500	16 800	12 000	—
30	40	15	3.4							16 800	22 400	12 000	IRT 2515-1
30	40	20	3.4	30.000	29.987	40.014	39.989	—	—	24 500	36 300	12 000	IRT 2520-1
30	40	25	3.4							31 600	50 300	12 000	IRT 2525-1
30	40	30	3.4							36 700	60 700	12 000	IRT 2530-1
32	42	20	3.4							25 400	38 600	11 000	IRT 2820
32	42	30	3.4	32.000	31.984	42.014	41.989	—	—	39 500	68 400	11 000	IRT 2830
32	42	20	—							39 900	70 100	4 500	IRT 2820
35	42	12	2.8							11 600	20 000	10 000	IRT 3012
35	42	16	2.8	35.000	34.984	—	—	41.992	41.967	15 700	29 600	10 000	—
35	42	20	2.8							20 700	42 300	10 000	IRT 3020
35	45	12	3.4							14 800	19 900	10 000	IRT 3012
35	45	15	3.4							18 500	26 500	10 000	IRT 3015
35	45	20	3.4	35.000	34.984	45.014	44.989	—	—	27 000	43 100	10 000	IRT 3020
35	45	25	3.4							34 800	59 700	10 000	IRT 3025
35	45	30	3.4							40 600	72 600	10 000	IRT 3030



Shaft dia. 37 – 45mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
37	TA 3720 Z	64.5	TAM 3720	73	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3730 Z	101	TAM 3730	110	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 3720	81
38	TA 3815 Z	51	TAM 3815	60	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3820 Z	65.5	TAM 3820	74.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3825 Z	82.5	TAM 3825	96	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 3830 Z	104	TAM 3830	114	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 3845 Z	149	TAMW 3845	159	—	—	—	—	—	—
40	—	—	—	—	TLA 4012 Z	30	TLAM 4012	40	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 4016 Z	39	TLAM 4016	49	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 4020 Z	49	TLAM 4020	58.5	—	—
	TA 4015 Z	54	TAM 4015	63.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4020 Z	69.5	TAM 4020	79	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4025 Z	86.5	TAM 4025	102	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4030 Z	110	TAM 4030	120	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4040 Z	144	TAM 4040	154	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 4015	63.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 4025	109
45	—	—	—	—	TLA 4516 Z	43.5	TLAM 4516	56	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 4520 Z	54.5	TLAM 4520	67	—	—
	TA 4520 Z	77	TAM 4520	90	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4525 Z	102	TAM 4525	115	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4530 Z	122	TAM 4530	135	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 4540 Z	161	TAM 4540	174	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 4520	96
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YT 4525	122

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. "W" in the identification number indicates that rolling elements are arranged in double rows.  
2. Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



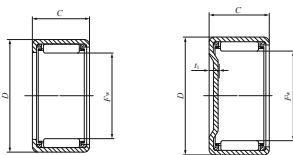
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm						Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>wh</sub>	D	C	f <sub>1</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
37	47	20	3.4	37.000	36.984	47.014	46.989	—	—	27 800	45 400	9 500	IRT 3220
37	47	30	3.4							41 800	76 700	9 500	IRT 3230
37	47	20	—							43 300	81 300	4 000	IRT 3220
38	48	15	3.4	38.000	37.984	48.014	47.989	—	—	19 000	28 000	9 000	IRT 3215-1
38	48	20	3.4							27 700	45 600	9 000	IRT 3220-1
38	48	25	3.4							35 600	63 100	9 000	IRT 3225-1
38	48	30	3.4							43 100	80 600	9 000	IRT 3230-1
38	48	45	3.4							55 700	112 000	9 000	IRT 3245-1
40	47	12	2.8	40.000	39.984	—	—	46.992	46.967	12 400	22 800	8 500	—
40	47	16	2.8							16 700	33 700	8 500	—
40	47	20	2.8							22 100	48 200	8 500	IRT 3520
40	50	15	3.4	40.000	39.984	50.014	49.989	—	—	19 500	29 400	8 500	IRT 3515
40	50	20	3.4							28 400	47 800	8 500	IRT 3520
40	50	25	3.4							36 600	66 200	8 500	IRT 3525
40	50	30	3.4							44 300	84 600	8 500	IRT 3530
40	50	40	3.4							56 700	116 000	8 500	IRT 3540
40	50	15	—							33 400	59 800	4 000	IRT 3515
40	50	25	—							55 300	114 000	4 000	IRT 3525
45	52	16	2.8	45.000	44.984	—	—	51.991	51.961	17 800	37 800	7 500	—
45	52	20	2.8							23 400	54 000	7 500	IRT 4020
45	55	20	3.4	45.000	44.984	55.018	54.988	—	—	30 600	54 600	7 500	IRT 4020
45	55	25	3.4							39 400	75 600	7 500	IRT 4025
45	55	30	3.4							47 700	96 600	7 500	IRT 4030
45	55	40	3.4							61 300	133 000	7 500	IRT 4040
45	55	20	—							47 800	98 200	3 500	IRT 4020
45	55	25	—							59 100	129 000	3 500	IRT 4025



Shaft dia. 50 – 62mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
50	—	—	—	—	TLA 5020 Z	69	TLAM 5020	84.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 5025 Z	86	TLAM 5025	107	—	—
	TA 5012 Z	62.5	TAM 5012	78	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5015 Z	78	TAM 5015	98.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5020 Z	107	TAM 5020	123	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5025 Z	134	TAM 5025	150	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5030 Z	161	TAM 5030	178	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5040 Z	210	TAM 5040	230	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 5045 Z	230	TAMW 5045	245	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	TLA 5520 Z	75	TLAM 5520	98.5	—	—
55	—	—	—	—	TLA 5525 Z	98.5	TLAM 5525	118	—	—
	TA 5520 Z	116	TAM 5520	136	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5525 Z	145	TAM 5525	165	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5530 Z	175	TAM 5530	195	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 5540 Z	230	TAM 5540	250	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 5545 Z	250	TAMW 5545	270	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 5550 Z	280	TAMW 5550	300	—	—	—	—	—	—
60	TA 6025 Z	158	TAM 6025	182	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 6030 Z	191	TAM 6030	215	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 6040 Z	250	TAM 6040	275	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 6045 Z	270	TAMW 6045	295	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 6050 Z	305	TAMW 6050	330	—	—	—	—	—	—
62	TA 6212 Z	78	TAM 6212	107	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. "W" in the identification number indicates that rolling elements are arranged in double rows.  
2. Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



TA...Z TLA...Z TAM TLAM

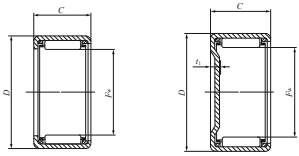
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm								Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>wh</sub>	D	C	f <sub>1</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7 Max.	N7 Min.	N7 Max.	N7 Min.	N	N		
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.								
50	58	20	2.8	50.000	49.984	—	—	57.991	57.961			28 800	64 100	6 500	IRT 4520
50	58	25	2.8									36 900	88 400	6 500	IRT 4525
50	62	12	3.4									17 700	24 000	6 500	IRT 4512
50	62	15	3.4	50.000	49.984	62.018	61.988	—	—			25 800	39 000	6 500	IRT 4515
50	62	20	3.4									38 000	64 000	6 500	IRT 4520
50	62	25	3.4									49 100	89 000	6 500	IRT 4525
50	62	30	3.4									59 500	114 000	6 500	IRT 4530
50	62	40	3.4									76 500	157 000	6 500	IRT 4540
50	62	45	3.4									76 700	158 000	6 500	IRT 4545
55	63	20	2.8									29 800	69 400	5 500	IRT 5020-1
55	63	25	2.8	55.000	54.981	—	—	62.991	62.961			38 300	95 700	5 500	IRT 5025-1
55	67	20	3.4	55.000	54.981	67.018	66.988	—	—			39 600	69 700	5 500	IRT 5020-1
55	67	25	3.4									51 200	97 000	5 500	IRT 5025-1
55	67	30	3.4									62 000	124 000	5 500	IRT 5030-1
55	67	40	3.4									80 000	172 000	5 500	IRT 5040-1
55	67	45	3.4									79 900	172 000	5 500	IRT 5045-1
55	67	50	3.4									91 500	205 000	5 500	IRT 5050-1
60	72	25	3.4	60.000	59.981	72.018	71.988	—	—			54 700	108 000	5 000	IRT 5025
60	72	30	3.4									66 300	139 000	5 000	IRT 5030
60	72	40	3.4									85 700	193 000	5 000	IRT 5040
60	72	45	3.4									85 400	193 000	5 000	IRT 5045
60	72	50	3.4									97 800	229 000	5 000	IRT 5050
62	74	12	3.4	62.000	61.981	74.018	73.988	—	—			20 100	30 300	4 500	IRT 5212



Shaft dia. 65 — 70mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
65	TA 6525 Z	169	TAM 6525	197	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 6530 Z	205	TAM 6530	230	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 6545 Z	290	TAMW 6545	315	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 6550 Z	330	TAMW 6550	355	—	—	—	—	—	—
70	TA 7025 Z	181	TAM 7025	215	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 7030 Z	220	TAM 7030	250	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TA 7040 Z	290	TAM 7040	320	—	—	—	—	—	—
	TAW 7050 Z	350	TAMW 7050	380	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. "W" in the identification number indicates that rolling elements are arranged in double rows.  
2. Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



TA...Z TAM

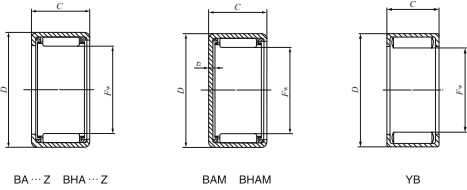
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm						Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$t_1$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		N7		$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
65	77	25	3.4	65.000	64.981	77.018	76.988	—	—	56 500	116 000	4 000	IRT 5525
65	77	30	3.4							68 500	149 000	4 000	IRT 5530
65	77	45	3.4							88 300	207 000	4 000	IRT 5545
65	77	50	3.4							101 000	246 000	4 000	IRT 5550
70	82	25	3.4	70.000	69.981	82.022	81.987	—	—	58 500	124 000	3 500	IRT 6025
70	82	30	3.4							70 900	159 000	3 500	IRT 6030
70	82	40	3.4							92 000	222 000	3 500	IRT 6040
70	82	50	3.4							105 000	262 000	3 500	IRT 6050



Shaft dia. 3.969 — 9.525mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
3.969 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>32</sub> )	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2.5 2.5	0.64
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2.5 4	0.96
4.762 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 34	1.6
6.350 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	BA 44 Z	2.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 45 Z	2.5	BAM 45	2.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 47 Z	3.5	BAM 47	3.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 45	3.2
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 47	4.6
	BA 55 Z	3	BAM 55	3.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 56 Z	3.6	BAM 56	3.9	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 57 Z	4.3	BAM 57	4.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	BA 59 Z	5.4	BAM 59	5.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 55	3.8
	—	—	—	—	BHA 57 Z	6.3	BHAM 57	6.6	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	BA 65 Z	3.5	BAM 65	3.9	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 66 Z	4.2	BAM 66	4.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 68 Z	5.7	BAM 68	6.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 69 Z	6.3	BAM 69	6.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 610 Z	7	BAM 610	7.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 64	3.4
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 66	5.3
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 68	7.2
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 610	9.1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 68 Z	8.2	BHAM 68	8.6	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(\*) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



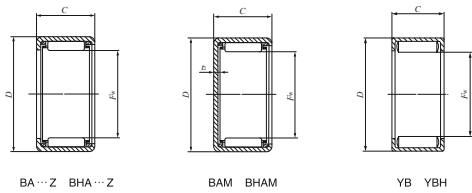
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(*)	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$I_2$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6 Max. Min.	Housing bore dia. J7 Max. Min.	$C$	$C_0$	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
3.969 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>32</sub> )	7.144 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>32</sub> )	3.96(156)	—	3.969	3.961	7.152	7.137	1 350	1 220	40 000	—
3.969 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>32</sub> )	7.144 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>32</sub> )	6.35(250)	—	—	—	—	—	2 320	2 440	40 000	—
4.762 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	8.731 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	6.35(250)	—	4.762	4.754	8.739	8.724	2 770	2 700	30 000	—
6.350 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	11.112 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	6.35(250)	1	—	—	—	—	1 770	1 390	55 000	—
6.350 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	11.112 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	7.92(312)	1	—	—	—	—	1 510	1 120	55 000	—
6.350 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	11.112 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	11.13(438)	1	6.350	6.341	11.122	11.104	2 850	2 310	55 000	—
6.350 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	11.112 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	7.92(312)	—	—	—	—	—	4 450	4 870	25 000	—
6.350 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	11.112 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	11.13(438)	—	—	—	—	—	6 320	7 650	25 000	—
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.700 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> )	7.92(312)	1	—	—	—	—	1 880	1 560	45 000	—
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.700 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> )	9.52(375)	1	—	—	—	—	2 620	2 390	45 000	—
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.700 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> )	11.13(438)	1	7.938	7.929	12.710	12.692	3 310	3 220	45 000	—
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.700 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> )	14.27(562)	1	—	—	—	—	4 190	4 360	45 000	—
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.700 ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> )	7.92(312)	—	—	—	—	—	5 110	6 090	20 000	—
7.938 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	11.13(438)	1.3	7.938	7.929	14.298	14.280	4 150	3 730	45 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	7.92(312)	1	—	—	—	—	2 220	2 010	40 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	9.52(375)	1	—	—	—	—	3 090	3 080	40 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.70(500)	1	9.525	9.516	14.298	14.280	4 190	4 560	40 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	14.27(562)	1	—	—	—	—	4 940	5 630	40 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	15.88(625)	1	—	—	—	—	5 660	6 700	40 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	6.35(250)	—	—	—	—	—	4 470	5 360	16 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	9.52(375)	—	9.525	9.516	14.298	14.280	6 920	9 410	16 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.70(500)	—	—	—	—	—	9 210	13 600	16 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	15.88(625)	—	—	—	—	—	11 300	17 800	16 000	—
9.525 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	15.875 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	12.70(500)	1.3	9.525	9.516	15.885	15.867	4 880	4 740	40 000	—



Shaft dia. 11.112 – 12.700mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
11.112 (7/16)	BA 76 Z	4.8	BAM 76	5.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 77 Z	5.6	BAM 77	6.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 78 Z	6.4	BAM 78	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 710 Z	7.9	BAM 710	8.5	—	—	—	—	YB 78	8.2
	—	—	—	—	BHA 78 Z	9.3	BHAM 78	10	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 78	10.5
12.700 (1/2)	BA 85 Z	4.4	BAM 85	5.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 86 Z	5.3	BAM 86	6.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 87 Z	6.3	BAM 87	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 88 Z	7.2	BAM 88	7.9	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 810 Z	8.9	BAM 810	9.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 812 Z	10.6	BAM 812	11.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 84	4.3
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 86	6.7
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 87	7.9
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 88	9.1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 810	11.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 812	13.9
	—	—	—	—	BHA 87 Z	9.1	BHAM 87	9.9	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 88 Z	10.4	BHAM 88	11.3	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 810 Z	12.5	BHAM 810	13.3	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 812 Z	15	BHAM 812	15.8	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 810	16
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



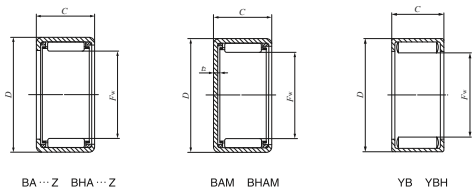
Boundary dimensions    mm(inch)			Standard mounting dimensions    mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>	Assembled inner ring	
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$f_2$	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
11.112 (7/16)	15.875 (5/8)	9.52(.375)	1	11.112	11.101	15.885	15.867	3 290	3 470	35 000	—
11.112 (7/16)	15.875 (5/8)	11.13(.438)	1					4 150	4 680	35 000	—
11.112 (7/16)	15.875 (5/8)	12.70(.500)	1					4 460	5 130	35 000	—
11.112 (7/16)	15.875 (5/8)	15.88(.625)	1					6 020	7 550	35 000	—
11.112 (7/16)	15.875 (5/8)	12.70(.500)	—					10 100	15 900	14 000	—
11.112 (7/16)	17.462 (5/8)	12.70(.500)	1.3					5 680	5 970	35 000	—
11.112 (7/16)	17.462 (5/8)	12.70(.500)	—	12.700	12.689	17.472	17.454	12 500	15 800	14 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	7.92(.312)	1					2 490	2 510	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	9.52(.375)	1					3 470	3 850	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	11.13(.438)	1					4 380	5 190	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	12.70(.500)	1					4 710	5 700	30 000	IRB 58
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	15.88(.625)	1					6 350	8 380	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	19.05(.750)	1					7 840	11 000	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	6.35(.250)	—					5 260	7 150	12 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	9.52(.375)	—					8 150	12 600	12 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	11.13(.438)	—					9 530	15 300	12 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	12.70(.500)	—					10 800	18 100	12 000	IRB 58
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	15.88(.625)	—					13 400	23 700	12 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	17.462 (5/8)	19.05(.750)	—					15 800	29 300	12 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	19.050 (3/4)	11.13(.438)	1.3	12.700	12.689	19.062	19.041	5 670	6 120	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	19.050 (3/4)	12.70(.500)	1.3					6 040	6 650	30 000	IRB 58
12.700 (1/2)	19.050 (3/4)	15.88(.625)	1.3					8 830	10 900	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	19.050 (3/4)	19.05(.750)	1.3					11 100	14 500	30 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	19.050 (3/4)	15.88(.625)	—					16 300	23 500	12 000	—
12.700 (1/2)	19.050 (3/4)	15.88(.625)	—					—	—	—	—



Shaft dia. 14.288 — 15.875mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
14.288 ( <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	BA 95 Z	4.9	BAM 95	5.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 96 Z	5.9	BAM 96	6.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 97 Z	6.9	BAM 97	7.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 98 Z	7.9	BAM 98	8.9	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 910 Z	9.9	BAM 910	10.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 912 Z	11.7	BAM 912	12.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 98	10.1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 910	12.7
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 912	15.4
	—	—	—	—	BHA 98 Z	11.4	BHAM 98	12.5	—	—
15.875 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	—	—	—	—	BHA 910 Z	13.6	BHAM 910	14.7	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 912 Z	16.3	BHAM 912	17.4	—	—
	BA 105 Z	5.3	BAM 105	6.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 107 Z	7.6	BAM 107	8.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 108 Z	8.7	BAM 108	9.9	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1010 Z	10.8	BAM 1010	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1012 Z	12.9	BAM 1012	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1014 Z	15.1	BAM 1014	16.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1016 Z	17.3	BAM 1016	18.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 105	6.7
15.875 ( <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 108	11
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1012	16.9
	—	—	—	—	BHA 108 Z	12.6	BHAM 108	13.9	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1010 Z	14.9	BHAM 1010	16.2	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1012 Z	18	BHAM 1012	19.3	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1016 Z	24	BHAM 1016	25	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 108	15.3
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



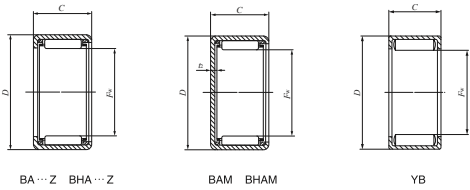
Boundary dimensions    mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions    mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$f_2$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	7.92 (.312)	1.3					2 760	2 970	30 000	—
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	9.52 (.375)	1.3					3 850	4 560	30 000	—
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	11.13 (.438)	1.3					4 860	6 140	30 000	—
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	12.70 (.500)	1.3					5 220	6 740	30 000	IRB 68
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	15.88 (.625)	1.3	14.288	14.277	19.062	19.041	7 050	9 910	30 000	—
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	19.05 (.750)	1.3					8 690	13 000	30 000	IRB 612
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	12.70 (.500)	—					11 600	20 400	11 000	IRB 68
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	15.88 (.625)	—					14 300	26 700	11 000	—
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.050 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	19.05 (.750)	—					16 800	33 000	11 000	IRB 612
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	12.70 (.500)	1.3					6 380	7 330	30 000	IRB 68
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	15.88 (.625)	1.3	14.288	14.277	20.650	20.629	9 280	11 900	30 000	—
14.288 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.05 (.750)	1.3					11 600	15 900	30 000	IRB 612
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	7.92 (.312)	1.3					2 870	3 220	25 000	—
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	11.13 (.438)	1.3					5 040	6 660	25 000	—
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	12.70 (.500)	1.3					5 420	7 310	25 000	IRB 68-1
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	15.88 (.625)	1.3					7 320	10 700	25 000	—
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.05 (.750)	1.3	15.875	15.864	20.650	20.629	9 020	14 100	25 000	IRB 612-1
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	22.22 (.875)	1.3					10 700	17 500	25 000	IRB 714
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	25.40 (1.000)	1.3					12 300	20 800	25 000	IRB 716
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	7.92 (.312)	—					7 580	12 200	9 500	—
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	12.70 (.500)	—					12 300	22 700	9 500	IRB 68-1
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	20.638 <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	19.05 (.750)	—					17 800	36 600	9 500	IRB 612-1
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	22.225 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	12.70 (.500)	1.3					6 680	8 020	25 000	IRB 68-1
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	22.225 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	15.88 (.625)	1.3					10 200	13 800	25 000	—
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	22.225 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	19.05 (.750)	1.3	15.875	15.864	22.237	22.216	12 700	18 500	25 000	IRB 612-1
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	22.225 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	25.40 (1.000)	1.3					17 400	27 600	25 000	IRB 716
15.875 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	22.225 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	12.70 (.500)	—					15 000	22 400	9 500	IRB 68-1



Shaft dia. 17.462 – 19.050mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	BA 116 Z	7	BAM 116	8.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 118 Z	9.5	BAM 118	10.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1110 Z	11.8	BAM 1110	13.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1112 Z	14	BAM 1112	15.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1112	18.3
	—	—	—	—	BHA 117 Z	11.9	BHAM 117	13.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 118 Z	13.7	BHAM 118	15.3	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1110 Z	16	BHAM 1110	17.6	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1112 Z	19.3	BHAM 1112	21	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	BA 126 Z	10	BAM 126	11.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 128 Z	13.5	BAM 128	15.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1210 Z	17	BAM 1210	18.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1212 Z	20.5	BAM 1212	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1214 Z	23.5	BAM 1214	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1216 Z	27	BAM 1216	28.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 124	8.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 128	17.8
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1210	22.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1212	27
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1212 Z	26.5	BHAM 1212	28.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



BA ... Z BHA ... Z

BAM BHAM

YB

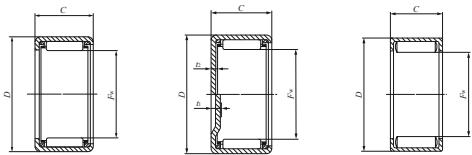
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$I_2$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	22.225 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	9.521 (.375)	1.3	17.462	17.451	22.237	22.216	4 530	5 980	25 000	IRB 86
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	22.225 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	12.701 (.500)	1.3					6 140	8 850	25 000	IRB 88
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	22.225 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	15.881 (.625)	1.3					8 280	13 000	25 000	—
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	22.225 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	19.051 (.750)	1.3					10 200	17 000	25 000	IRB 812
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	22.225 ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> )	19.051 (.750)	1.3					18 700	40 300	8 500	IRB 812
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	23.812 ( <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	11.131 (.438)	1.3	17.462	17.451	23.824	23.803	6 860	8 530	25 000	—
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	23.812 ( <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.701 (.500)	1.3					7 320	9 270	25 000	IRB 88
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	23.812 ( <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	15.881 (.625)	1.3					10 500	14 900	25 000	—
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	23.812 ( <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	19.051 (.750)	1.3					13 200	19 900	25 000	IRB 812
17.462 ( <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	23.812 ( <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	19.051 (.750)	1.3					—	—	—	—
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	9.521 (.375)	1.3	19.050	19.037	25.412	25.391	5 040	5 850	20 000	—
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	12.701 (.500)	1.3					6 910	8 780	20 000	IRB 88-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	15.881 (.625)	1.3					9 500	13 200	20 000	IRB 810-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	19.051 (.750)	1.3					11 900	17 700	20 000	IRB 812-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	22.221 (.875)	1.3					14 200	22 200	20 000	IRB 814-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	25.401 (1.000)	1.3					16 300	26 500	20 000	IRB 816-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	6.351 (.250)	—	19.050	19.037	25.412	25.391	7 820	10 200	8 000	—
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	12.701 (.500)	—					16 600	26 900	8 000	IRB 88-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	15.881 (.625)	—					20 500	35 300	8 000	IRB 810-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	19.051 (.750)	—					24 100	43 400	8 000	IRB 812-1
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.400 (1)	19.051 (.750)	—					—	—	—	—
19.050 ( <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	26.988 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	19.051 (.750)	1.3	19.050	19.037	27.000	26.979	16 600	22 600	20 000	IRB 812-1



Shaft dia. 20.638 – 22.225mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
20.638 (13/16)	BA 136 Z	10.7	BAM 136	12.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 138 Z	14.5	BAM 138	16.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1310 Z	18.2	BAM 1310	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1312 Z	22	BAM 1312	23.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1314 Z	25	BAM 1314	27	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1316 Z	28.5	BAM 1316	30.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1320 Z	35.5	BAM 1320	37.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 136	14.1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 138	19.1
	—	—	—	—	BHA 138 Z	20	BHAM 138	22.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1310 Z	23.5	BHAM 1310	25.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1312 Z	28.5	BHAM 1312	30.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 1310	30.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 1312	37
22.225 (7/8)	BA 146 Z	11.5	BAM 146	13.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 148 Z	15.6	BAM 148	17.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1412 Z	23.5	BAM 1412	26	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1414 Z	27	BAM 1414	29.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1416 Z	31	BAM 1416	33.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1418 Z	34.5	BAM 1418	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1422 Z	42.5	BAM 1422	44.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 148	20.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1412	31
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1416	41.5
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1410 Z	25	BHAM 1410	27.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1412 Z	30	BHAM 1412	32.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1416 Z	39.5	BHAM 1416	42	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 1412	39

Note(\*) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



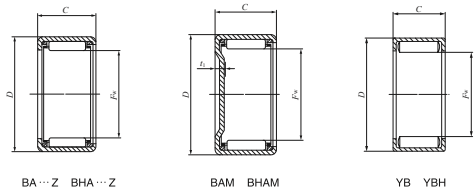
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(*)	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$f_1$ $f_2$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		$C$	$C_0$	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	9.52 (.375)	1.3	20.638	20.625	27.000	26.979	5 230	6 300	19 000	—
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	12.70 (.500)	1.3					7 170	9 450	19 000	IRB 98
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	15.88 (.625)	1.3					9 870	14 200	19 000	IRB 910
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	19.05 (.750)	1.3					12 400	19 000	19 000	IRB 912
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	22.22 (.875)	1.3					14 700	23 800	19 000	IRB 914
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	25.40 (1.000)	1.3					16 900	28 500	19 000	IRB 916
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	31.75 (1.250)	1.3					21 200	38 100	19 000	IRB 920
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	9.52 (.375)	—					13 000	20 100	7 500	—
20.638 (13/16)	26.988 (1 1/16)	12.70 (.500)	—					17 400	29 200	7 500	IRB 98
20.638 (13/16)	28.575 (1 1/8)	12.70 (.500)	1.3	20.638	20.625	28.587	28.566	9 500	11 200	19 000	IRB 98
20.638 (13/16)	28.575 (1 1/8)	15.88 (.625)	1.3					13 800	18 200	19 000	IRB 910
20.638 (13/16)	28.575 (1 1/8)	19.05 (.750)	1.3					17 300	24 400	19 000	IRB 912
20.638 (13/16)	28.575 (1 1/8)	15.88 (.625)	—					22 900	36 300	7 500	IRB 910
20.638 (13/16)	28.575 (1 1/8)	19.05 (.750)	—					27 200	45 300	7 500	IRB 912
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	9.52 (.375)	2.8	22.225	22.212	28.587	28.566	5 430	6 740	18 000	IRB 106
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	12.70 (.500)	2.8					7 440	10 100	18 000	IRB 108
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	19.05 (.750)	2.8					12 800	20 400	18 000	IRB 1012
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	22.22 (.875)	2.8					15 300	25 500	18 000	IRB 1014
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					17 600	30 500	18 000	IRB 1016
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	28.58 (1.125)	2.8					19 800	35 600	18 000	—
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	34.92 (1.375)	2.8					24 100	45 700	18 000	IRB 1022
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	12.70 (.500)	—					18 100	31 400	7 000	IRB 108
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	19.05 (.750)	—					26 300	50 700	7 000	IRB 1012
22.225 (7/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	25.40 (1.000)	—					33 800	70 200	7 000	IRB 1016
22.225 (7/8)	30.162 (1 1/8)	15.88 (.625)	3.4	22.225	22.212	30.176	30.151	14 300	19 500	18 000	—
22.225 (7/8)	30.162 (1 1/8)	19.05 (.750)	3.4					18 000	26 100	18 000	IRB 1012
22.225 (7/8)	30.162 (1 1/8)	25.40 (1.000)	3.4					23 600	36 900	18 000	IRB 1016
22.225 (7/8)	30.162 (1 1/8)	19.05 (.750)	—					28 200	49 000	7 000	IRB 1012



Shaft dia. 23.812 – 26.988mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
23.812 (1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	BA 158 Z	16.5	BAM 158	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1510 Z	20.5	BAM 1510	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1516 Z	33	BAM 1516	35.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
25.400 (1)	BA 166 Z	13.1	BAM 166	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 167 Z	15.4	BAM 167	18.3	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 168 Z	17.7	BAM 168	20.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1610 Z	22	BAM 1610	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1612 Z	26.5	BAM 1612	29.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1614 Z	31	BAM 1614	33.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1616 Z	35.5	BAM 1616	38	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1620 Z	44	BAM 1620	46.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 168	23	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1612	34.5	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1616	46.5	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 168 Z	24	BHAM 168	27	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1610 Z	28	BHAM 1610	31	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1612 Z	33.5	BHAM 1612	37	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1614 Z	39.5	BHAM 1614	42.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1616 Z	45	BHAM 1616	48	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1620 Z	56.5	BHAM 1620	59.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1624 Z	67.5	BHAM 1624	71	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 168	29	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 1612	44.5	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YBH 1616	59.5	—
26.988 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	BA 1710 Z	23.5	BAM 1710	26.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1716 Z	37	BAM 1716	40.5	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(\*) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



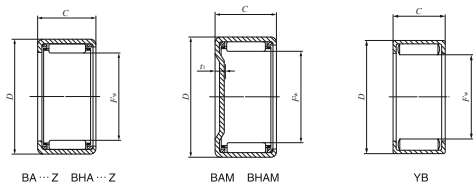
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(*)	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$I_1$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
23.812 (1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	30.162 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	12.70 (.500)	2.8	23.812	23.799	30.176	30.151	8 000	11 400	16 000	—
23.812 (1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	30.162 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	15.88 (.625)	2.8					11 000	17 100	16 000	IRB 1110
23.812 (1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	30.162 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					18 900	34 300	16 000	IRB 1116
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	9.52 (.375)	2.8					6 010	8 020	15 000	—
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	11.13 (.438)	2.8					7 720	11 100	15 000	—
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	12.70 (.500)	2.8					8 240	12 000	15 000	IRB 128
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	15.88 (.625)	2.8					11 300	18 100	15 000	—
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	19.05 (.750)	2.8					14 200	24 300	15 000	IRB 1212
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	22.22 (.875)	2.8	25.400	25.387	31.764	31.739	16 900	30 400	15 000	IRB 1214
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					19 400	36 300	15 000	IRB 1216
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	31.75 (1.250)	2.8					24 400	48 500	15 000	IRB 1220
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	12.70 (.500)	—					19 400	36 000	6 000	IRB 128
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	19.05 (.750)	—					28 200	58 000	6 000	IRB 1212
25.400 (1)	31.750 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.40 (1.000)	—					36 300	80 300	6 000	IRB 1216
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	12.70 (.500)	3.4					10 200	13 100	15 000	IRB 128
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	15.88 (.625)	3.4					15 300	22 100	15 000	—
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	19.05 (.750)	3.4					19 300	29 700	15 000	IRB 1212
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	22.22 (.875)	3.4					23 000	37 200	15 000	IRB 1214
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.40 (1.000)	3.4	25.400	25.387	33.352	33.327	26 400	44 500	15 000	IRB 1216
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	31.75 (1.250)	3.4					33 200	59 600	15 000	IRB 1220
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	38.10 (1.500)	3.4					39 400	74 400	15 000	—
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	12.70 (.500)	—					20 900	34 100	6 000	IRB 128
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	19.05 (.750)	—					30 700	56 100	6 000	IRB 1212
25.400 (1)	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.40 (1.000)	—					39 900	78 400	6 000	IRB 1216
26.988 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	15.88 (.625)	2.8	26.988	26.975	33.352	33.327	11 600	19 200	14 000	—
26.988 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> )	33.338 (1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> )	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					20 000	38 300	14 000	—



Shaft dia. 28.575 – 30.162mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
28.575 (1 1/8)	BA 186 Z	14.5	BAM 186	18.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 188 Z	19.5	BAM 188	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1812 Z	29.5	BAM 1812	33	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1816 Z	39	BAM 1816	42.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1820 Z	48.5	BAM 1820	52	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 188	25.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1812	38.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1816	51.5
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1812 Z	45	BHAM 1812	49	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1816 Z	60	BHAM 1816	64	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1818 Z	67.5	BHAM 1818	71.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 1820 Z	73.5	BHAM 1820	78	—	—
30.162 (1 3/16)	BA 1910 Z	32.5	BAM 1910	37.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 1916 Z	52	BAM 1916	57	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 1910	42.5

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



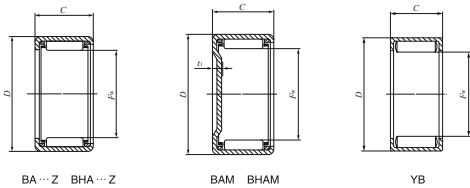
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	I <sub>1</sub>	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	9.52 (.375)	2.8	28.575	28.562	34.939	34.914	6 330	8 910	13 000	—
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	12.70 (.500)	2.8					8 680	13 400	13 000	IRB 148
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	19.05 (.750)	2.8					15 000	26 900	13 000	IRB 1412
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					20 500	40 300	13 000	IRB 1416
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	31.75 (1.250)	2.8					25 700	53 900	13 000	IRB 1420
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	12.70 (.500)	—					20 700	40 500	5 500	IRB 148
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	19.05 (.750)	—					30 000	65 300	5 500	IRB 1412
28.575 (1 1/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	25.40 (1.000)	—					38 700	90 400	5 500	IRB 1416
28.575 (1 1/8)	38.100 (1 1/2)	19.05 (.750)	3.4	28.575	28.562	38.114	38.089	22 500	32 200	13 000	IRB 1412
28.575 (1 1/8)	38.100 (1 1/2)	25.40 (1.000)	3.4					30 900	48 600	13 000	IRB 1416
28.575 (1 1/8)	38.100 (1 1/2)	28.58 (1.125)	3.4					34 900	56 600	13 000	—
28.575 (1 1/8)	38.100 (1 1/2)	31.75 (1.250)	3.4					37 100	61 100	13 000	IRB 1420
30.162 (1 3/16)	38.100 (1 1/2)	15.88 (.625)	2.8	30.162	30.146	38.114	38.089	15 000	22 500	12 000	—
30.162 (1 3/16)	38.100 (1 1/2)	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					25 800	45 300	12 000	—
30.162 (1 3/16)	38.100 (1 1/2)	15.88 (.625)	—					28 400	53 600	5 000	—



Shaft dia. 31.750 – 33.338mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
31.750 (1 1/4)	BA 208 Z	21.5	BAM 208	26	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2010 Z	27	BAM 2010	31.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2012 Z	32.5	BAM 2012	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2016 Z	43	BAM 2016	47.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2020 Z	53.5	BAM 2020	58	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2010	35
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2012	42.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2016	57
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2018	64
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2020	68
	—	—	—	—	BHA 208 Z	34.5	BHAM 208	40	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 2012 Z	49.5	BHAM 2012	54.5	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 2016 Z	66	BHAM 2016	71	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 2020 Z	81.5	BHAM 2020	86.5	—	—
33.338 (1 5/16)	BA 218 Z	28.5	BAM 218	35	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2110 Z	35.5	BAM 2110	41.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2112 Z	43	BAM 2112	49	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



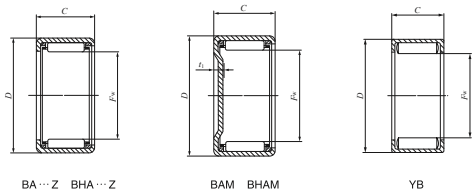
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$I_1$ Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	12.70 (.500)	2.8	31.750	31.734	38.114	38.089	9 100	14 700	12 000	IRB 168
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	15.88 (.625)	2.8					12 500	22 200	12 000	IRB 1610
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	19.05 (.750)	2.8					15 700	29 600	12 000	IRB 1612
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					21 500	44 300	12 000	IRB 1616
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	31.75 (1.250)	2.8					26 900	59 200	12 000	IRB 1620
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	15.88 (.625)	—	31.750	31.734	38.114	38.089	27 000	59 000	4 500	IRB 1610
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	19.05 (.750)	—					31 800	72 500	4 500	IRB 1612
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	25.40 (1.000)	—					40 900	100 000	4 500	IRB 1616
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	28.58 (1.125)	—					45 300	114 000	4 500	—
31.750 (1 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	31.75 (1.250)	—					49 400	128 000	4 500	IRB 1620
31.750 (1 1/4)	41.275 (1 5/8)	12.70 (.500)	3.4	31.750	31.734	41.289	41.264	13 700	17 600	12 000	IRB 168
31.750 (1 1/4)	41.275 (1 5/8)	15.88 (.625)	3.4					24 100	36 400	12 000	IRB 1612
31.750 (1 1/4)	41.275 (1 5/8)	19.05 (.750)	3.4					33 200	55 000	12 000	IRB 1616
31.750 (1 1/4)	41.275 (1 5/8)	25.40 (1.000)	3.4					40 000	69 600	12 000	IRB 1620
31.750 (1 1/4)	41.275 (1 5/8)	31.75 (1.250)	3.4					—	—	—	—
33.338 (1 5/16)	41.275 (1 5/8)	12.70 (.500)	2.8	33.338	33.322	41.289	41.264	11 100	15 800	11 000	IRB 168-1
33.338 (1 5/16)	41.275 (1 5/8)	15.88 (.625)	2.8					15 400	23 900	11 000	IRB 1610-1
33.338 (1 5/16)	41.275 (1 5/8)	19.05 (.750)	2.8					19 300	32 100	11 000	IRB 1612-1



Shaft dia. 34.925 – 38.100mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	BA 228 Z	23.5	BAM 228	29	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2212 Z	35.5	BAM 2212	41	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2216 Z	47.5	BAM 2216	53	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2220 Z	59	BAM 2220	64	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 228	30.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2212	46
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2220	77.5
	—	—	—	—	BHA 228 Z	37	BHAM 228	43	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 2210 Z	44	BHAM 2210	50	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 2212 Z	53	BHAM 2212	59	—	—
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	BA 248 Z	38.5	BAM 248	47.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2410 Z	48.5	BAM 2410	57.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2412 Z	58.5	BAM 2412	67.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2414 Z	69	BAM 2414	78	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2416 Z	79	BAM 2416	88	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2420 Z	97.5	BAM 2420	106	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 246	38
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 248	51.5
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2414	91
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2416	105
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	YB 2420	131

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



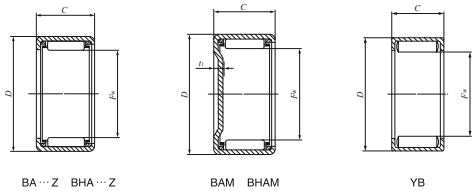
Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$I_1$	Shaft dia.		Housing bore dia.		$C$	$C_0$	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				h6 Max.	Min.	J7 Max.	Min.				
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	12.70 (.500)	2.8					9 770	16 600	10 000	IRB 188
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	19.05 (.750)	2.8					16 900	33 500	10 000	IRB 1812
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					23 100	50 200	10 000	IRB 1816
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	31.75 (1.250)	2.8	34.925	34.909	41.289	41.264	28 900	67 100	10 000	IRB 1820
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	12.70 (.500)	—					23 000	49 500	4 500	IRB 188
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	19.05 (.750)	—					33 400	79 800	4 500	IRB 1812
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	41.275 (1 5⁄8)	31.75 (1.250)	—					52 000	141 000	4 500	IRB 1820
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	44.450 (1 3⁄4)	12.70 (.500)	3.4					14 100	18 800	10 000	IRB 188
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	44.450 (1 3⁄4)	15.88 (.625)	3.4					19 700	28 800	10 000	—
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	44.450 (1 3⁄4)	19.05 (.750)	3.4	34.925	34.909	44.464	44.439	24 800	38 800	10 000	IRB 1812
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	44.450 (1 3⁄4)	25.40 (1.000)	3.4					34 100	58 400	10 000	IRB 1816
34.925 (1 3⁄8)	44.450 (1 3⁄4)	31.75 (1.250)	3.4					41 200	74 200	10 000	IRB 1820
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	12.70 (.500)	2.8					12 900	17 900	9 000	—
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	15.88 (.625)	2.8					17 800	27 100	9 000	IRB 2010
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	19.05 (.750)	2.8					22 500	36 600	9 000	—
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	22.22 (.875)	2.8	38.100	38.084	47.639	47.614	26 700	45 600	9 000	IRB 2014
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					31 100	55 400	9 000	IRB 2016
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	31.75 (1.250)	2.8					39 000	74 200	9 000	IRB 2020
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	9.52 (.375)	—					21 000	34 100	4 000	—
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	12.70 (.500)	—					28 700	50 900	4 000	—
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	22.22 (.875)	—	38.100	38.084	47.639	47.614	48 900	101 000	4 000	IRB 2014
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	25.40 (1.000)	—					55 100	118 000	4 000	IRB 2016
38.100 (1 1⁄2)	47.625 (1 7⁄8)	31.75 (1.250)	—					66 800	151 000	4 000	IRB 2020



Shaft dia. 41.275 – 52.388mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
41.275 (1 5/8)	BA 268 Z	41	BAM 268	51.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2610 Z	52	BAM 2610	62.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2616 Z	85	BAM 2616	95.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2620 Z	105	BAM 2620	115	—	—	—	—	YB 2610	69
44.450 (1 3/4)	BA 2812 Z	67.5	BAM 2812	79.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2816 Z	91	BAM 2816	103	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2820 Z	112	BAM 2820	125	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 2824 Z	136	BAM 2824	148	—	—	—	—	YB 2816	119
47.625 (1 7/8)	BA 308 Z	47.5	BAM 308	61	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3010 Z	60	BAM 3010	74	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3012 Z	72.5	BAM 3012	86.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3016 Z	97.5	BAM 3016	112	—	—	—	—	YB 3012	95
50.800 (2)	BA 328 Z	50	BAM 328	66	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3216 Z	104	BAM 3216	119	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3220 Z	128	BAM 3220	144	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3224 Z	155	BAM 3224	170	—	—	—	—	—	—
52.388 (2 1/16)	BAW3228Z	180	BAMW3228	196	—	—	—	—	YB 3216	130
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 3312 Z	104	BHAM 3312	122	—	—
	—	—	—	—	BHA 3316 Z	139	BHAM 3316	157	—	—
52.388 (2 1/16)	—	—	—	—	BHA 3324 Z	205	BHAM 3324	225	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. "W" in the identification number indicates that rolling elements are arranged in double rows.  
2. Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.



Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	I <sub>1</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
41.275 1 5/8	50.800 2	12.70(.500)	2.8	41.275	41.259	50.818	50.788	13 700	19 800	8 000	—
41.275 1 5/8	50.800 2	15.88(.625)	2.8					18 900	30 000	8 000	IRB 2210
41.275 1 5/8	50.800 2	25.40(1.000)	2.8					33 000	61 400	8 000	—
41.275 1 5/8	50.800 2	31.75(1.250)	2.8					41 400	82 100	8 000	IRB 2220
41.275 1 5/8	50.800 2	15.88(.625)	—	44.450	44.434	53.993	53.963	37 000	71 700	3 500	IRB 2210
44.450 1 3/4	53.975 2 1/8	19.05(.750)	2.8					25 200	44 500	7 500	IRB 2412
44.450 1 3/4	53.975 2 1/8	25.40(1.000)	2.8					34 800	67 400	7 500	IRB 2416
44.450 1 3/4	53.975 2 1/8	31.75(1.250)	2.8					43 600	90 200	7 500	—
44.450 1 3/4	53.975 2 1/8	38.10(1.500)	2.8	44.450	44.434	57.168	57.138	52 000	113 000	7 500	IRB 2424
44.450 1 3/4	53.975 2 1/8	25.40(1.000)	—					59 500	136 000	3 500	IRB 2416
44.450 1 3/4	57.150 2 1/4	38.10(1.500)	3.4					72 200	135 000	7 500	IRB 2424
47.625 1 7/8	57.150 2 1/4	12.70(.500)	2.8	47.625	47.609	57.168	57.138	14 700	22 800	7 000	IRB 248-1
47.625 1 7/8	57.150 2 1/4	15.88(.625)	2.8					20 300	34 500	7 000	IRB 2410-1
47.625 1 7/8	57.150 2 1/4	19.05(.750)	2.8					25 700	46 700	7 000	—
47.625 1 7/8	57.150 2 1/4	25.40(1.000)	2.8					35 400	70 600	7 000	—
47.625 1 7/8	57.150 2 1/4	19.05(.750)	—	50.800	50.781	60.343	60.313	47 800	105 000	3 000	—
50.800 2	60.325 2 3/8	12.70(.500)	2.8					15 400	24 700	6 000	—
50.800 2	60.325 2 3/8	25.40(1.000)	2.8					37 100	76 500	6 000	IRB 2616
50.800 2	60.325 2 3/8	31.75(1.250)	2.8					46 600	102 000	6 000	IRB 2720
50.800 2	60.325 2 3/8	38.10(1.500)	2.8	50.800	60.325 2 3/8	44.45(1.750)	2.8	55 500	128 000	6 000	—
50.800 2	60.325 2 3/8	44.45(1.750)	2.8					57 900	136 000	6 000	IRB 2628
50.800 2	60.325 2 3/8	25.40(1.000)	—					64 100	156 000	2 500	IRB 2616
52.388 2 1/16	64.294 2 1/16	19.05(.750)	3.4	52.388	52.369	64.312	64.282	36 400	62 100	6 000	—
52.388 2 1/16	64.294 2 1/16	25.40(1.000)	3.4					50 600	94 700	6 000	—
52.388 2 1/16	64.294 2 1/16	38.10(1.500)	3.4					73 900	154 000	6 000	—

IKO

SHELL TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

Inch Series

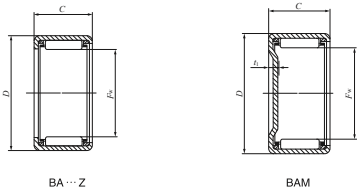


Shaft dia. 53.975 – 69.850mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number									
	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Standard	Mass (Ref.) g	Closed end	Mass (Ref.) g	Grease retained	Mass (Ref.) g
53.975 (2 1/8)	BA 348 Z	53	BAM 348	70.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3416 Z	109	BAM 3416	127	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3424 Z	162	BAM 3424	180	—	—	—	—	—	—
57.150 (2 1/4)	BA 3612 Z	85.5	BAM 3612	105	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3616 Z	115	BAM 3616	135	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3620 Z	143	BAM 3620	163	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 3624 Z	172	BAM 3624	192	—	—	—	—	—	—
66.675 (2 5/8)	BA 4216 Z	133	BAM 4216	161	—	—	—	—	—	—
69.850 (2 3/4)	BA 4410 Z	85.5	BAM 4410	115	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 4412 Z	103	BAM 4412	133	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 4416 Z	139	BAM 4416	169	—	—	—	—	—	—
	BA 4420 Z	173	BAM 4420	205	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remark Shell Type Grease Retained Full Complement Needle Roller Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Standard type and closed end type bearings are not provided with prepacked grease, so perform proper lubrication when using these types of bearings.

IKO



Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(1)	Assembled inner ring
F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	I <sub>1</sub> Max.	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. J7		C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.				
53.975 2 1/8	63.500 2 1/2	12.70 (.500)	2.8	53.975	53.956	63.518	63.488	16 100	26 600	5 500	—
53.975 2 1/8	63.500 2 1/2	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					38 700	82 500	5 500	IRB 3016
53.975 2 1/8	63.500 2 1/2	38.10 (1.500)	2.8					57 900	138 000	5 500	IRB 3024
57.150 2 1/4	66.675 2 3/8	19.05 (.750)	2.8	57.150	57.131	66.693	66.663	28 500	56 700	5 000	—
57.150 2 1/4	66.675 2 3/8	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					39 300	85 700	5 000	—
57.150 2 1/4	66.675 2 3/8	31.75 (1.250)	2.8					49 400	115 000	5 000	—
57.150 2 1/4	66.675 2 3/8	38.10 (1.500)	2.8					58 800	144 000	5 000	—
66.675 2 5/8	76.200 3	25.40 (1.000)	2.8	66.675	66.656	76.218	76.188	42 000	97 900	4 000	IRB 3616
69.850 2 3/4	79.375 3 1/8	15.88 (.625)	2.8	69.850	69.831	79.393	79.363	25 000	50 800	3 500	—
69.850 2 3/4	79.375 3 1/8	19.05 (.750)	2.8					31 500	68 700	3 500	—
69.850 2 3/4	79.375 3 1/8	25.40 (1.000)	2.8					43 500	104 000	3 500	IRB 4016
69.850 2 3/4	79.375 3 1/8	31.75 (1.250)	2.8					54 600	139 000	3 500	IRB 4020

IKO

SHELL TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

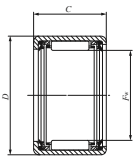
With seals



Shaft dia. 12 – 50mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref. ) g	Boundary dimensions mm			Standard mounting dimensions mm			
			$F_w$	$D$	$C$	Shaft dia. h6		Housing bore dia. N7	
						Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
12	TLA 1216 UU	11.7	12	18	16	12.000	11.989	17.995	17.977
14	TLA 1416 UU	13.3	14	20	16	14.000	13.989	19.993	19.972
15	TLA 1516 UU	14	15	21	16	15.000	14.989	20.993	20.972
16	TLA 1616 UU	14.8	16	22	16	16.000	15.989	21.993	21.972
18	TLA 1816 UU	16.3	18	24	16	18.000	17.989	23.993	23.972
20	TLA 2016 UU	17.8	20	26	16	20.000	19.987	25.993	25.972
	TLA 2020 UU	22.5	20	26	20				
22	TLA 2216 UU	19.4	22	28	16	22.000	21.987	27.993	27.972
	TLA 2220 UU	25	22	28	20				
25	TLA 2516 UU	26	25	32	16	25.000	24.987	31.992	31.967
	TLA 2520 UU	33	25	32	20				
28	TLA 2820 UU	36.5	28	35	20	28.000	27.987	34.992	34.967
30	TLA 3016 UU	30.5	30	37	16	30.000	29.987	36.992	36.967
	TLA 3020 UU	39	30	37	20				
35	TLA 3516 UU	35	35	42	16	35.000	34.984	41.992	41.967
	TLA 3520 UU	45	35	42	20				
40	TLA 4016 UU	39.5	40	47	16	40.000	39.984	46.992	46.967
	TLA 4020 UU	50.5	40	47	20				
45	TLA 4520 UU	56	45	52	20	45.000	44.984	51.991	51.961
50	TLA 5026 UU	89	50	58	26	50.000	49.984	57.991	57.961

Note(1) Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remark The type with seals is provided with prepacked grease.



TLA···UU

Basic dynamic load rating $C$	Basic static load rating $C_0$	Allowable rotational speed(1)
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
6 420	7 490	14 000
7 080	8 840	12 000
7 380	9 520	11 000
7 670	10 200	11 000
8 230	11 500	9 000
8 740	12 900	9 000
11 100	17 500	9 000
9 230	14 300	8 000
11 700	19 300	8 000
9 440	13 900	7 000
12 800	20 500	7 000
13 800	23 500	6 000
10 400	16 600	5 500
14 100	24 500	5 500
11 600	20 000	5 000
15 700	29 600	5 000
12 400	22 800	4 500
16 700	33 700	4 500
17 800	37 800	4 000
28 800	64 100	3 500

# NEEDLE ROLLER CAGES FOR GENERAL USAGE

- High carbon steel cage type
- Synthetic resin cage type



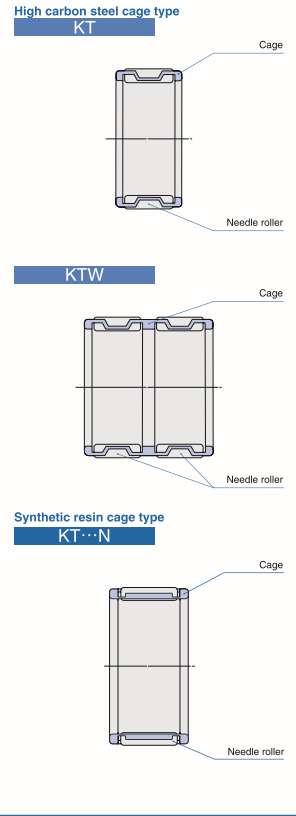
## Structure and Features

IKO Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are bearings which display excellent rotational performance. Needle rollers with extremely small dimensional variations in diameter are incorporated and retained in their specially shaped cages with high rigidity and accuracy, which precisely guide the needle rollers.

When combined with shafts and housing bores that are heat treated and accurately ground as raceway surfaces, Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are particularly useful in small spaces.

In addition, since they are lightweight and have high rigidity as well as a large lubricant holding capacity, they can withstand severe operating conditions such as high speed rotation and shock loads, and they are used in a wide range of applications.

### Structures of Needle Roller Cages for General Usage



Types

Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are available in the types shown in Table 1.

For applications such as crank shafts where these bearings are difficult to install, it is also possible to make split type bearings.

If such bearings are required, please contact **IKO**.

For Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods (KT...EG and KTV...EG), see page C17.

Table 1 Model of bearing

Item	Model of bearing	
	Single row needle roller	Double row needle roller
High carbon steel cage type	KT	KTW
Synthetic resin cage type	KT...N	—

Identification Number

The identification number of Needle Roller Cages for General Usage consists of a model code, dimensions and any supplemental codes. The arrangement examples are shown below.

Examples of identification number

**Example 1**

Model code	Dimensions	Supplemental code
KT	15 20 10	C3

Type of bearing

Roller set bore diameter (15mm)

Roller set outside diameter (20mm)

Cage width (10mm)

Tolerance of mean value of roller dia. (Refer to Table 2.)

**Example 2**

Model code	Dimensions	Supplemental code
KT	50 58 25 N	C3

Type of bearing

Roller set bore diameter (50mm)

Roller set outside diameter (58mm)

Cage width (25mm)

Tolerance of mean value of roller dia. (Refer to Table 2.)

Accuracy

The diameter tolerances of needle rollers of Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are classified by classification symbols shown in Table 2. If a classification symbol is not indicated in an identification number, the classification symbol "C3" is applied.

When two or more bearings are used in tandem arrangement on the same shaft, it is necessary to select bearings of the same classification symbol to obtain an even load distribution.

The tolerance of the cage width  $B_c$  is  $-0.20 \sim -0.55$  mm.

Table 2 Diameter tolerances of needle rollers unit:  $\mu$  m

Classification symbol	Tolerance of mean value of needle roller diameter
C 3	0 ~ - 3
B 2	0 ~ - 2
B 4	- 2 ~ - 4
B 6	- 4 ~ - 6
B 8	- 6 ~ - 8
B10	- 8 ~ - 10

Fit

Radial clearances of Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are determined by the dimensional accuracy of the raceways and needle rollers. Table 3 shows the recommended fits for the operating conditions.

Table 3 Recommended fits of shaft to the housing bore diameter G6

Operating conditions	Shaft	
	$F_w \leq 68\text{mm}$	$F_w > 68\text{mm}$
When high operating accuracy is required.	j5	h5
When shock loads and oscillating motions are applied.	h5	g5
For general use	g6	f6

Remark When setting the required radial clearance according to the operating conditions, the clearance can easily be obtained by selecting and matching the tolerances of needle rollers, shaft and housing bore. When variation of the clearance does not create any problems, h6 and G7 are used for shaft and housing bore, respectively.

Specifications of shaft and housing

For the raceways, a surface hardness of 58 ~ 64HRC and a surface roughness  $0.2 \mu\text{m} R_a$  or less are desirable. However, when the operating conditions are not severe, a surface roughness  $0.8 \mu\text{m} R_a$  or less can be used.

When the surface hardness is low, it is necessary to correct the load rating by the hardness factor specified on page A20.

Operating temperature range

The operating temperature range for high carbon steel cage types is  $-20$  to  $120^\circ\text{C}$ . The maximum allowable temperature for synthetic resin cage types is  $+110^\circ\text{C}$  and  $+100^\circ\text{C}$  when they are continuously operated.

Mounting

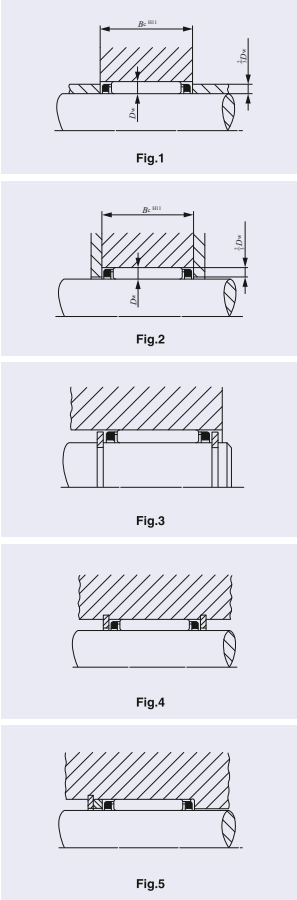
The dimensions related to mounting of Needle Roller Cages for General Usage are shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

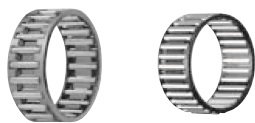
When mounting Needle Roller Cages for General Usage, they are axially positioned by using, for example, Cir-clips for shaft and housing bore (WR and AR on page L17) as shown in Figs. 3, 4 and 5.

For high rotational speed applications, a heat treated and ground spacer is positioned between the cage and the cir-clip as shown in Fig. 5 so that the cage does not make direct contact with the cir-clip. In this case, the cir-clip is normally mounted on the non-rotating side.

Fig. 3 shows a mounting example in the case of outer ring rotation, and Figs. 4 and 5 show examples in the case of inner ring rotation.

1N=0.102kgf=0.2248lbs.  
1mm=0.03937inch



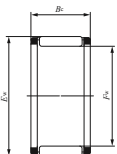


High carbon steel cage type      Synthetic resin cage type

Shaft dia. 3 – 14mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
3	KT 367N	0.39	3	6	7	1 480	990	140 000
4	KT 477N	0.47	4	7	7	1 800	1 300	100 000
5	KT 587N	0.53	5	8	7	2 070	1 600	85 000
	KT 588N	0.66	5	8	8	2 420	1 950	85 000
6	KT 697N	0.63	6	9	7	2 310	1 900	75 000
	KT 698N	0.75	6	9	8	2 700	2 320	75 000
	KT 6910	1.45	6	9	10	3 010	2 660	75 000
	KT 61013	2.7	6	10	13	4 410	3 720	75 000
7	KT 7108N	0.86	7	10	8	2 960	2 690	65 000
	KT 71010	1.69	7	10	10	3 340	3 130	65 000
8	KT 8118N	0.96	8	11	8	3 190	3 060	60 000
	KT 81110	1.9	8	11	10	3 630	3 600	60 000
	KT 81110N	1.2	8	11	10	3 630	3 600	60 000
	KT 81113	2.5	8	12	13	4 500	4 750	60 000
	KT 8128	2.1	8	12	8	3 630	3 040	60 000
	KT 81211	3	8	12	11	4 630	4 170	60 000
9	KT 91210	2.1	9	12	10	3 900	4 070	55 000
	KT 91213	2.8	9	12	13	4 840	5 370	55 000
10	KT 10138	1.9	10	13	8	3 370	3 470	50 000
	KT 101310	2.3	10	13	10	4 160	4 550	50 000
	KT 101313	3	10	13	13	5 160	6 000	50 000
	KT 101410	3.2	10	14	10	4 900	4 680	50 000
	KT 101412	3.8	10	14	12	5 940	6 000	50 000
	KT 101413	4.2	10	14	13	6 100	6 200	50 000
11	KT 101415	4.8	10	14	15	7 080	7 520	50 000
11	KT 111410	2.5	11	14	10	4 400	5 020	45 000

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
Remark For synthetic resin cage types, "N" is added at the end of the identification number. For sizes not listed in the dimension tables, please contact **IKO**.



KT (...N)

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
12	KT 12158	2.2	12	15	8	3 750	4 200	40 000
	KT 121510	2.7	12	15	10	4 620	5 490	40 000
	KT 121512	3.2	12	15	12	5 590	7 020	40 000
	KT 121513	3.6	12	15	13	5 730	7 250	40 000
	KT 121514	3.8	12	15	14	6 200	8 010	40 000
	KT 121610	4	12	16	10	5 650	5 890	40 000
	KT 121613	5.2	12	16	13	7 020	7 800	40 000
	KT 121618	7	12	16	18	9 790	11 900	40 000
	KT 121710	5.1	12	17	10	6 170	5 740	40 000
	KT 121812	7.8	12	18	12	9 030	8 460	40 000
	KT 121820	13.2	12	18	20	13 700	14 400	40 000
13	KT 131710	4.3	13	17	10	5 990	6 500	40 000
	KT 131815	8.2	13	18	15	9 660	10 400	40 000
	KT 131816	8.7	13	18	16	10 300	11 400	40 000
14	KT 14188	3.7	14	18	8	5 110	5 410	35 000
	KT 141810	4.6	14	18	10	6 320	7 110	35 000
	KT 141811	5.2	14	18	11	6 520	7 410	35 000
	KT 141813	6	14	18	13	7 860	9 410	35 000
	KT 141816	7.3	14	18	16	9 750	12 400	35 000
	KT 141910	5.9	14	19	10	7 130	7 180	35 000
	KT 141916	9.4	14	19	16	11 100	12 600	35 000
	KT 141918	10.5	14	19	18	12 400	14 700	35 000
	KT 142012	8.7	14	20	12	9 790	9 680	35 000
	KT 142017	12.4	14	20	17	13 300	14 400	35 000

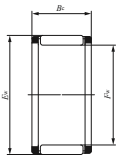


High carbon steel cage type

Shaft dia. 15 – 18mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
15	KT 15199	4.4	15	19	9	6 120	6 950	35 000
	KT 151910	4.9	15	19	10	6 630	7 720	35 000
	KT 151911	5.5	15	19	11	6 850	8 040	35 000
	KT 151913	6.4	15	19	13	8 250	10 200	35 000
	KT 151917	8.2	15	19	17	10 900	14 600	35 000
	KT 151918	8.7	15	19	18	11 500	15 600	35 000
	KT 152010	6.3	15	20	10	7 580	7 920	35 000
	KT 152115	11.9	15	21	15	12 600	13 500	35 000
16	KT 162010	5.2	16	20	10	6 930	8 330	30 000
	KT 162013	6.8	16	20	13	8 620	11 000	30 000
	KT 162016	8.3	16	20	16	10 700	14 600	30 000
	KT 162017	8.7	16	20	17	11 400	15 700	30 000
	KT 162118	12	16	21	18	14 000	17 700	30 000
	KT 162120	13.6	16	21	20	14 700	18 900	30 000
	KT 162125	16.6	16	21	25	18 300	25 100	30 000
	KT 162212	9.7	16	22	12	10 500	10 900	30 000
	KT 162214	11.5	16	22	14	11 600	12 500	30 000
	KT 162217	13.8	16	22	17	14 200	16 100	30 000
	KT 162220	16.5	16	22	20	15 900	18 600	30 000
	KT 162420	23.5	16	24	20	18 500	19 000	30 000
17	KT 172110	5.5	17	21	10	7 220	8 950	30 000
	KT 172113	7.2	17	21	13	8 980	11 800	30 000
	KT 172115	8.2	17	21	15	10 400	14 400	30 000
	KT 172117	9.3	17	21	17	11 800	16 900	30 000
	KT 172220	14	17	22	20	15 500	20 500	30 000
	KT 172311	9.6	17	23	11	10 100	10 500	30 000
	KT 172315	13.1	17	23	15	13 300	15 100	30 000
	KT 172418	18.6	17	24	18	16 500	18 000	30 000

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.



KT

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
18	KT 18228	4.7	18	22	8	6 060	7 270	30 000
	KT 182210	5.8	18	22	10	7 500	9 560	30 000
	KT 182213	7.6	18	22	13	9 330	12 700	30 000
	KT 182216	9.2	18	22	16	11 600	16 700	30 000
	KT 182412	11	18	24	12	11 800	13 100	30 000
	KT 182416	14.8	18	24	16	15 100	17 900	30 000
	KT 182417	15.7	18	24	17	16 000	19 400	30 000
	KT 182420	18.7	18	24	20	17 900	22 400	30 000
	KT 182517	18.8	18	25	17	16 700	18 600	30 000
	KT 182519	21	18	25	19	18 700	21 400	30 000
	KT 182522	24.5	18	25	22	20 600	24 200	30 000
	KT 182614	18.1	18	26	14	14 600	14 400	30 000
	KT 182620	26	18	26	20	20 000	21 600	30 000

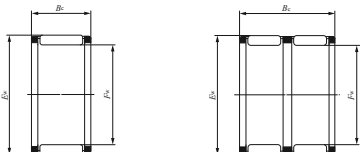


High carbon steel cage type

Shaft dia. 20 – 24mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating <i>C</i>	Basic static load rating <i>C</i> <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>E</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>B</i> <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
20	KT 202410	6.3	20	24	10	7 710	10 200	25 000
	KT 202413	8.3	20	24	13	9 590	13 500	25 000
	KT 202417	10.6	20	24	17	12 600	19 300	25 000
	KTW 202422	14.6	20	24	22	13 700	21 300	25 000
	KT 202525	19.7	20	25	25	19 900	29 800	25 000
	KTW 202531.6	26.5	20	25	31.6	21 700	33 200	25 000
	KTW 202540	32.5	20	25	40	27 500	44 900	25 000
	KT 202611	11.1	20	26	11	11 200	12 500	25 000
	KT 202612	12	20	26	12	12 400	14 300	25 000
	KT 202614	14.2	20	26	14	13 700	16 400	25 000
	KT 202617	17	20	26	17	16 800	21 200	25 000
	KT 202620	20.5	20	26	20	18 700	24 400	25 000
	KT 202624	24	20	26	24	22 500	30 900	25 000
	KT 202627	26.5	20	26	27	26 000	37 300	25 000
	KT 202814	20	20	28	14	15 700	16 100	25 000
	KT 202820	29	20	28	20	21 500	24 200	25 000
	KT 203225	49.5	20	32	25	30 800	30 500	25 000
21	KT 212610	8.5	21	26	10	9 090	11 000	25 000
	KT 212611	9.6	21	26	11	9 390	11 500	25 000

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.



KT

KTW

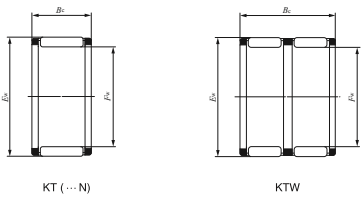
Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating <i>C</i>	Basic static load rating <i>C</i> <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>E</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>B</i> <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
22	KT 222610	6.9	22	26	10	8 220	11 500	25 000
	KT 222613	9.1	22	26	13	10 200	15 200	25 000
	KT 222617	11.6	22	26	17	13 500	21 600	25 000
	KTW 222625	17.7	22	26	25	17 100	29 400	25 000
	KT 222720	17.9	22	27	20	17 400	25 700	25 000
	KT 222726	22.5	22	27	26	22 500	35 800	25 000
	KT 222817	18.4	22	28	17	17 500	23 000	25 000
	KT 222912	16.1	22	29	12	12 900	14 000	25 000
	KT 222916	21	22	29	16	17 600	20 900	25 000
	KT 222917	22.5	22	29	17	18 700	22 600	25 000
	KT 222918	23.5	22	29	18	19 800	24 400	25 000
	KT 222920	26.5	22	29	20	20 900	26 100	25 000
	KT 223015	23.5	22	30	15	17 900	19 700	25 000
	KT 223230	52.5	22	32	30	36 400	42 700	25 000
	KT 223232	56	22	32	32	38 800	46 300	25 000
23	KT 232824	22	23	28	24	21 600	34 500	20 000
	KT 232913	15.1	23	29	13	13 800	17 200	20 000
	KT 233015	21	23	30	15	17 300	20 800	20 000
	KT 233016	22	23	30	16	18 600	22 600	20 000
24	KT 242813	9.9	24	28	13	10 800	16 800	20 000
	KT 242816	12	24	28	16	13 400	22 200	20 000
	KTW 242834	27	24	28	34	21 600	40 700	20 000
	KT 242913	12.8	24	29	13	12 700	17 600	20 000
	KT 243020	23.5	24	30	20	20 300	28 500	20 000



Shaft dia. 25 – 32mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
25	KT 252910	7.9	25	29	10	8 940	13 300	20 000
	KT 252913	10.3	25	29	13	11 100	17 600	20 000
	KT 253013	13.3	25	30	13	13 100	18 600	20 000
	KT 253016	16.2	25	30	16	16 300	24 600	20 000
	KT 253017	17.1	25	30	17	17 300	26 600	20 000
	KT 253020	20	25	30	20	18 600	29 100	20 000
	KT 253113	16.2	25	31	13	14 300	18 400	20 000
	KT 253116	19.6	25	31	16	17 800	24 400	20 000
	KT 253117	20.5	25	31	17	19 000	26 500	20 000
	KT 253120	25	25	31	20	21 200	30 500	20 000
	KT 253216	23.5	25	32	16	19 400	24 500	20 000
	KT 253224	35	25	32	24	27 700	38 700	20 000
	KT 253515	33	25	35	15	22 600	23 800	20 000
	KT 253525	48	25	35	25	32 500	37 900	20 000
	KT 253530	58	25	35	30	39 100	48 000	20 000
26	KT 263013	10.7	26	30	13	11 400	18 400	19 000
	KT 263832	79.5	26	38	32	47 200	55 300	19 000
28	KT 283313	14.8	28	33	13	13 800	20 700	18 000
	KT 283317	18.9	28	33	17	18 300	29 500	18 000
	KT 283327	29	28	33	27	26 300	47 300	18 000
	KT 283417	23	28	34	17	20 300	29 900	18 000
	KT 283516	26	28	35	16	20 100	26 500	18 000
	KT 283528	44.5	28	35	28	33 200	50 600	18 000
	KT 283620	38.5	28	36	20	26 500	34 700	18 000
	KT 284138	110	28	41	38	58 700	71 100	18 000
29	KT 293825N	40.7	29	38	25	35 800	47 800	17 500

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
 Remark For synthetic resin cage types, "N" is added at the end of the identification number. For sizes not listed in the dimension tables, please contact **IKO**.



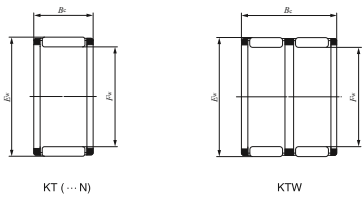
Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
30	KT 303513	15.6	30	35	13	14 100	21 700	17 000
	KT 303516	18.9	30	35	16	17 500	28 700	17 000
	KT 303517	20	30	35	17	18 700	31 100	17 000
	KT 303524	28.5	30	35	24	24 900	45 100	17 000
	KT 303527	31.5	30	35	27	27 900	52 100	17 000
	KT 303613	19.1	30	36	13	15 800	22 100	17 000
	KT 303620	29.5	30	36	20	23 300	36 500	17 000
	KT 303630	41.5	30	36	30	33 200	57 500	17 000
	KT 303715	26	30	37	15	19 500	26 000	17 000
	KT 303716	27.5	30	37	16	20 800	28 400	17 000
	KT 303720	35	30	37	20	24 700	35 400	17 000
	KT 303723	39.5	30	37	23	28 500	42 500	17 000
	KT 303818	36.5	30	38	18	26 200	34 800	17 000
	KT 303824	48.5	30	38	24	33 200	47 200	17 000
	KT 304232	93	30	42	32	54 000	68 100	17 000
	KTW 304237	117	30	42	37	55 900	71 300	17 000
32	KT 323713	16.7	32	37	13	14 900	23 700	16 000
	KT 323717	21.5	32	37	17	19 600	33 900	16 000
	KT 323723	28.5	32	37	23	24 400	44 800	16 000
	KT 323813	20.5	32	38	13	16 800	24 400	16 000
	KT 323820	31.5	32	38	20	24 800	40 300	16 000
	KT 323916	29	32	39	16	21 600	30 200	16 000
	KT 323920	37	32	39	20	25 600	37 700	16 000
	KT 324519	63.5	32	45	19	33 700	35 900	16 000
	KT 324525	84.5	32	45	25	45 600	53 000	16 000
	KT 324532	109	32	45	32	58 500	73 000	16 000
	KT 324550	162	32	45	50	81 500	111 000	16 000



Shaft dia. 35 — 52mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
35	KT 354013	18.1	35	40	13	15 500	25 800	14 000
	KT 354017	23	35	40	17	20 500	36 900	14 000
	KT 354026	34.5	35	40	26	28 700	56 800	14 000
	KT 354113	22.5	35	41	13	17 700	26 800	14 000
	KT 354216	32	35	42	16	23 100	33 900	14 000
	KT 354218	35.5	35	42	18	26 000	39 500	14 000
	KT 354220	40.5	35	42	20	27 400	42 300	14 000
	KT 354230	59	35	42	30	40 600	70 300	14 000
	KT 354525	68.5	35	45	25	42 100	57 900	14 000
36	KT 364216	27.5	36	42	16	21 900	35 700	14 000
38	KT 384417	30.5	38	44	17	23 800	40 400	13 000
	KT 384620	50	38	46	20	30 500	45 400	13 000
	KT 384632	80	38	46	32	45 400	75 700	13 000
40	KT 404513	20.5	40	45	13	16 800	29 800	12 000
	KT 404517	26.5	40	45	17	22 200	42 700	12 000
	KT 404527	41	40	45	27	32 400	69 200	12 000
	KT 404817	44	40	48	17	28 100	41 600	12 000
	KT 404820	52.5	40	48	20	31 400	48 000	12 000
	KT 404825	64.5	40	48	25	39 300	64 000	12 000
	KT 404834	87.5	40	48	34	51 100	89 600	12 000
	KT 405015	48.5	40	50	15	28 200	35 900	12 000
	KT 405017	56.5	40	50	17	30 200	39 200	12 000
	KT 405020	61	40	50	20	35 700	48 600	12 000
	KTW 405238	158	40	52	38	65 000	93 000	12 000
	KT 405432	144	40	54	32	66 800	87 200	12 000
	KT 405450	215	40	54	50	93 600	134 000	12 000
	KT 405463	270	40	54	63	115 000	175 000	12 000

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
 Remark For synthetic resin cage types, "N" is added at the end of the identification number. For sizes not listed in the dimension tables, please contact **IKO**.



Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
41	KT 414835	78.5	41	48	35	47 800	90 800	12 000
42	KT 424717	27.5	42	47	17	22 500	44 200	12 000
	KT 424815	30	42	48	15	22 400	38 600	12 000
	KT 424816	32	42	48	16	24 000	42 100	12 000
	KT 425020	55	42	50	20	32 400	50 600	12 000
	KT 425030	80.5	42	50	30	48 200	84 400	12 000
45	KT 455017	29.5	45	50	17	23 300	47 100	11 000
	KT 455027	46	45	50	27	34 800	79 000	11 000
	KT 455320	58	45	53	20	33 200	53 300	11 000
	KT 455325	71.5	45	53	25	41 500	71 100	11 000
	KT 455330	86	45	53	30	47 800	85 300	11 000
	KT 455335	101	45	53	35	53 900	99 500	11 000
	KT 455527	90.5	45	55	27	50 300	78 200	11 000
48	KT 485320	37	48	53	20	26 800	57 600	10 000
	KT 485420	46	48	54	20	30 600	60 400	10 000
50	KT 505520	38.5	50	55	20	27 100	59 300	10 000
	KT 505527	50.5	50	55	27	35 600	84 100	10 000
	KT 505820	65	50	58	20	35 900	61 100	10 000
	KT 505825	80	50	58	25	44 900	81 500	10 000
	KT 505825N	66.3	50	58	25	51 400	97 800	10 000
	KT 505830	96.5	50	58	30	51 700	97 800	10 000
	KT 505835	113	50	58	35	58 300	114 000	10 000
52	KT 525817	41	52	58	17	28 300	56 000	9 500
	KT 526024	80	52	60	24	44 000	80 800	9 500

IKO

NEEDLE ROLLER CAGES FOR GENERAL USAGE

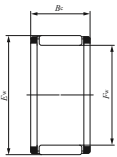


High carbon steel cage type

Shaft dia. 55 – 100mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
55	KT 556020	42.5	55	60	20	28 600	66 000	9 000
	KT 556027	55.5	55	60	27	37 600	93 900	9 000
	KT 556120	52	55	61	20	32 600	68 500	9 000
	KT 556315	52.5	55	63	15	29 400	48 700	9 000
	KT 556320	71	55	63	20	37 400	66 400	9 000
	KT 556325	87	55	63	25	46 800	88 600	9 000
58	KT 586320	44.5	58	63	20	29 300	69 400	8 500
	KT 586420	54.5	58	64	20	33 600	72 500	8 500
60	KT 606520	45.5	60	65	20	29 700	71 100	8 500
	KT 606820	76.5	60	68	20	38 900	71 700	8 500
	KT 606825	94	60	68	25	48 600	95 600	8 500
	KT 606827	101	60	68	27	52 400	105 000	8 500
	KT 607236	205	60	72	36	86 700	152 000	8 500
63	KT 637120	79.5	63	71	20	39 500	74 400	8 000
65	KT 657320	83.5	65	73	20	41 200	79 600	7 500
	KT 657330	124	65	73	30	59 300	127 000	7 500
68	KT 687620	86.5	68	76	20	41 800	82 200	7 500
70	KT 707820	89	70	78	20	42 500	84 900	7 000
	KT 707830	132	70	78	30	61 200	136 000	7 000
72	KT 728020	91.5	72	80	20	43 200	87 500	7 000
75	KT 758320	94.5	75	83	20	43 800	90 200	6 500
	KT 758325	116	75	83	25	54 800	120 000	6 500
	KT 758330	141	75	83	30	63 100	144 000	6 500
	KT 758335	164	75	83	35	71 200	168 000	6 500

Note<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.



KT

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(1)</sup>
		g	F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
80	KT 808822	110	80	88	22	49 700	108 000	6 000
	KT 808825	123	80	88	25	56 400	127 000	6 000
	KT 808830	149	80	88	30	65 000	153 000	6 000
85	KT 859112	44.5	85	91	12	25 200	56 700	6 000
	KT 859325	130	85	93	25	57 800	134 000	6 000
	KT 859330	157	85	93	30	66 600	161 000	6 000
90	KT 909825	138	90	98	25	60 400	145 000	5 500
	KT 909830	167	90	98	30	69 600	174 000	5 500
95	KT 9510330	175	95	103	30	70 900	182 000	5 500
100	KT 10010830	184	100	108	30	72 500	191 000	4 500

1N=0.102kgf=0.2248lbs.  
1mm=0.03937inch

# NEEDLE ROLLER CAGES FOR ENGINE CONNECTING RODS

- Needle Roller Cages for Big End
- Needle Roller Cages for Small End



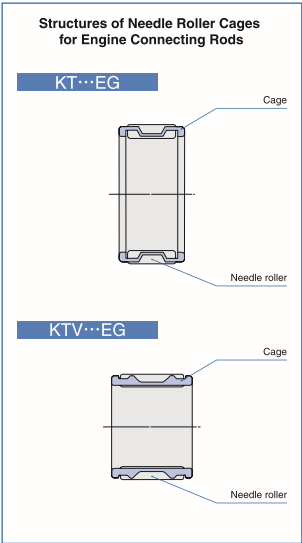
## Structure and Features

IKO Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods are bearings for use in engine connecting rods. These bearings have superior performance proven in high performance engines of racing motor cycles, and are widely used in small motor vehicles, motor cycles, outboard marines, snow mobiles, high-speed compressors, etc. and also in general-purpose engines. Bearings for engine connecting rods are used under extremely severe and complex operating conditions such as heavy shock loads, high speeds, high temperatures and stringent lubrication. Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods are lightweight, and have high load ratings and high rigidity as well as superior wear resistance to withstand these severe conditions.

## Types

In Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods, the types shown in Table 1 are available.

Table 1 Types		
Type	For big end	For small end
Model code	KT...EG	KTV...EG



Needle Roller Cages for Big End KT...EG

These roller cages are subjected to acceleration and deceleration during their rotating and epicyclic motion due to crank shaft rotation. To withstand such conditions, they are made of a special alloy and are lightweight with high rigidity. They are guided on their outer periphery surface with superior lubricating properties. For the purpose of using them under severe conditions such as high rotational speed and stringent lubrication, bearings plated with non-ferrous metals are also available on request. High-load capacity and high-rigidity cages to be used for racing motor cycles (See the photo bellow.), split needle cages for solid (one-piece) type crank-shafts and other special specification cages of various types are also available. Please consult **IKO** when required.

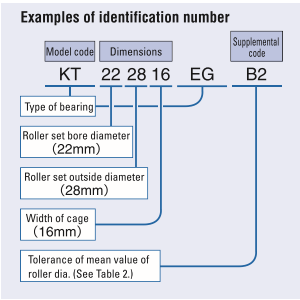


Needle Roller Cages for Small End KTV...EG

These roller cages oscillates at high speeds within a limited loading zone under heavy shock loads. Thus, these cages are designed to be lightweight and have high rigidity with a well-balanced structure. In these cages, a number of needle rollers having a small diameter are incorporated to reduce the rolling contact stress in the loading zone. Needle Roller Cages for Small End are classified into two types, the outer surface guide type and the inner surface guide type. This classification is shown in the table of dimensions. In the outer surface guide type, the cage is guided by the sliding contact between the inner surface of the connecting rod and the outer surface of the cage. In the inner surface guide type, the cage is guided by the sliding contact between the outer surface of the pin and the inner surface of the cage.

Identification Number

The identification number of Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods consists of a model code, dimensions and any supplemental codes as shown below.



Accuracy

The diameter tolerances of needle rollers of Needle Roller Cages for Engine Connecting Rods are classified as shown in Table 2. When the classification symbol is not indicated in the identification number, the classification symbol "B2" is applied. The tolerance of the cage width  $B_c$  is  $-0.2 \sim -0.4$  mm. But cages with marks in the  $B_c$  column in the dimension tables are manufactured with the following width tolerances.

● :  $0 \sim -0.2$  mm    ■ :  $-0.1 \sim -0.3$  mm

Table 2 Tolerances of needle roller diameter unit: $\mu$ m		
Class	Classification symbol <sup>(1)</sup>	Tolerance of mean value of roller dia. <sup>(2)</sup>
Standard	B 2	$0 \sim -2$
	B 4	$-2 \sim -4$
Semi-standard	B 6	$-4 \sim -6$
	B 8	$-6 \sim -8$
	B10	$-8 \sim -10$

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> The classification symbol is indicated at the end of the identification number.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Tolerances for circularity are based on JIS B 1506 (Rolling bearings - Rollers).

Clearance

Radial internal clearances are selected according to the type of engine and the operating conditions (rotational speed, load, lubricating conditions, etc.). If a bearing is used with an inadequate clearance, bearing troubles such as seizure, early flaking and noise increase may occur, leading to an engine failure. Therefore, it is necessary to select the clearance carefully according to test results and experience.

Recommended radial internal clearances are shown in Table 3. When operating at high speeds, it is recommended to select the upper limit of the clearance.

Fit

To obtain the recommended clearance shown in Table 3, it is general practice to match a connecting rod, crank pin or piston pin and needle roller cage of suitable tolerances for assembly.

Precautions for Use

When designing a connecting rod, crank pin and piston pin, the following precautions should be taken, because the raceways are subjected to loads under extremely severe conditions.

- 1 Material  
It is recommended to use carburizing steel because the raceways are subjected to fluctuating loads with frequent and heavy shock loads. Generally, chromium molybdenum steel is used. Nickel chromium molybdenum steel is also used.
- 2 Hardness  
The recommended surface hardness of the raceway is 697~800HV (60~64HRC). While the effective hardening depth differs depending on the applications, the general value is 0.6~1.2 mm.
- 3 Surface roughness  
To minimize initial wear and to extend life, it is recommended that the surface roughness of the crank pin and piston pin be  $0.1 \mu\text{m} R_a$  or less, and the surface roughness of the connecting rod large end and small end bores be  $0.2 \mu\text{m} R_a$  or less.
- 4 Accuracy  
Circularity and cylindricity of connecting rod, piston pin and crank pin are as shown in Table 4.
- 5 Parallelism and torsional accuracy of connecting rod bores  
 $L \pm 0.02$  mm and  $E \pm 0.02$  mm shown in Fig. 1 indicate the parallelism and torsional accuracy between the big end and small end bores of the connecting rod, respectively. The tolerance range is 0.04 mm or less per 100 mm in case of a general-purpose engine and 0.02 mm or less for a high-speed engine such as a racing motorcycle engine. When these accuracy conditions are not satisfied, the axial forces on the needle roller cage and connecting rod will increase, directly leading to a failure such as seizure. Careful consideration is required.

Table 3 Recommended radial internal clearance unit:  $\mu$  m

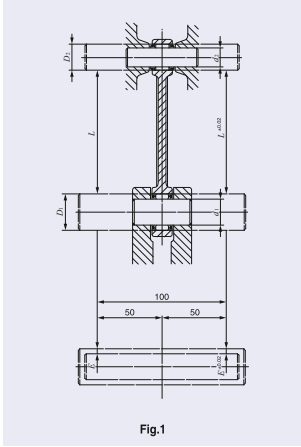
Shaft dia. mm		Big end	Small end
Over	Incl.		
—	18	$(d_p - 6) \sim d_p$	3 ~ 15
18	30	$(d_p - 8) \sim d_p$	
30	40	$(d_p - 12) \sim d_p$	

Remark  $d_p$  is obtained using the following equation for roller pitch circle diameter in millimeters, and changing the unit from millimeters to micrometers.  
Roller pitch circle dia. =  $F_w + E_w$   
Example KT 222814 EG for big end  
Recommended clearance is;  $17 \sim 25 \mu\text{m}$

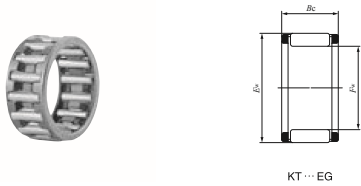
Table 4 Accuracy of connecting rod, piston pin and crank pin unit:  $\mu$  m

Range of dia. mm		Crank pin diameter $d_1$ Piston pin diameter $d_2$		Big end bore $D_1$ Small end bore $D_2$	
Over	Incl.	Circularity MAX.	Cylindricity MAX.	Circularity MAX.	Cylindricity MAX.
—	18	1	2	2	3
18	30	2	3	3	4
30	40	3	4	4	5

Remark Refer to Fig.1 for the dimension symbols.



Needle Roller Cages for Big End

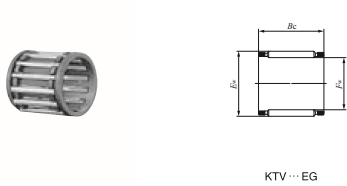


KT ... EG

Shaft dia. 8 – 32mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C N	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub> N
			F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>		
8	KT 8128 EG	2.1	8	12	8	3 280	2 660
10	KT 101410 EG	3.2	10	14	10	4 900	4 680
12	KT 121610 EG	3.8	12	16	10	5 650	5 890
	KT 121710 EG	5.3	12	17	10	6 670	6 380
14	KT 14199.7 EG	5.7	14	19	9.7	6 120	5 880
	KT 141910 EG	5.7	14	19	10	6 640	6 530
15	KT 15199 EG	4.2	15	19	9	5 790	6 460
	KT 152010 EG	6.1	15	20	10	7 100	7 260
16	KT 162211.5 EG	9.5	16	22	■11.5	9 550	9 660
	KT 162212 EG	9.7	16	22	12	10 500	10 900
18	KT 182210 EG	5.7	18	22	10	7 500	9 560
	KT 182411.6 EG	11	18	24	■11.6	10 600	11 500
	KT 182412 EG	11	18	24	12	11 800	13 100
20	KT 202612 EG	12	20	26	12	12 400	14 300
	KT 202614 EG	13.8	20	26	14	13 000	15 200
	KT 202814 EG	20	20	28	■14	15 700	16 100
22	KT 222814 EG	14.9	22	28	14	13 600	16 600
	KT 222816 EG	17.5	22	28	16	15 700	19 800
	KT 222912 EG	15.2	22	29	12	12 900	14 000
	KT 223215 EG	30	22	32	15	21 300	21 500
23	KT 232913 EG	14.9	23	29	13	12 800	15 600
24	KT 243015 EG	17.9	24	30	15	14 200	18 000
	KT 243016 EG	18.2	24	30	16	16 300	21 500
	KT 243120 EG	28	24	31	20	20 800	26 400
30	KT 303818 EG	35.5	30	38	18	24 900	32 600
32	KT 324220 EG	54	32	42	20	31 900	39 400

Needle Roller Cages for Small End



KTV ... EG

Shaft dia. 9 – 18mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C N	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub> N	Cage guide type
			F <sub>w</sub>	E <sub>w</sub>	B <sub>c</sub>			
9	KTV 91211.5 EG	2.8	9	12	●11.5	3 900	4 070	Outer surface guide
	KTV 91214 EG	3.5	9	12	14	4 440	4 810	Inner surface guide
10	KTV 101316 EG	4.5	10	13	16	4 400	4 880	Inner surface guide
	KTV 101410 EG	3.8	10	14	10	4 520	4 220	Inner surface guide
	KTV 101411 EG	4.1	10	14	11	5 060	4 880	Outer surface guide
	KTV 101412.5 EG	4.8	10	14	●12.5	5 590	5 540	Inner surface guide
10.5	KTV 10.51415 EG	5.1	10.5	14	15	5 710	6 270	Outer surface guide
12	KTV 121514.3 EG	4.3	12	15	●14.3	5 840	7 390	Outer surface guide
	KTV 121613 EG	5.6	12	16	13	7 020	7 800	Outer surface guide
	KTV 121615.5 EG	6.8	12	16	●15.5	7 600	8 600	Outer surface guide
14	KTV 141812 EG	6	14	18	12	6 780	7 760	Inner surface guide
	KTV 141816.5 EG	8.2	14	18	16.5	9 180	11 500	Outer surface guide
	KTV 141822 EG	10.8	14	18	●22	9 950	12 600	Inner surface guide
16	KTV 162019 EG	10.6	16	20	19	10 800	14 600	Outer surface guide
	KTV 162022 EG	12.7	16	20	22	11 400	15 700	Inner surface guide
18	KTV 182223.5 EG	14.9	18	22	■23.5	13 000	19 300	Inner surface guide
	KTV 182321 EG	16.4	18	23	21	14 400	18 900	Inner surface guide

# MACHINED TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

- Machined Type Caged Needle Roller Bearings
- Machined Type Guide Needle Roller Bearings

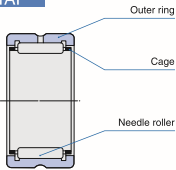


## Structure and Features

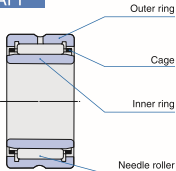
IKO Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are bearings with a low sectional height and large load ratings. The outer ring has high rigidity and can easily be used even for light alloy housings. These bearings are available in metric series and inch series, both of which have the caged type and the full complement type. It is therefore possible to select a suitable bearing for use under various conditions such as heavy loads and high-speed or low-speed rotations. In addition, there are bearings with and without an inner ring. As the type without inner ring uses a shaft as the raceway surface, a compact design is possible.

### Structures of Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings

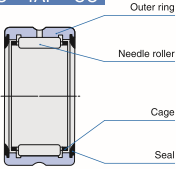
#### RNA49・TAF



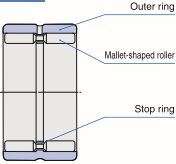
#### NA49・TAFI



#### RNA49...UU・TAF...UU



#### GTR



Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are available in various types shown in Table 1.

Table 1.1 Type of bearing (Standard type)

Series	Type	Caged Needle Roller Bearings		Guide Needle Roller Bearings	
		Without inner ring	With inner ring	Without inner ring	With inner ring
Metric series	Dimension series 49	RNA 49	NA 49	GTR	GTRI
	Dimension series 69	RNA 69	NA 69		
	Dimension series 48	RNA 48	NA 48		
	For heavy duty	TR	TRI		
For light duty		TAF	TAFI		
		BR	BRI	—	—
Inch series					

Table 1.2 Type of bearing (With seal)

Series	Type	Caged Needle Roller Bearings		Guide Needle Roller Bearings	
		Without inner ring	With inner ring	Without inner ring	With inner ring
Metric series	Two side seals	RNA 49-UU	NA 49-UU	—	—
	One side seal	RNA 49-U	NA 49-U		
	Two side seals	RNA 69-UU	NA 69-UU		
	One side seal	RNA 69-U	NA 69-U		
Inch series	Two side seals	BR-UU	BRI-UU	—	—
	One side seal	—	—	—	—

Caged Needle Roller Bearings

This type of bearing combines a collared outer ring with the IKO's unique lightweight rigid cage and needle rollers. During operation, needle rollers are guided precisely by the cage, and an ideal load distribution is obtained. The metric series consists of the NA48 and NA49 series of ISO Standard, NA69 and TAFI series which are based on the international dimension series, and the heavy duty TRI series which is widely used in Japan. The TAFI series has a sectional height as low as that of the shell type and is used for light loads. The inch series or BRI series is based on the specifications of ANSI Standard of USA.

**Caged Needle Roller Bearings without Inner Ring**  
As shown in the section "Design of shaft and housing" on page A44, any desired radial clearance can be selected by assembling this type of bearing with a shaft which is heat-treated and finished by grinding. These bearings are free from the effects on dimensional accuracy caused by assembling an inner ring.

so that the rotational accuracy is improved. Also, the shaft rigidity can be improved as the shaft diameter can be increased by an amount corresponding to the inner ring thickness.

**Caged Needle Roller Bearings with Inner Ring**  
This type of bearing is used when the shaft cannot be heat-treated and finished by grinding. The outer and inner rings are separable and a small relief clearance is provided on both sides of the inner ring raceway to facilitate bearing mounting. In the TRI and BRI series, the width of the inner ring is larger than that of the outer ring. Due to heat expansion during operation or mounting errors, the inner or outer ring may be shifted axially and the whole length of the rollers may not be in contact with the raceway. Therefore, attention should be paid to the allowable axial shift *S* as shown in the table of dimensions.

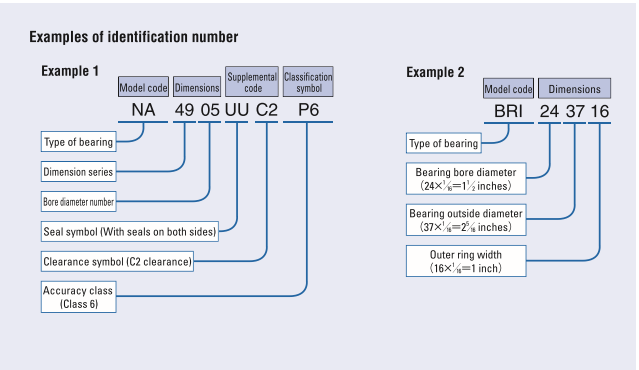
**Needle Roller Bearings with Seal**  
These bearings are sealed types of the NA49, NA69 and BRI series bearings, in which a seal is installed on one side (type with one seal) or both sides (type with two seals) of the bearing. The seal is made of special synthetic rubber and effectively prevents dust penetration and grease leakage.

Guide Needle Roller Bearings

These bearings are full complement type bearings and use mallet-shaped rollers which are guided accurately by the guide rail located at the center of the outer ring raceway and the guide groove of the mallet-shaped roller. This minimizes skewing (tilting of the roller from its rotating axis), which is normally a weak point of full complement bearings, and improves the rotational accuracy. This type of bearing is especially suitable for heavy loads, shock loads and oscillating motions. Bearings with and without inner rings are available. In bearings with an inner ring, the width of the inner ring is larger than that of the outer ring.

Identification Number

The identification number of Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings consists of a model code, dimensions, any supplemental codes and a classification symbol. Examples are shown below.



Accuracy

Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are manufactured based on JIS (See page A31.). The tolerances for the smallest single roller set bore diameter of bearings without inner ring are based on Table 14 on page A33. For BR and BRI series, the accuracy is based on Table 2 and the tolerances for the smallest single roller set bore diameter are based on Table 3.

Table 2 Accuracy of inner and outer rings of inch series BR and BRII

$d$ or $D$ Nominal bearing bore dia. or outside dia. mm		$\Delta_{dmp}$ Single plane mean bore diameter deviation		$\Delta_{Dmp}$ Single plane mean outside diameter deviation		$\Delta_{Bis} (\Delta_{Ci})$ Deviation of a single inner (or outer) ring width		$K_{ia}$ Radial runout of assembled bearing inner ring	$K_{ia}$ Radial runout of assembled bearing outer ring
Over	Incl.	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	Max.	Max.
—	19.050	0	— 10	—	—	0	— 130	10	—
19.050	30.162	0	— 13	0	— 13	0	— 130	13	15
30.162	50.800	0	— 13	0	— 13	0	— 130	15	20
50.800	82.550	0	— 15	0	— 15	0	— 130	20	25
82.550	120.650	0	— 20	0	— 20	0	— 130	25	35
120.650	184.150	—	—	0	— 25	0	— 130	30	45

Remark:  $d$  for  $\Delta_{dmp}$ ,  $\Delta_{Bis}$ ,  $\Delta_{Ci}$  and  $K_{ia}$ , and  $D$  for  $\Delta_{Dmp}$  and  $K_{ia}$

Table 3 Tolerances for smallest single roller set bore diameter  $F_{ws\ min}$  of inch series BR unit:  $\mu\ m$

$F_w$ Nominal roller set bore diameter mm		$\Delta F_{ws\ min}$ Deviation of smallest single roller set bore diameter	
Over	Incl.	High	Low
—	18.034	+ 43	+ 20
18.034	30.226	+ 46	+ 23
30.226	41.910	+ 48	+ 25
41.910	50.038	+ 51	+ 25
50.038	70.104	+ 53	+ 28
70.104	80.010	+ 58	+ 28
80.010	102.108	+ 61	+ 31

Clearance

Radial internal clearances of Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are made to the CN clearance shown in Table 18 on page A37. Radial internal clearances of BRI series are based on Table 4.

Table 4 Radial internal clearance of inch series BRI unit:  $\mu\ m$

$F_w$ Nominal roller set bore diameter mm		Radial internal clearance	
Over	Incl.	Min.	Max.
18.034	18.034	33	66
25.908	25.908	41	76
30.226	30.226	46	82
35.052	35.052	48	86
41.910	41.910	50	89
41.910	50.038	50	92
50.038	70.104	56	99
70.104	80.010	56	104
80.010	100.076	63	117
100.076	102.108	68	127

Table 6.1 Number of oil holes of the outer ring

Bearing type			Number of oil holes of the outer ring			
			Nominal roller set bore diameter $F_w$ mm	Standard type	With seals on both sides	With a seal on one side
Caged Needle Roller Bearings	Metric series	RNA, NA		1	1	1
		TR, TRI		1	—	—
		TAF, TAFI	$F_w \leq 26$	0	—	—
	Inch series		$26 < F_w$	1	—	—
		BR, BRI	$F_w \leq 69.850$	1	1	—
			$69.850 < F_w$	2	1	—
Guide Needle Roller Bearings	Metric series	GTR, GTRI	1	—	—	

Remark The type with an oil hole(s) is provided with an oil groove.

Fit

The recommended fits for Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are shown in Tables 22 to 24 on pages A41 and A42.

Lubrication

Bearings with prepacked grease are shown in Table 5. ALVANIA GREASE S2 (SHOWA SHELL SEKIYU K.K.) is prepacked as the lubricating grease. In the case of bearings without prepacked grease, perform proper lubrication. Operating them without lubrication will increase the wear of the rolling contact surfaces and shorten their lives.

Table 5 Bearings with prepacked grease O: With prepacked grease X: Without prepacked grease

Bearing type			Standard type	With seals on both sides	With a seal on one side
Caged Needle Roller Bearings	Metric series	RNA, NA	×	○	×
		TR, TRI	×	—	—
		TF, TFL TFFS	×	—	—
	Inch series	BR, BRI	×	○	—
Guide Needle Roller Bearings	Metric series	GTR, GTRI	×	—	—

Oil Hole

Table 6.1 shows the number of oil holes of the outer ring and Table 6.2 shows the number of oil holes of the inner ring.

When an outer ring with an oil hole is especially required for the type without an oil hole, add "—OH" before the clearance symbol in the identification number. When an outer ring with an oil hole and an oil groove is required for the type without an oil hole, attach "—OG" before the clearance symbol.

Example: TAFI 203216 — OH C2 P6

When an outer ring with multiple oil holes or an inner ring with an oil hole(s) is required, please consult

IKO.

Table 6.2 Number of oil holes of the inner ring

Bearing type			Number of oil holes of the inner ring			
			Nominal bearing bore diameter <i>d</i> mm	Standard type	With seals on both sides	With a seal on one side
Caged Needle Roller Bearings	Metric series	NA	0	0	0	
		TRI	0	0	0	
		TAFI	0	—	—	
	Inch series	BRI	<i>d</i> ≤ 76.200	1	1	—
			76.200 < <i>d</i>	2	1	—
Guide Needle Roller Bearings	Metric series	GTRI	0	—	—	

Remark The type with an oil hole(s) is provided with an oil groove.

Matched Set Bearings

When using two or more Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings adjacent to each other on the same shaft, it is necessary to obtain an even load distribution. On request, a set of bearings is available, in which bearings are matched to obtain an even load distribution.

Extended Life Specification Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings

Extended Life Specification Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are treated with a newly developed special heat treatment that enhances the bearing's surface hardness and toughness, and suppresses the generation and growth of damage on the surface. Significant life extension can be achieved under high load or under the condition of lubrication contaminated with foreign substances.

In a life comparison test, as shown in Figure 1, IKO's special heat treated Extended Life Specification products lasted 5 times longer than standard heat-treated products.

Extended Life Specification Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings, available according to the "Applicable Production Size" shown in Table 7, are made to order upon request.

Table 7 Applicable Production Size

With inner ring		Without inner ring	
$d=10 \sim 75\text{mm}$		$F_w=14 \sim 85\text{mm}$	
NA 4900 ~ 4915	RNA 4900 ~ 4915	NA 6901 ~ 6915	RNA 6901 ~ 6915
TAFI 102216 ~ 7510535	TAF 142216 ~ 8510535	TAFI 153320 ~ 7510845	TR 203320 ~ 8310845



Fig. 1 Life Test Result

Remark This table shows the result of life testing under load conditions at 50% of the basic dynamic rating. The Extended Life Specification with special heat treatment lasted 5 times longer or more in L10 life compared to the standard heat-treated products.

1N=0.102kgf=0.2248lbs.  
1mm=0.03937inch

Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 5 – 15mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
5	—	—	—	TAF 51010	—	—	3.4
	—	—	—	TAF 51012	—	—	4.2
	RNA 493	—	—	—	—	—	4.6
6	RNA 494	—	—	—	—	—	5.3
	—	—	—	TAF 61212	—	—	6.4
7	RNA 495	—	—	—	—	—	5.9
	—	—	—	TAF 71410	—	—	6.9
	—	—	—	TAF 71412	—	—	8.3
8	RNA 496	—	—	—	—	—	7.4
	—	—	—	TAF 81512	—	—	9.1
	—	—	—	TAF 81516	—	—	12.9
9	—	—	—	TAF 91612	—	—	9.8
	—	—	—	TAF 91616	—	—	13.2
	RNA 497	—	—	—	—	—	9.3
10	—	—	—	TAF 101712	—	—	10.7
	—	—	—	TAF 101716	—	—	14.3
	RNA 498	—	—	—	—	—	12.6
12	—	—	—	TAF 121912	—	—	12.2
	—	—	—	TAF 121916	—	—	16.3
	RNA 499	—	—	—	—	—	13.6
14	RNA 4900	—	—	—	—	—	16.5
	—	—	—	TAF 142216	—	—	21
	—	—	—	TAF 142220	—	—	26.5
15	—	—	—	TAF 152316	—	—	22.5
	—	—	—	TAF 152320	—	—	28

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$   
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. TAF series with a roller set bore diameter  $F_w$  of 26 mm or less have no oil hole. In others, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 TAF  
RNA69 ( $F_w \leq 35$ )

Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_s$ min <sup>(1)</sup>	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>
5	10	10	0.2	8.4	2 420	1 950	80 000
5	10	12	0.2	8.4	3 080	2 660	80 000
5	11	10	0.15	9.8	2 420	1 950	80 000
6	12	10	0.15	10.8	2 700	2 320	70 000
6	12	12	0.2	10.4	3 440	3 170	70 000
7	13	10	0.15	11.8	2 960	2 690	60 000
7	14	10	0.2	12.4	3 600	2 960	60 000
7	14	12	0.2	12.4	4 610	4 050	60 000
8	15	10	0.15	13.8	3 960	3 420	50 000
8	15	12	0.2	13.4	5 060	4 690	50 000
8	15	16	0.2	13.4	7 080	7 220	50 000
9	16	12	0.2	14.4	5 490	5 330	45 000
9	16	16	0.2	14.4	7 680	8 210	45 000
9	17	10	0.15	15.8	4 530	3 650	45 000
10	17	12	0.2	15.4	5 880	5 970	40 000
10	17	16	0.2	15.4	8 230	9 190	40 000
10	19	11	0.2	17.4	6 180	5 030	40 000
12	19	12	0.3	17	6 610	7 260	35 000
12	19	16	0.3	17	9 250	11 200	35 000
12	20	11	0.3	18	6 600	6 310	35 000
14	22	13	0.3	20	9 230	10 100	30 000
14	22	16	0.3	20	11 700	13 700	30 000
14	22	20	0.3	20	14 800	18 600	30 000
15	23	16	0.3	21	12 300	14 900	30 000
15	23	20	0.3	21	15 600	20 200	30 000

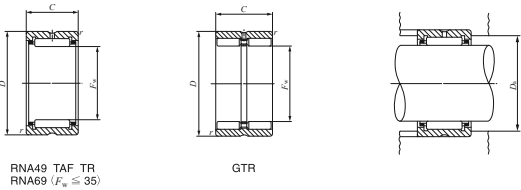
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 16 – 22mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
16	RNA 4901	—	—	—	—	—	18.1
	—	—	—	TAF 162416	—	—	23
	—	—	—	TAF 162420	—	—	29
	—	RNA 6901	—	—	—	—	30
17	—	—	—	TAF 172516	—	—	24.5
	—	—	—	TAF 172520	—	—	30.5
18	RNA 49/14	—	—	—	—	—	19.9
	—	—	—	TAF 182616	—	—	25.5
	—	—	—	TAF 182620	—	—	32
19	—	—	—	TAF 192716	—	—	27
	—	—	—	TAF 192720	—	—	34
20	RNA 4902	—	—	—	—	—	21.5
	—	—	—	TAF 202816	—	—	27.5
	—	—	—	TAF 202820	—	—	35.5
	—	RNA 6902	—	—	—	—	37
	—	—	—	—	TR 203320	—	59.5
21	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 203320	69
	—	—	—	TAF 212916	—	—	29
	—	—	—	TAF 212920	—	—	36
22	RNA 4903	—	—	—	—	—	23.5
	—	—	—	TAF 223016	—	—	30
	—	—	—	TAF 223020	—	—	37.5
	—	RNA 6903	—	—	—	—	40.5
	—	—	—	—	TR 223425	—	73.5
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 223425	87

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$   
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. TAF series with a roller set bore diameter  $F_w$  of 26 mm or less have no oil hole. In others, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_s$ min <sup>(1)</sup>	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>
16	24	13	0.3	22	9 660	11 100	25 000
16	24	16	0.3	22	12 300	15 100	25 000
16	24	20	0.3	22	15 500	20 400	25 000
16	24	22	0.3	22	17 100	23 000	25 000
17	25	16	0.3	23	12 900	16 300	25 000
17	25	20	0.3	23	16 300	22 000	25 000
18	26	13	0.3	24	10 600	12 800	20 000
18	26	16	0.3	24	13 400	17 500	20 000
18	26	20	0.3	24	17 000	23 600	20 000
19	27	16	0.3	25	14 000	18 700	20 000
19	27	20	0.3	25	17 700	25 300	20 000
20	28	13	0.3	26	10 900	13 800	20 000
20	28	16	0.3	26	13 900	18 800	20 000
20	28	20	0.3	26	17 600	25 400	20 000
20	28	23	0.3	26	19 300	28 800	20 000
20	33	20	0.3	31	24 300	26 500	20 000
20	33	20	0.3	31	29 200	37 200	7 500
21	29	16	0.3	27	14 400	20 000	19 000
21	29	20	0.3	27	18 200	27 100	19 000
22	30	13	0.3	28	11 700	15 600	18 000
22	30	16	0.3	28	14 900	21 200	18 000
22	30	20	0.3	28	18 900	28 700	18 000
22	30	23	0.3	28	20 800	32 500	18 000
22	34	25	0.3	32	29 100	36 800	18 000
22	34	25	0.3	32	37 900	57 800	7 000

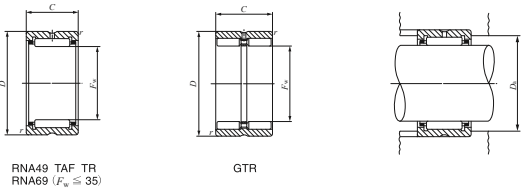
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 24 – 30mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
24	—	—	—	TAF 243216	—	—	32
	—	—	—	TAF 243220	—	—	40.5
25	—	—	—	TAF 253316	—	—	33.5
	—	—	—	TAF 253320	—	—	42
	RNA 4904	—	—	—	—	—	55.5
	—	RNA 6904	—	—	—	—	95.5
	—	—	—	—	TR 253820	—	71
	—	—	—	—	TR 253825	—	89
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 253820	81.5
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 253825	104
26	—	—	—	TAF 263416	—	—	34.5
	—	—	—	TAF 263420	—	—	43.5
28	—	—	—	TAF 283720	—	—	51.5
	—	—	—	TAF 283730	—	—	83.5
	RNA 49/22	—	—	—	—	—	56.5
	—	RNA 69/22	—	—	—	—	97.5
29	—	—	—	TAF 293820	—	—	57
	—	—	—	TAF 293830	—	—	85
30	—	—	—	TAF 304020	—	—	64.5
	—	—	—	TAF 304030	—	—	97.5
	RNA 4905	—	—	—	—	—	64
	—	RNA 6905	—	—	—	—	111
	—	—	—	—	TR 304425	—	115
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 304425	133

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$   
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. TAF series with a roller set bore diameter  $F_w$  of 26 mm or less have no oil hole. In others, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_s$ min <sup>(1)</sup>	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>
24	32	16	0.3	30	15 300	22 500	17 000
24	32	20	0.3	30	19 400	30 500	17 000
25	33	16	0.3	31	15 800	23 700	16 000
25	33	20	0.3	31	20 000	32 100	16 000
25	37	17	0.3	35	21 000	25 000	16 000
25	37	30	0.3	35	35 400	48 900	16 000
25	38	20	0.3	36	28 900	35 000	16 000
25	38	25	0.3	36	34 800	44 400	16 000
25	38	20	0.3	36	33 300	46 500	6 000
25	38	25	0.3	36	42 400	63 700	6 000
26	34	16	0.3	32	16 300	24 900	15 000
26	34	20	0.3	32	20 600	33 800	15 000
28	37	20	0.3	35	21 700	37 100	14 000
28	37	30	0.3	35	31 100	58 900	14 000
28	39	17	0.3	37	21 400	28 900	14 000
28	39	30	0.3	37	36 300	56 900	14 000
29	38	20	0.3	36	21 600	37 200	14 000
29	38	30	0.3	36	30 900	59 100	14 000
30	40	20	0.3	38	25 100	40 100	13 000
30	40	30	0.3	38	36 000	63 900	13 000
30	42	17	0.3	40	23 700	30 700	13 000
30	42	30	0.3	40	42 100	64 300	13 000
30	44	25	0.3	42	37 900	52 100	13 000
30	44	25	0.3	42	47 000	76 500	5 000

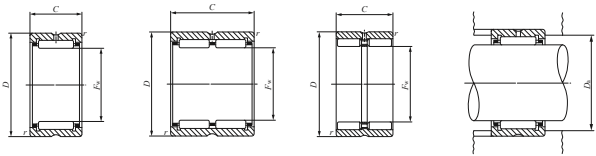
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 32 – 40mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
32	—	—	—	TAF 324220	—	—	68
	—	—	—	TAF 324230	—	—	102
	RNA 49/28	—	—	—	—	—	76.5
	—	RNA 69/28	—	—	—	—	133
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 324530	152
35	—	—	—	TAF 354520	—	—	73.5
	—	—	—	TAF 354530	—	—	112
	RNA 4906	—	—	—	—	—	72.5
	—	RNA 6906	—	—	—	—	125
	—	—	—	—	TR 354830	—	139
37	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 354830	163
	—	—	—	TAF 374720	—	—	77.5
	—	—	—	TAF 374730	—	—	117
38	—	—	—	TAF 384820	—	—	79
	—	—	—	TAF 384830	—	—	119
	—	—	—	—	TR 385230	—	168
40	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 385230	195
	—	—	—	TAF 405020	—	—	83
	—	—	—	TAF 405030	—	—	125
	RNA 49/32	—	—	—	—	—	96
	—	RNA 69/32	—	—	—	—	172
40	—	—	—	—	TR 405520	—	129
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 405520	144

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$   
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 TAF TR RNA69 ( $F_w \leq 35$ )				RNA69	GTR		
Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_s$ min <sup>(1)</sup>	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$ N	$C_0$ N	min <sup>-1</sup>
32	42	20	0.3	40	25 700	42 200	12 000
32	42	30	0.3	40	36 800	67 200	12 000
32	45	17	0.3	43	24 500	32 700	12 000
32	45	30	0.3	43	41 800	64 800	12 000
32	45	30	0.3	43	58 000	101 000	4 500
35	45	20	0.3	43	26 900	46 200	11 000
35	45	30	0.3	43	38 600	73 600	11 000
35	47	17	0.3	45	25 200	34 700	11 000
35	47	30	0.3	45	43 000	69 000	11 000
35	48	30	0.3	46	47 400	72 300	11 000
35	48	30	0.3	46	61 100	110 000	4 500
37	47	20	0.3	45	28 200	50 100	11 000
37	47	30	0.3	45	40 500	79 800	11 000
38	48	20	0.3	46	28 100	50 200	11 000
38	48	30	0.3	46	40 300	80 000	11 000
38	52	30	0.6	48	50 800	81 100	11 000
38	52	30	0.6	48	64 200	121 000	4 000
40	50	20	0.3	48	29 400	54 100	10 000
40	50	30	0.3	48	42 300	86 200	10 000
40	52	20	0.6	48	31 200	47 800	10 000
40	52	36	0.6	48	53 500	95 700	10 000
40	55	20	0.6	51	37 400	55 700	10 000
40	55	20	0.6	51	44 300	73 600	3 500

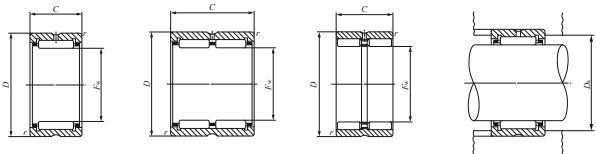
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 42 – 50mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
42	—	—	—	TAF 425220	—	—	86.5
	—	—	—	TAF 425230	—	—	130
	RNA 4907	—	—	—	—	—	113
	—	RNA 6907	—	—	—	—	200
	—	—	—	—	TR 425630	—	183
43	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 425630	210
	—	—	—	TAF 435320	—	—	88.5
	—	—	—	TAF 435330	—	—	133
45	—	—	—	TAF 455520	—	—	92
	—	—	—	TAF 455530	—	—	138
	RNA 49/38	—	—	—	—	—	120
	—	—	—	—	TR 455930	—	193
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 455930	225
47	—	—	—	TAF 475720	—	—	95
	—	—	—	TAF 475730	—	—	144
48	—	—	—	—	—	—	152
	RNA 4908	—	—	—	TR 486230	—	205
	—	RNA 6908	—	—	—	—	275
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 486230	240
	—	—	—	TAF 506225	—	—	159
50	—	—	—	TAF 506235	—	—	225
	—	—	—	—	TR 506430	—	210
	RNA 49/42	—	—	—	—	—	174
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 506430	245
	—	—	—	—	—	—	245

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 TAF TR RNA69 GTR

Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r<sub>s</sub></i> min	<i>D<sub>a</sub></i> Max. mm	<i>C</i> N	<i>C<sub>0</sub></i> N	min <sup>-1</sup>
42	52	20	0.3	50	29 900	56 200	9 500
42	52	30	0.3	50	43 000	89 400	9 500
42	55	20	0.6	51	32 000	50 100	9 500
42	55	36	0.6	51	54 900	100 000	9 500
42	56	30	0.6	52	53 800	90 100	9 500
42	56	30	0.6	52	67 500	133 000	3 500
43	53	20	0.3	51	30 500	58 200	9 500
43	53	30	0.3	51	43 800	92 600	9 500
45	55	20	0.3	53	31 000	60 200	9 000
45	55	30	0.3	53	44 600	95 800	9 000
45	58	20	0.6	54	33 600	54 600	9 000
45	59	30	0.6	55	55 100	94 800	9 000
45	59	30	0.6	55	70 300	142 000	3 500
47	57	20	0.3	55	31 500	62 200	8 500
47	57	30	0.3	55	45 200	99 100	8 500
48	62	22	0.6	58	41 600	67 400	8 500
48	62	30	0.6	58	56 300	99 500	8 500
48	62	40	0.6	58	71 300	135 000	8 500
48	62	30	0.6	58	72 700	154 000	3 000
50	62	25	0.3	60	43 000	85 300	8 000
50	62	35	0.3	60	58 000	125 000	8 000
50	64	30	0.6	60	57 700	104 000	8 000
50	65	22	0.6	61	42 500	70 300	8 000
50	64	30	0.6	60	74 600	158 000	3 000

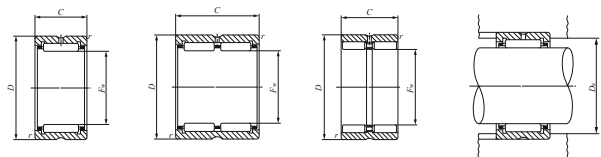
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 52 – 68mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
52	RNA 4909	—	—	—	—	—	197
	—	RNA 6909	—	—	—	—	355
55	—	—	—	TAF 556825	—	—	193
	RNA 49/48	—	—	TAF 556835	—	—	255
58	—	—	—	—	—	—	188
	RNA 4910	RNA 6910	—	—	—	—	179
60	—	—	—	—	TR 587745	—	320
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 587745	515
62	—	—	—	—	—	—	590
	RNA 49/52	—	—	TAF 607225	—	—	187
63	—	—	—	TAF 607235	—	—	260
	—	—	—	—	—	—	205
65	—	—	—	—	TR 628138	—	460
	RNA 4911	—	—	—	—	GTR 628138	520
68	—	RNA 6911	—	—	—	—	265
	—	—	—	—	—	—	475
65	—	—	—	TAF 657825	—	—	225
	RNA 49/58	—	—	TAF 657835	—	—	315
68	—	—	—	—	—	—	275
	RNA 4912	—	—	TAF 688225	—	—	250
68	—	RNA 6912	—	TAF 688235	—	—	350
	—	—	—	—	—	—	285
68	—	—	—	—	—	—	510
	—	—	—	—	—	—	510

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 TAF TR

RNA69

GTR

Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r<sub>s</sub></i> min <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>D<sub>a</sub></i> Max. mm	<i>C</i> N	<i>C<sub>0</sub></i> N	min <sup>-1</sup>
52	68	22	0.6	64	43 500	73 300	7 500
52	68	40	0.6	64	74 600	147 000	7 500
55	68	25	0.3	66	45 400	94 000	7 500
55	68	35	0.3	66	61 200	138 000	7 500
55	70	22	0.6	66	44 300	76 300	7 500
58	72	22	0.6	68	46 200	82 100	7 000
58	72	40	0.6	68	79 200	164 000	7 000
58	77	45	1	72	104 000	191 000	7 000
58	77	45	1	72	135 000	280 000	2 500
60	72	25	0.3	70	47 500	103 000	6 500
60	72	35	0.3	70	64 100	151 000	6 500
60	75	22	0.6	71	47 100	85 100	6 500
62	81	38	1	76	92 000	166 000	6 500
62	81	38	1	76	118 000	241 000	2 500
63	80	25	1	75	57 600	97 200	6 500
63	80	45	1	75	98 700	194 000	6 500
65	78	25	0.6	74	49 600	112 000	6 000
65	78	35	0.6	74	67 000	164 000	6 000
65	82	25	1	77	58 900	101 000	6 000
68	82	25	0.6	78	54 800	117 000	6 000
68	82	35	0.6	78	72 000	166 000	6 000
68	85	25	1	80	60 200	105 000	6 000
68	85	45	1	80	103 000	211 000	6 000

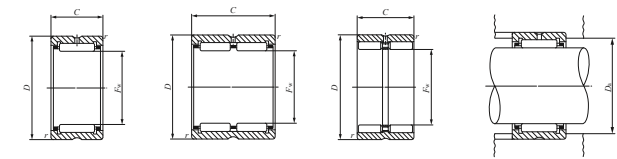
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 70 – 85mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
70	—	—	—	TAF 708525	—	—	280
	—	—	—	TAF 708535	—	—	395
	RNA 49/62	—	—	—	—	—	320
	—	—	—	—	TR 708945	GTR 708945	605 690
72	RNA 4913	RNA 6913	—	—	—	—	325 585
73	—	—	—	TAF 739025 TAF 739035	—	—	335 475
75	—	—	—	TAF 759225 TAF 759235	—	—	345 485 470
80	—	—	—	TAF 809525	—	—	315
	RNA 4914	—	—	TAF 809535	—	—	445
	—	RNA 6914	—	—	—	—	495
	—	—	—	—	—	—	910
83	—	—	—	—	TR 8310845	—	995
85	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 8310845	1 090
	RNA 4915	—	—	TAF 8510525	—	—	435
	—	—	—	—	—	—	525
	—	RNA 6915	—	TAF 8510535	—	—	610 960

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 TAF TR				RNA69		GTR		
Boundary dimensions				mm	Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s \min}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$ N	$C_0$ N	$\min^{-1}$	
70	85	25	0.6	81	55 500	120 000	5 500	
70	85	35	0.6	81	73 000	171 000	5 500	
70	88	25	1	83	61 500	109 000	5 500	
70	89	45	1	84	114 000	228 000	5 500	
70	89	45	1	84	147 000	336 000	2 000	
72	90	25	1	85	62 700	113 000	5 500	
72	90	45	1	85	108 000	227 000	5 500	
73	90	25	1	85	61 100	127 000	5 500	
73	90	35	1	85	80 400	181 000	5 500	
75	92	25	1	87	62 100	131 000	5 500	
75	92	35	1	87	81 700	186 000	5 500	
75	95	30	1	90	79 900	147 000	5 500	
80	95	25	1	90	59 400	137 000	5 000	
80	95	35	1	90	78 100	195 000	5 000	
80	100	30	1	95	83 200	158 000	5 000	
80	100	54	1	95	134 000	311 000	5 000	
83	108	45	1	103	146 000	270 000	5 000	
83	108	45	1	103	190 000	396 000	1 800	
85	105	25	1	100	76 300	145 000	4 500	
85	105	30	1	100	86 200	169 000	4 500	
85	105	35	1	100	102 000	210 000	4 500	
85	105	54	1	100	138 000	331 000	4 500	

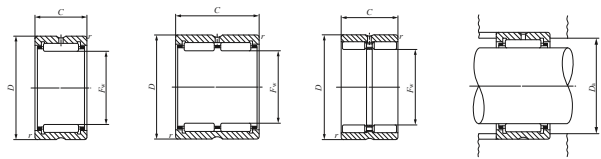
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 90 – 105mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
90	—	—	—	TAF 9011025	—	—	455
	RNA 4916	—	—	—	—	—	550
	—	—	—	TAF 9011035	—	—	640
	—	RNA 6916	—	—	—	—	1 010
93	—	—	—	—	TR 9311850	—	1 210
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 9311850	1 340
95	—	—	—	TAF 9511526	—	—	495
	RNA 49/82	—	—	—	—	—	575
	—	—	—	TAF 9511536	—	—	690
	—	—	—	—	TR 9512045	—	1 120
100	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 9512045	1 230
	—	—	—	TAF 10012026	—	—	525
	RNA 4917	—	—	—	—	—	705
	—	—	—	TAF 10012036	—	—	725
	—	RNA 6917	—	—	—	—	1 300
105	—	—	—	—	TR 10012550	—	1 290
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 10012550	1 440
	—	—	—	TAF 10512526	—	—	545
	RNA 4918	—	—	—	—	—	740
	—	RNA 6918	—	TAF 10512536	—	—	760
	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 360

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 TAF TR				RNA69		GTR		
Boundary dimensions				mm	Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\min}^{(1)}$	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$ N	$C_0$ N	$n$ min <sup>-1</sup>	
90	110	25	1	105	77 300	150 000	4 500	
90	110	30	1	105	87 300	175 000	4 500	
90	110	35	1	105	103 000	217 000	4 500	
90	110	54	1	105	143 000	351 000	4 500	
93	118	50	1	113	165 000	329 000	4 500	
93	118	50	1	113	224 000	509 000	1 600	
95	115	26	1	110	79 700	159 000	4 000	
95	115	30	1	110	90 000	186 000	4 000	
95	115	36	1	110	106 000	231 000	4 000	
95	120	45	1.5	112	155 000	305 000	4 000	
95	120	45	1.5	112	204 000	455 000	1 600	
100	120	26	1	115	82 400	168 000	4 000	
100	120	35	1.1	113.5	110 000	244 000	4 000	
100	120	36	1	115	110 000	244 000	4 000	
100	120	63	1.1	113.5	173 000	467 000	4 000	
100	125	50	1.5	117	172 000	355 000	4 000	
100	125	50	1.5	117	234 000	549 000	1 500	
105	125	26	1	120	84 700	178 000	4 000	
105	125	35	1.1	118.5	113 000	258 000	4 000	
105	125	36	1	120	113 000	258 000	4 000	
105	125	63	1.1	118.5	178 000	490 000	4 000	

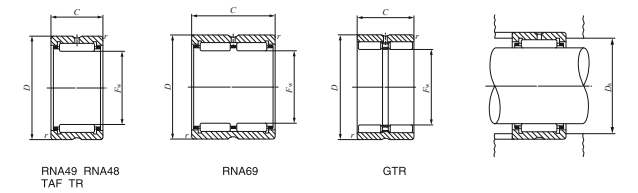
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 110 – 170mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
110	—	—	—	TAF 11013030	—	—	660
	RNA 4919	—	—	—	—	—	770
	—	—	—	TAF 11013040	—	—	880
	—	RNA 6919	—	—	—	—	1 420
	—	—	—	—	TR 11013550	—	1 400
115	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 11013550	1 560
	RNA 4920	—	—	—	—	—	1 190
	—	—	—	—	TR 11515350	—	2 350
	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 11515350	2 600
	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 190
120	—	—	RNA 4822	—	—	—	790
125	RNA 4922	—	—	—	—	—	1 280
130	—	—	RNA 4824	—	—	—	850
135	RNA 4924	—	—	—	—	—	1 930
140	—	—	—	—	TR 14017860	—	3 320
145	—	—	—	—	—	GTR 14017860	3 730
150	—	—	RNA 4826	—	—	—	1 100
	RNA 4926	—	—	—	—	—	2 360
	—	—	—	—	TR 15018860	—	3 540
155	—	—	RNA 4828	—	—	—	3 970
160	RNA 4928	—	—	—	—	—	1 170
165	—	—	RNA 4830	—	—	—	2 500
170	RNA 4930	—	—	—	—	—	1 750
	—	—	—	—	—	—	4 090

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions				mm	Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r<sub>s</sub></i> min <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>D<sub>a</sub></i> Max. mm	<i>C</i>	<i>C<sub>0</sub></i>		min <sup>-1</sup>
110	130	30	1	125	106 000	240 000		3 500
110	130	35	1.1	123.5	116 000	271 000		3 500
110	130	40	1	125	134 000	324 000		3 500
110	130	63	1.1	123.5	182 000	514 000		3 500
110	135	50	1.5	127	183 000	395 000		3 500
110	135	50	1.5	127	245 000	603 000		1 400
115	140	40	1.1	133.5	145 000	329 000		3 500
115	153	50	1.5	145	233 000	414 000		3 500
115	153	50	1.5	145	315 000	614 000		1 300
120	140	30	1	135	93 200	239 000		3 500
125	150	40	1.1	143.5	152 000	357 000		3 000
130	150	30	1	145	96 900	259 000		3 000
135	165	45	1.1	158.5	187 000	435 000		3 000
140	178	60	1.5	170	307 000	625 000		3 000
140	178	60	1.5	170	409 000	923 000		1 100
145	165	35	1.1	158.5	116 000	340 000		3 000
150	180	50	1.5	172	215 000	540 000		2 500
150	188	60	1.5	180	320 000	675 000		2 500
150	188	60	1.5	180	423 000	989 000		1 000
155	175	35	1.1	168.5	120 000	363 000		2 500
160	190	50	1.5	182	224 000	580 000		2 500
165	190	40	1.1	183.5	168 000	446 000		2 500
170	210	60	2	201	324 000	712 000		2 500

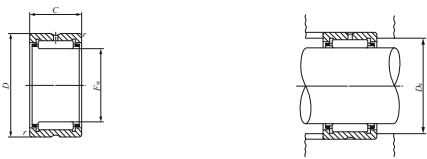
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 175 – 350mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
175	—	—	RNA 4832	—	—	—	1 850
180	RNA 4932	—	—	—	—	—	4 310
185	—	—	RNA 4834	—	—	—	2 700
190	RNA 4934	—	—	—	—	—	4 530
195	—	—	RNA 4836	—	—	—	2 840
205	RNA 4936	—	—	—	—	—	6 250
210	—	—	RNA 4838	—	—	—	3 380
215	RNA 4938	—	—	—	—	—	6 500
220	—	—	RNA 4840	—	—	—	3 520
225	RNA 4940	—	—	—	—	—	10 400
240	—	—	RNA 4844	—	—	—	3 820
245	RNA 4944	—	—	—	—	—	11 200
265	—	—	RNA 4848	—	—	—	5 670
	RNA 4948	—	—	—	—	—	12 000
285	—	—	RNA 4852	—	—	—	6 070
290	RNA 4952	—	—	—	—	—	21 200
305	—	—	RNA 4856	—	—	—	9 750
310	RNA 4956	—	—	—	—	—	22 500
330	—	—	RNA 4860	—	—	—	13 200
340	RNA 4960	—	—	—	—	—	33 400
350	—	—	RNA 4864	—	—	—	14 100

Notes(1) Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
(2) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 RNA48

Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(2)
<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r<sub>s</sub></i> (1)	<i>D<sub>a</sub></i> Max. mm	<i>C</i> N	<i>C<sub>0</sub></i> N	min <sup>-1</sup>
175	200	40	1.1	193.5	173 000	474 000	2 500
180	220	60	2	211	337 000	761 000	1 900
185	215	45	1.1	208.5	211 000	567 000	1 900
190	230	60	2	221	347 000	810 000	1 900
195	225	45	1.1	218.5	218 000	602 000	1 900
205	250	69	2	241	434 000	989 000	1 900
210	240	50	1.5	232	249 000	726 000	1 800
215	260	69	2	251	440 000	1 020 000	1 700
220	250	50	1.5	242	255 000	766 000	1 600
225	280	80	2.1	269	518 000	1 120 000	1 600
240	270	50	1.5	262	266 000	833 000	1 500
245	300	80	2.1	289	536 000	1 200 000	1 400
265	300	60	2	291	345 000	1 150 000	1 300
265	320	80	2.1	309	565 000	1 320 000	1 300
285	320	60	2	311	354 000	1 220 000	1 100
290	360	100	2.1	349	847 000	1 900 000	1 100
305	350	69	2	341	486 000	1 550 000	950
310	380	100	2.1	369	877 000	2 040 000	950
330	380	80	2.1	369	610 000	1 900 000	900
340	420	118	3	407	1 130 000	2 650 000	850
350	400	80	2.1	389	635 000	2 040 000	750

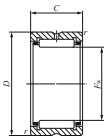
Without Inner Ring



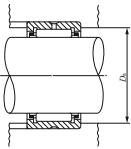
Shaft dia. 360 – 490mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g
	RNA 49	RNA 69	RNA 48	TAF	TR	GTR	
360	RNA 4964	—	—	—	—	—	35 200
370	—	—	RNA 4868	—	—	—	14 800
380	RNA 4968	—	—	—	—	—	37 000
390	—	—	RNA 4872	—	—	—	15 600
400	RNA 4972	—	—	—	—	—	38 700
415	—	—	RNA 4876	—	—	—	27 900
430	RNA 4976	—	—	—	—	—	56 400
450	RNA 4980	—	—	—	—	—	58 800
470	RNA 4984	—	—	—	—	—	61 200
490	RNA 4988	—	—	—	—	—	86 900

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



RNA49 RNA48



Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r<sub>s</sub></i> min <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>D<sub>a</sub></i> Max. mm	<i>C</i> N	<i>C<sub>0</sub></i> N	min <sup>-1</sup>
360	440	118	3	427	1 170 000	2 830 000	750
370	420	80	2.1	409	651 000	2 140 000	700
380	460	118	3	447	1 220 000	3 020 000	700
390	440	80	2.1	429	680 000	2 320 000	650
400	480	118	3	467	1 260 000	3 200 000	600
415	480	100	2.1	469	951 000	2 860 000	600
430	520	140	4	504	1 540 000	4 030 000	500
450	540	140	4	524	1 590 000	4 270 000	500
470	560	140	4	544	1 640 000	4 510 000	500
490	600	160	4	584	1 910 000	5 140 000	400

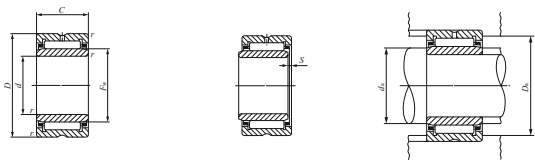
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 5 – 12mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
5	NA 495	—	—	—	—	—	7.3	5
	—	—	—	TAFI 51512	—	—	11.9	5
	—	—	—	TAFI 51516	—	—	16.7	5
6	NA 496	—	—	—	—	—	9.1	6
	—	—	—	TAFI 61612	—	—	13	6
	—	—	—	TAFI 61616	—	—	17.5	6
7	NA 497	—	—	—	—	—	11.2	7
	—	—	—	TAFI 71712	—	—	14.3	7
	—	—	—	TAFI 71716	—	—	19.2	7
8	NA 498	—	—	—	—	—	15	8
9	—	—	—	TAFI 91912	—	—	16.7	9
	—	—	—	TAFI 91916	—	—	22.5	9
	NA 499	—	—	—	—	—	16.7	9
10	NA 4900	—	—	—	—	—	24	10
	—	—	—	TAFI 102216	—	—	30	10
	—	—	—	TAFI 102220	—	—	38	10
12	NA 4901	—	—	—	—	—	26.5	12
	—	—	—	TAFI 122416	—	—	33.5	12
	—	—	—	TAFI 122420	—	—	42.5	12
	—	NA 6901	—	—	—	—	44.5	12

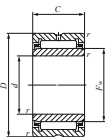
Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. TAFI series with a bore diameter *d* of 22 mm or less have no oil hole. In others, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



NA49 TAFI  
NA69 (*d* ≤ 30)

Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>r</i> <sub>5 min</sub>	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>S</i> <sup>(2)</sup>	Min. <i>d</i> <sub>s</sub>	Max. <i>D</i> <sub>s</sub>	<i>C</i> N	<i>C</i> <sub>0</sub> N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
13	10	—	0.15	7	0.5	6.2	6.7	2 960	2 690	60 000	LRT 5710
15	12	—	0.2	8	0.5	6.6	7.7	5 060	4 690	50 000	LRT 5812
15	16	—	0.2	8	0.5	6.6	7.7	7 080	7 220	50 000	LRT 5816
15	10	—	0.15	8	0.5	7.2	7.7	3 960	3 420	50 000	LRT 6810
16	12	—	0.2	9	0.5	7.6	8.7	5 490	5 330	45 000	LRT 6912
16	16	—	0.2	9	0.5	7.6	8.7	7 680	8 210	45 000	LRT 6916
17	10	—	0.15	9	0.5	8.2	8.7	4 530	3 650	45 000	LRT 7910
17	12	—	0.2	10	0.5	8.6	9.7	5 880	5 970	40 000	LRT 71012
17	16	—	0.2	10	0.5	8.6	9.7	8 230	9 190	40 000	LRT 71016
19	11	—	0.2	10	0.5	9.6	9.9	6 180	5 030	40 000	LRT 81011
19	12	—	0.3	12	0.5	11	11.5	6 610	7 260	35 000	LRT 91212
19	16	—	0.3	12	0.5	11	11.5	9 250	11 200	35 000	LRT 91216
20	11	—	0.3	12	0.5	11	11.5	6 600	6 310	35 000	LRT 91211
22	13	—	0.3	14	0.5	12	13	9 230	10 100	30 000	LRT 101413
22	16	—	0.3	14	0.5	12	13	11 700	13 700	30 000	LRT 101416
22	20	—	0.3	14	0.5	12	13	14 800	18 600	30 000	LRT 101420
24	13	—	0.3	16	0.5	14	15	9 660	11 100	25 000	LRT 121613
24	16	—	0.3	16	0.5	14	15	12 300	15 100	25 000	LRT 121616
24	20	—	0.3	16	0.5	14	15	15 500	20 400	25 000	LRT 121620
24	22	—	0.3	16	0.5	14	15	17 100	23 000	25 000	LRT 121622

With Inner Ring

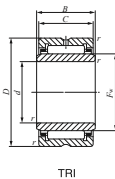


NA49 TAFI  
NA69 (d ≤ 30)

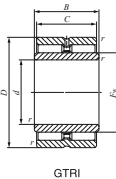
Shaft dia. 15 – 22mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
15	—	—	—	TAFI 152716	—	—	39.5	15
	NA 4902	—	—	TAFI 152720	—	—	50	15
	—	NA 6902	—	—	—	—	35	15
	—	—	—	—	—	—	61	15
	—	—	—	—	TRI 153320	—	81	15
17	—	—	—	TAFI 172916	—	—	43.5	17
	NA 4903	—	—	TAFI 172920	—	—	54	17
	—	NA 6903	—	—	—	—	39	17
	—	—	—	—	—	—	67	17
	—	—	—	—	TRI 173425	—	104	17
20	—	—	—	TAFI 203216	—	—	48.5	20
	NA 4904	—	—	TAFI 203220	—	—	61	20
	—	NA 6904	—	—	—	—	78.5	20
	—	—	—	—	—	—	136	20
	—	—	—	—	TRI 203820	—	99	20
22	—	—	—	TAFI 223416	—	—	124	20
	NA 49/22	—	—	TAFI 223420	—	—	110	20
	—	NA 69/22	—	—	—	GTRI 203820	138	20
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 203825	110	20
	—	—	—	—	—	—	152	22

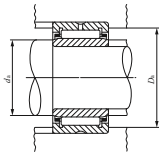
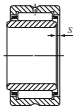
Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. TAFI series with a bore diameter d of 22 mm or less have no oil hole. In others, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



TRI

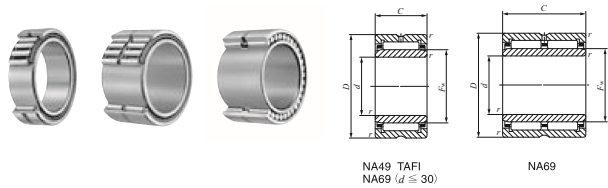


GTRI



Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
D	C	B	r <sub>s min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	F <sub>w</sub>	S <sup>(2)</sup>	Min. d <sub>s</sub>	Max.	D <sub>s</sub> Max.	C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
									N	N		
27	16	—	0.3	19	0.5	17	18	25	14 000	18 700	20 000	LRT 151916
27	20	—	0.3	19	0.5	17	18	25	17 700	25 300	20 000	LRT 151920
28	13	—	0.3	20	0.3	17	19	26	10 900	13 800	20 000	LRT 152013
28	23	—	0.3	20	0.3	17	19	26	19 300	28 800	20 000	LRT 152023
33	20	20.5	0.3	20	0.3	17	19	31	24 300	26 500	20 000	LRT 152020
33	20	20.5	0.3	20	—	17	19	31	29 200	37 200	7 500	LRTZ 152020
29	16	—	0.3	21	0.5	19	20	27	14 400	20 000	19 000	LRT 172116
29	20	—	0.3	21	0.5	19	20	27	18 200	27 100	19 000	LRT 172120
30	13	—	0.3	22	0.3	19	21	28	11 700	15 600	18 000	LRT 172213
30	23	—	0.3	22	0.3	19	21	28	20 800	32 500	18 000	LRT 172223
34	25	25.5	0.3	22	0.5	19	21	32	29 100	36 800	18 000	LRT 172225
34	25	25.5	0.3	22	—	19	21	32	37 900	57 800	7 000	LRTZ 172225
32	16	—	0.3	24	0.5	22	23	30	15 300	22 500	17 000	LRT 202416
32	20	—	0.3	24	0.5	22	23	30	19 400	30 500	17 000	LRT 202420
37	17	—	0.3	25	0.5	22	24	35	21 000	25 000	16 000	LRT 202517
37	30	—	0.3	25	0.5	22	24	35	35 400	48 900	16 000	LRT 202530
38	20	20.5	0.3	25	0.3	22	24	36	28 900	35 000	16 000	LRT 202520
38	25	25.5	0.3	25	0.5	22	24	36	34 800	44 400	16 000	LRT 202525
38	20	20.5	0.3	25	—	22	24	36	33 300	46 500	6 000	LRTZ 202520
38	25	25.5	0.3	25	—	22	24	36	42 400	63 700	6 000	LRTZ 202525
34	16	—	0.3	26	0.5	24	25	32	16 300	24 900	15 000	LRT 222616
34	20	—	0.3	26	0.5	24	25	32	20 600	33 800	15 000	LRT 222620
39	17	—	0.3	28	1	24	27	37	21 400	28 900	14 000	LRT 222817
39	30	—	0.3	28	0.5	24	27	37	36 300	56 900	14 000	LRT 222830

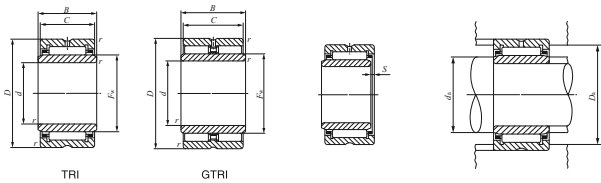
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 25 – 32mm

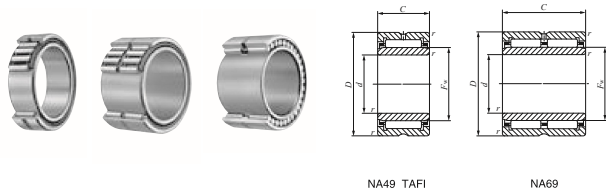
Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.) g d	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI		
25	—	—	—	TAFI 253820	—	—	82	25
	NA 4905	—	—	TAFI 253830	—	—	123	25
	—	NA 6905	—	—	—	—	92.5	25
	—	—	—	—	—	—	160	25
	—	—	—	—	TRI 254425	GTRI 254425	157	25
28	—	—	—	TAFI 284220	—	—	175	25
	NA 49/28	—	—	TAFI 284230	—	—	96.5	28
	—	NA 69/28	—	—	—	—	145	28
	—	—	—	—	—	—	101	28
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 284530	176	28
30	—	—	—	TAFI 304520	—	—	196	28
	NA 4906	—	—	TAFI 304530	—	—	112	30
	—	NA 6906	—	—	—	—	171	30
	—	—	—	—	—	—	106	30
	—	—	—	—	TRI 304830	GTRI 304830	184	30
32	—	—	—	TAFI 324720	—	—	199	30
	NA 49/32	—	—	TAFI 324730	—	—	225	30
	—	NA 69/32	—	—	—	—	121	32
	—	—	—	—	TRI 325230	—	180	32
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 325230	165	32

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
D	C	B	r <sub>s</sub> min <sup>(1)</sup>	F <sub>w</sub>	S <sup>(2)</sup>	Min. d <sub>s</sub>	Max.	D <sub>s</sub> Max.	C	C <sub>0</sub>		
									N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
38	20	—	0.3	29	0.5	27	28	36	21 600	37 200	14 000	LRT 252920
38	30	—	0.3	29	1	27	28	36	30 900	59 100	14 000	LRT 252930
42	17	—	0.3	30	0.5	27	29	40	23 700	30 700	13 000	LRT 253017
42	30	—	0.3	30	0.5	27	29	40	42 100	64 300	13 000	LRT 253030
44	25	25.5	0.3	30	0.5	27	29	42	37 900	52 100	13 000	LRT 253025
44	25	25.5	0.3	30	—	27	29	42	47 000	76 500	5 000	LRTZ 253025
42	20	—	0.3	32	0.5	30	31	40	25 700	42 200	12 000	LRT 283220
42	30	—	0.3	32	1	30	31	40	36 800	67 200	12 000	LRT 283230
45	17	—	0.3	32	1	30	31	43	24 500	32 700	12 000	LRT 283217
45	30	—	0.3	32	1	30	31	43	41 800	64 800	12 000	LRT 283230
45	30	30.5	0.3	32	—	30	31	43	58 000	101 000	4 500	LRTZ 283230
45	20	—	0.3	35	0.3	32	34	43	26 900	46 200	11 000	LRT 303520
45	30	—	0.3	35	0.5	32	34	43	38 600	73 600	11 000	LRT 303530
47	17	—	0.3	35	0.5	32	34	45	25 200	34 700	11 000	LRT 303517
47	30	—	0.3	35	0.5	32	34	45	43 000	69 000	11 000	LRT 303530
48	30	30.5	0.3	35	1	32	34	46	47 400	72 300	11 000	LRT 303530-1
48	30	30.5	0.3	35	—	32	34	46	61 100	110 000	4 500	LRTZ 303530
47	20	—	0.3	37	0.3	34	36	45	28 200	50 100	11 000	LRT 323720
47	30	—	0.3	37	0.5	34	36	45	40 500	79 800	11 000	LRT 323730
52	20	—	0.6	40	0.5	36	39	48	31 200	47 800	10 000	LRT 324020
52	30	30.5	0.6	38	0.5	36	37	48	50 800	81 100	11 000	LRT 323830
52	36	—	0.6	40	0.3	36	39	48	53 500	95 700	10 000	LRT 324036
52	30	30.5	0.6	38	—	36	37	48	64 200	121 000	4 000	LRTZ 323830

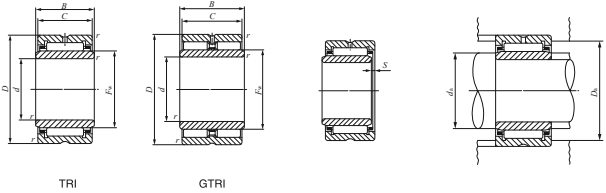
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 35 – 45mm

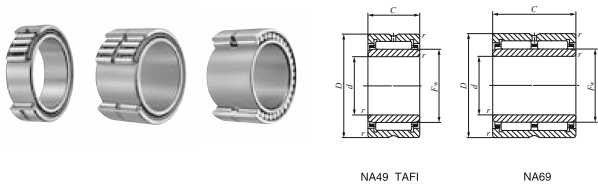
Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
35	—	—	—	TAFI 355020	—	—	129	35
	—	—	—	TAFI 355030	—	—	192	35
	—	—	—	—	—	—	178	35
	—	NA 6907	—	—	—	—	320	35
	—	—	—	—	TRI 355630	—	280	35
38	—	—	—	TAFI 385320	—	—	191	35
	—	—	—	TAFI 385330	—	—	205	38
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 355520	310	35
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 355630	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	310	35
40	—	—	—	TAFI 405520	—	—	136	38
	—	—	—	TAFI 405530	—	—	205	38
	—	—	—	—	—	—	143	40
	—	—	—	—	—	—	215	40
	—	—	—	—	—	—	270	40
42	—	—	—	TAFI 425720	—	—	245	40
	—	—	—	TAFI 425730	—	—	440	40
	—	—	—	—	—	—	300	40
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45	—	—	—	TAFI 456225	—	—	230	45
	—	—	—	TAFI 456235	—	—	320	45
	—	—	—	—	—	—	300	45
	—	—	—	—	—	—	285	45
	—	—	—	—	—	—	520	45
45	—	—	—	—	—	—	335	45
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$   
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
D	C	B	$r_{s\min}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$F_w$	$S$ <sup>(2)</sup>	Min.	Max.	C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
						$d_s$	$D_s$	N	N		
50	20	—	0.3	40	0.3	37	39	29 400	54 100	10 000	LRT 354020
50	30	—	0.3	40	0.5	37	39	42 300	86 200	10 000	LRT 354030
55	20	—	0.6	42	0.5	39	41	32 000	50 100	9 500	LRT 354220
55	36	—	0.6	42	0.3	39	41	54 900	100 000	9 500	LRT 354236
56	30	30.5	0.6	42	0.5	39	41	53 800	90 100	9 500	LRT 354230
55	20	20.5	0.6	40	—	39	39.5	44 300	73 600	3 500	LRTZ 354020
56	30	30.5	0.6	42	—	39	41	67 500	133 000	3 500	LRTZ 354230
53	20	—	0.3	43	0.3	40	42	30 500	58 200	9 500	LRT 384320
53	30	—	0.3	43	0.5	40	42	43 800	92 600	9 500	LRT 384330
55	20	—	0.3	45	0.3	42	44	31 000	60 200	9 000	LRT 404520
55	30	—	0.3	45	0.5	42	44	44 600	95 800	9 000	LRT 404530
59	30	30.5	0.6	45	1	44	44.5	55 100	94 800	9 000	LRT 404530-1
62	22	—	0.6	48	0.5	44	47	41 600	67 400	8 500	LRT 404822
62	40	—	0.6	48	0.3	44	47	71 300	135 000	8 500	LRT 404840
59	30	30.5	0.6	45	—	44	44.5	70 300	142 000	3 500	LRTZ 404530
57	20	—	0.3	47	0.3	44	46	31 500	62 200	8 500	LRT 424720
57	30	—	0.3	47	0.5	44	46	45 200	99 100	8 500	LRT 424730
62	30	30.5	0.6	48	0.5	46	47	56 300	99 500	8 500	LRT 424830
62	30	30.5	0.6	48	—	46	47	72 700	154 000	3 000	LRTZ 424830
62	25	—	0.3	50	0.5	47	49	43 000	85 300	8 000	LRT 455025
62	35	—	0.3	50	1	47	49	58 000	125 000	8 000	LRT 455035
64	30	30.5	0.6	50	1	49	49.5	57 700	104 000	8 000	LRT 455030
68	22	—	0.6	52	0.5	49	51	43 500	73 300	7 500	LRT 455222
68	40	—	0.6	52	0.3	49	51	74 600	147 000	7 500	LRT 455240
64	30	30.5	0.6	50	—	49	49.5	74 600	158 000	3 000	LRTZ 455030

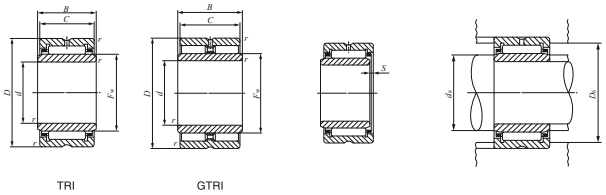
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 50 – 70mm

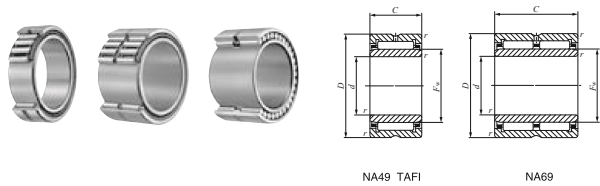
Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
50	—	—	—	TAFI 506825	—	—	270	50
	NA 4910	—	—	TAFI 506835	—	—	365	50
	—	NA 6910	—	—	—	—	295	50
	—	—	—	—	—	—	530	50
	—	—	—	—	TRI 507745	—	755	50
55	—	—	—	TAFI 557225	—	—	825	50
	NA 4911	—	—	TAFI 557235	—	—	755	50
	—	NA 6911	—	—	—	GTRI 507745	825	50
	—	—	—	—	—	—	755	50
	—	—	—	—	TRI 558138	—	710	55
60	—	—	—	TAFI 608225	—	—	650	55
	NA 4912	—	—	TAFI 608235	—	—	710	55
	—	NA 6912	—	—	—	—	410	55
	—	—	—	—	—	—	730	55
	—	—	—	—	TRI 608945	—	730	55
65	—	—	—	—	—	—	960	60
	NA 4913	—	—	—	—	—	1 050	60
	—	NA 6913	—	TAFI 659035	—	—	470	65
	—	—	—	—	—	—	710	65
	—	—	—	—	—	—	840	65
70	—	—	—	TAFI 709525	—	—	540	70
	NA 4914	—	—	TAFI 709535	—	—	755	70
	—	NA 6914	—	—	—	—	765	70
	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 400	70

Notes(1) Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r  
(2) Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
(3) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions mm							Standard mounting dimensions mm		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(3)	Assembled inner ring
D	C	B	r <sub>s min</sub>	F <sub>w</sub>	S <sup>(2)</sup>		Min. d <sub>s</sub>	Max. D <sub>s</sub>	C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
68	25	—	0.3	55	0.5		52	54	66	45 400	94 000	7 500
68	35	—	0.3	55	1		52	54	66	61 200	138 000	7 500
72	22	—	0.6	58	0.5		54	57	68	46 200	82 100	7 000
72	40	—	0.6	58	0.3		54	57	68	79 200	164 000	7 000
77	45	45.5	1	58	2		55	57	72	104 000	191 000	7 000
77	45	45.5	1	58	—		55	57	72	135 000	280 000	2 500
72	25	—	0.3	60	0.5		57	59	70	47 500	103 000	6 500
72	35	—	0.3	60	1		57	59	70	64 100	151 000	6 500
80	25	—	1	63	1		60	61	75	57 600	97 200	6 500
80	45	—	1	63	0.5		60	61	75	98 700	194 000	6 500
81	38	38.5	1	62	1.5		60	60.5	76	92 000	166 000	6 500
81	38	38.5	1	62	—		60	60.5	76	118 000	241 000	2 500
82	25	—	0.6	68	0.3		64	66	78	54 800	117 000	6 000
82	35	—	0.6	68	1		64	66	78	72 000	166 000	6 000
85	25	—	1	68	1		65	66	80	60 200	105 000	6 000
85	45	—	1	68	0.5		65	66	80	103 000	211 000	6 000
89	45	45.5	1	70	2		65	68	84	114 000	228 000	5 500
89	45	45.5	1	70	—		65	68	84	147 000	336 000	2 000
90	25	—	1	72	1		70	70.5	85	62 700	113 000	5 500
90	35	—	1	73	1		70	71	85	80 400	181 000	5 500
90	45	—	1	72	0.5		70	70.5	85	108 000	227 000	5 500
95	25	—	1	80	0.3		75	78	90	59 400	137 000	5 000
95	35	—	1	80	1		75	78	90	78 100	195 000	5 000
100	30	—	1	80	1.5		75	78	95	83 200	158 000	5 000
100	54	—	1	80	1		75	78	95	134 000	311 000	5 000

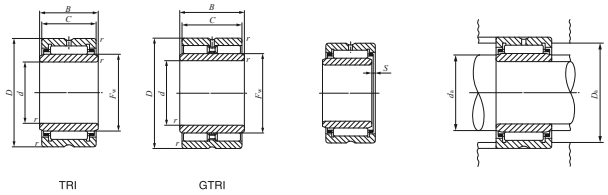
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 75 – 90mm

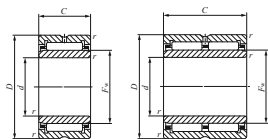
Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
75	—	—	—	TAFI 7510525	—	—	675	75
	NA 4915	—	—	—	—	—	810	75
	—	—	—	TAFI 7510535	—	—	945	75
	—	NA 6915	—	—	—	—	1 480	75
	—	—	—	—	TRI 7510845	—	1 340	75
80	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 7510845	1 440	75
	NA 4916	—	—	TAFI 8011025	—	—	710	80
	—	—	—	—	—	—	855	80
	—	—	—	TAFI 8011035	—	—	995	80
	—	NA 6916	—	—	—	—	1 560	80
85	—	—	—	TAFI 8511526	—	—	775	85
	NA 4917	—	—	TAFI 8511536	—	—	1 080	85
	—	NA 6917	—	—	—	—	1 280	85
	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 340	85
	—	—	—	—	TRI 8511850	—	1 640	85
	—	—	—	—	TRI 8512045	—	1 610	85
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 8511850	1 780	85
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 8512045	1 720	85
90	—	—	—	TAFI 9012026	—	—	820	90
	NA 4918	—	—	TAFI 9012036	—	—	1 140	90
	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 350	90
	—	NA 6918	—	—	TRI 9012550	—	1 870	90
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 9012550	2 460	90

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>r</i> <sub>S min</sub>	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>S</i> <sup>(2)</sup>	Min. <i>d</i> <sub>a</sub>	Max.	<i>D</i> <sub>a</sub>	<i>C</i> N	<i>C</i> <sub>0</sub> N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
105	25	—	1	85	0.5	80	83	100	76 300	145 000	4 500	LRT 758525
105	30	—	1	85	1.5	80	83	100	86 200	169 000	4 500	LRT 758530
105	35	—	1	85	1.5	80	83	100	102 000	210 000	4 500	LRT 758535
105	54	—	1	85	1	80	83	100	138 000	331 000	4 500	LRT 758554
108	45	45.5	1	83	2.5	80	81	103	146 000	270 000	5 000	LRT 758345
108	45	45.5	1	83	—	80	81	103	190 000	396 000	1 800	LRTZ 758345
110	25	—	1	90	0.5	85	88	105	77 300	150 000	4 500	LRT 809025
110	30	—	1	90	1.5	85	88	105	87 300	175 000	4 500	LRT 809030
110	35	—	1	90	1.5	85	88	105	103 000	217 000	4 500	LRT 809035
110	54	—	1	90	1	85	88	105	143 000	351 000	4 500	LRT 809054
115	26	—	1	95	1	90	93	110	79 700	159 000	4 000	LRT 859526
115	36	—	1	95	2	90	93	110	106 000	231 000	4 000	LRT 859536
120	35	—	1.1	100	1	91.5	98	113.5	110 000	244 000	4 000	LRT 8510035
120	63	—	1.1	100	0.5	91.5	98	113.5	173 000	467 000	4 000	LRT 8510063
118	50	50.5	1	93	3	90	91	113	165 000	329 000	4 500	LRT 859350
120	45	45.5	1.5	95	2.5	93	93.5	112	155 000	305 000	4 000	LRT 859545
118	50	50.5	1	93	—	90	91	113	224 000	509 000	1 600	LRTZ 859350
120	45	45.5	1.5	95	—	93	93.5	112	204 000	455 000	1 600	LRTZ 859545
120	26	—	1	100	1	95	98	115	82 400	168 000	4 000	LRT 9010026
120	36	—	1	100	2	95	98	115	110 000	244 000	4 000	LRT 9010036
125	35	—	1.1	105	1	96.5	103	118.5	113 000	258 000	4 000	LRT 9010535
125	50	50.5	1.5	100	3	98	98.5	117	172 000	355 000	4 000	LRT 9010050
125	63	—	1.1	105	0.5	96.5	103	118.5	178 000	490 000	4 000	LRT 9010563
125	50	50.5	1.5	100	—	98	98.5	117	234 000	549 000	1 500	LRTZ 9010050

With Inner Ring



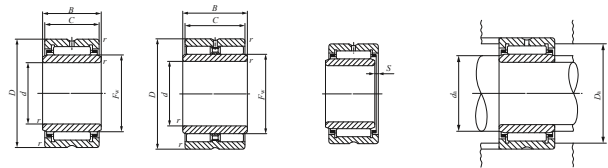
NA49 TAFI  
NA48

NA69

Shaft dia. 95 — 150mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
95	—	—	—	TAFI 9512526	—	—	860	95
	—	—	—	TAFI 9512536	—	—	1 190	95
	NA 4919	—	—	—	—	—	1 420	95
	—	NA 6919	—	—	—	—	2 580	95
100	—	—	—	TAFI 10013030	—	—	1 040	100
	—	—	—	TAFI 10013040	—	—	1 380	100
	NA 4920	—	—	—	TRI 10013550	—	2 040	100
	—	—	—	—	—	GTRI 10013550	1 960	100
105	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 200	100
	—	—	—	—	TRI 10515350	—	3 020	105
110	—	—	—	—	—	—	3 270	105
	NA 4922	—	NA 4822	—	—	—	1 200	110
120	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 120	110
	NA 4924	—	NA 4824	—	—	—	1 300	120
125	—	—	—	—	—	—	2 960	120
	—	—	—	—	TRI 12517860	—	4 780	125
130	—	—	—	—	—	—	5 180	125
	NA 4926	—	NA 4826	—	—	—	1 960	130
135	—	—	—	—	—	—	4 030	130
	—	—	—	—	TRI 13518860	—	5 100	135
140	—	—	—	—	—	—	5 530	135
	NA 4928	—	NA 4828	—	—	—	2 100	140
150	—	—	—	—	—	—	4 290	140
	NA 4930	—	NA 4830	—	—	—	2 880	150
	—	—	—	—	—	—	6 380	150

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



TRI

GTRI

Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring	
<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>r</i> <sub>s min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	<i>S</i> <sup>(2)</sup>	Min. <i>d</i> <sub>s</sub>	Max. <i>D</i> <sub>a</sub>	<i>C</i> N	<i>C</i> <sub>0</sub> N	min <sup>-1</sup>		
125	26	—	1	105	1	100	103	120	84 700	178 000	4 000	LRT 9510526
125	36	—	1	105	2	100	103	120	113 000	258 000	4 000	LRT 9510536
130	35	—	1.1	110	1	101.5	108	123.5	116 000	271 000	3 500	LRT 9511035
130	63	—	1.1	110	0.5	101.5	108	123.5	182 000	514 000	3 500	LRT 9511063
130	30	—	1	110	0.5	105	108	125	106 000	240 000	3 500	LRT 10011030
130	40	—	1	110	1.5	105	108	125	134 000	324 000	3 500	LRT 10011040
135	50	50.5	1.5	110	3	108	108.5	127	183 000	395 000	3 500	LRT 10011050
140	40	—	1.1	115	1	106.5	113	133.5	145 000	329 000	3 500	LRT 10011540
135	50	50.5	1.5	110	—	108	108.5	127	245 000	603 000	1 400	LRTZ 10011050
153	50	50.5	1.5	115	3	113	113.5	145	233 000	414 000	3 500	LRT 10511550
153	50	50.5	1.5	115	—	113	113.5	145	315 000	614 000	1 300	LRTZ 10511550
140	30	—	1	120	1	115	118	135	93 200	239 000	3 500	LRT 11012030
150	40	—	1.1	125	1	116.5	123	143.5	152 000	357 000	3 000	LRT 11012540
150	30	—	1	130	1	125	128	145	96 900	259 000	3 000	LRT 12013030
165	45	—	1.1	135	2	126.5	133	158.5	187 000	435 000	3 000	LRT 12013545
178	60	60.5	1.5	140	2.5	133	138	170	307 000	625 000	3 000	LRT 12514060
178	60	60.5	1.5	140	—	133	138	170	409 000	923 000	1 100	LRTZ 12514060
165	35	—	1.1	145	1	136.5	143	158.5	116 000	340 000	3 000	LRT 13014535
180	50	—	1.5	150	2.5	138	148	172	215 000	540 000	2 500	LRT 13015050
188	60	60.5	1.5	150	2.5	143	148	180	320 000	675 000	2 500	LRT 13515060
188	60	60.5	1.5	150	—	143	148	180	423 000	989 000	1 000	LRTZ 13515060
175	35	—	1.1	155	1	146.5	153	168.5	120 000	363 000	2 500	LRT 14015535
190	50	—	1.5	160	2.5	148	158	182	224 000	580 000	2 500	LRT 14016050
190	40	—	1.1	165	1.5	156.5	163	183.5	168 000	446 000	2 500	LRT 15016540
210	60	—	2	170	3	159	168	201	324 000	712 000	2 500	LRT 15017060

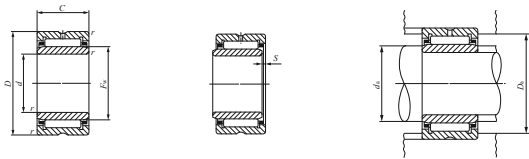
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 160 – 340mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
160	—	—	NA 4832	—	—	—	3 050	160
	NA 4932	—	—	—	—	—	6 750	160
170	—	—	NA 4834	—	—	—	4 120	170
	NA 4934	—	—	—	—	—	7 110	170
180	—	—	NA 4836	—	—	—	4 340	180
	NA 4936	—	—	—	—	—	10 200	180
190	—	—	NA 4838	—	—	—	5 760	190
	NA 4938	—	—	—	—	—	10 700	190
200	—	—	NA 4840	—	—	—	6 040	200
	NA 4940	—	—	—	—	—	15 400	200
220	—	—	NA 4844	—	—	—	6 570	220
	NA 4944	—	—	—	—	—	16 700	220
240	—	—	NA 4848	—	—	—	10 200	240
	NA 4948	—	—	—	—	—	18 000	240
260	—	—	NA 4852	—	—	—	11 000	260
	NA 4952	—	—	—	—	—	31 100	260
280	—	—	NA 4856	—	—	—	15 800	280
	NA 4956	—	—	—	—	—	33 100	280
300	—	—	NA 4860	—	—	—	22 300	300
	NA 4960	—	—	—	—	—	51 400	300
320	—	—	NA 4864	—	—	—	23 700	320
	NA 4964	—	—	—	—	—	54 400	320
340	—	—	NA 4868	—	—	—	25 000	340
	NA 4968	—	—	—	—	—	57 300	340

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



NA49 NA48

Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
D	C	B	r <sub>5 min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	F <sub>w</sub>	S <sup>(2)</sup>	Min. d <sub>s</sub>	Max. D <sub>s</sub>	C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
200	40	—	1.1	175	1.5	166.5	173	173 000	474 000	2 500	LRT 16017540
220	60	—	2	180	3	169	178	337 000	761 000	1 900	LRT 16018060
215	45	—	1.1	185	1.5	176.5	183	211 000	567 000	1 900	LRT 17018545
230	60	—	2	190	3	179	188	347 000	810 000	1 900	LRT 17019060
225	45	—	1.1	195	1.5	186.5	193	218 000	602 000	1 900	LRT 18019545
250	69	—	2	205	3	189	203	434 000	989 000	1 900	LRT 18020569
240	50	—	1.5	210	1.5	198	208	249 000	726 000	1 800	LRT 19021050
260	69	—	2	215	3	199	213	440 000	1 020 000	1 700	LRT 19021569
250	50	—	1.5	220	1.5	208	218	255 000	766 000	1 600	LRT 20022050
280	80	—	2.1	225	4	211	223	518 000	1 120 000	1 600	LRT 20022580
270	50	—	1.5	240	1.5	228	238	266 000	833 000	1 500	LRT 22024050
300	80	—	2.1	245	4	231	243	536 000	1 200 000	1 400	LRT 22024580
300	60	—	2	265	2	249	262	345 000	1 150 000	1 300	LRT 24026560
320	80	—	2.1	265	4	251	262	565 000	1 320 000	1 300	LRT 24026580
320	60	—	2	285	2	269	282	354 000	1 220 000	1 100	LRT 26028560
360	100	—	2.1	290	4	271	287	847 000	1 900 000	1 100	LRT 260290100
350	69	—	2	305	2.5	289	302	486 000	1 550 000	950	LRT 28030569
380	100	—	2.1	310	4	291	307	877 000	2 040 000	950	LRT 280310100
380	80	—	2.1	330	2.5	311	327	610 000	1 900 000	900	LRT 30033080
420	118	—	3	340	4	313	337	1 130 000	2 650 000	850	LRT 300340118
400	80	—	2.1	350	2.5	331	347	635 000	2 040 000	750	LRT 32035080
440	118	—	3	360	4	333	357	1 170 000	2 830 000	750	LRT 320360118
420	80	—	2.1	370	2.5	351	367	651 000	2 140 000	700	LRT 34037080
460	118	—	3	380	4	353	377	1 220 000	3 020 000	700	LRT 340380118

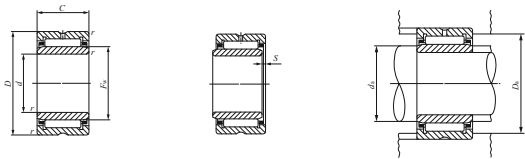
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 360 – 440mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number						Mass (Ref.)	
	NA 49	NA 69	NA 48	TAFI	TRI	GTRI	g	d
360	—	—	NA 4872	—	—	—	26 400	360
	NA 4972	—	—	—	—	—	60 200	360
380	—	—	NA 4876	—	—	—	44 600	380
	NA 4976	—	—	—	—	—	90 300	380
400	NA 4980	—	—	—	—	—	94 400	400
420	NA 4984	—	—	—	—	—	98 500	420
440	NA 4988	—	—	—	—	—	131 000	440

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring.  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



NA49 NA48

Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
D	C	B	r <sub>s min</sub>	F <sub>w</sub>	<sup>(2)</sup> S	Min. d <sub>s</sub>	Max. d <sub>s</sub>	D <sub>s Max.</sub>	C	C <sub>0</sub>	min <sup>1</sup>	
440	80	—	2.1	390	2.5	371	387	429	680 000	2 320 000	650	LRT 36039080
480	118	—	3	400	4	373	397	467	1 260 000	3 200 000	600	LRT 360400118
480	100	—	2.1	415	3	391	412	469	951 000	2 860 000	600	LRT 380415100
520	140	—	4	430	5	396	427	504	1 540 000	4 030 000	500	LRT 380430140
540	140	—	4	450	5	416	447	524	1 590 000	4 270 000	500	LRT 400450140
560	140	—	4	470	5	436	467	544	1 640 000	4 510 000	500	LRT 420470140
600	160	—	4	490	5	456	487	584	1 910 000	5 140 000	400	LRT 440490160

IKO

MACHINED TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

Without Inner Ring, Inch Series

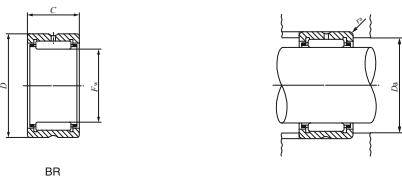
IKO



Shaft dia. 15.875 — 47.625mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)			Standard mounting dimensions mm	
			$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$D_a$ Max.	$r_{as\ max}^{(1)}$
15.875 ( $\frac{5}{8}$ )	BR 101812	49	15.875( $\frac{5}{8}$ )	28.575( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	24.5	0.6
19.050 ( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	BR 122012	56	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	26.5	1
	BR 122016	75	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	26.5	1
22.225 ( $\frac{7}{8}$ )	BR 142212	63	22.225( $\frac{7}{8}$ )	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	29.7	1
	BR 142216	84.5	22.225( $\frac{7}{8}$ )	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	29.7	1
25.400 (1)	BR 162412	69	25.400( $1$ )	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	32.9	1
	BR 162416	92.5	25.400( $1$ )	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	32.9	1
28.575 ( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	BR 182616	102	28.575( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	36	1
	BR 182620	128	28.575( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	36	1
31.750 ( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	BR 202816	110	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	39.2	1
	BR 202820	138	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	39.2	1
34.925 ( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	BR 223016	119	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	47.625( $1\frac{7}{8}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	42.4	1
	BR 223020	149	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	47.625( $1\frac{7}{8}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	42.4	1
38.100 ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	BR 243316	149	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	52.388( $2\frac{1}{16}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	45.1	1.5
	BR 243320	187	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	52.388( $2\frac{1}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	45.1	1.5
41.275 ( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	BR 263516	158	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	55.562( $2\frac{3}{16}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	48.3	1.5
	BR 263520	199	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	55.562( $2\frac{3}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	48.3	1.5
44.450 ( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	BR 283716	170	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	58.738( $2\frac{3}{16}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	51.5	1.5
	BR 283720	215	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	58.738( $2\frac{3}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	51.5	1.5
	BR 283820	250	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	60.325( $2\frac{3}{8}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	53.1	1.5
47.625 ( $1\frac{7}{8}$ )	BR 303920	225	47.625( $1\frac{7}{8}$ )	61.912( $2\frac{5}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	54.7	1.5

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the housing.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



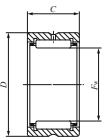
Basic dynamic load rating $C$	Basic static load rating $C_0$	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
18 900	19 700	25 000
21 700 27 600	24 400 33 100	20 000 20 000
23 000 29 100	27 100 36 800	18 000 18 000
25 300 32 100	31 900 43 300	16 000 16 000
34 900 43 200	49 900 65 600	14 000 14 000
36 000 44 600	53 500 70 300	13 000 13 000
38 500 47 700	60 000 78 900	11 000 11 000
43 700 54 200	66 900 88 200	11 000 11 000
44 800 55 600	70 900 93 400	9 500 9 500
47 500 58 900 58 900	78 200 103 000 103 000	9 000 9 000 9 000
60 100	108 000	8 500



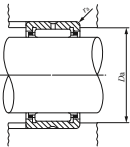
Shaft dia. 50.800 — 101.600mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)			Standard mounting dimensions mm	
			$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$D_a$ Max.	$r_{as\ max}^{(1)}$
50.800 (2)	BR 324116	190	50.800 $\frac{2}{2}$	65.088 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{5}{16}$	25.400 $\frac{1}{1}$	57.8	1.5
	BR 324120	240	50.800 $\frac{2}{2}$	65.088 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{5}{16}$	31.750 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{4}$	57.8	1.5
57.150 (2 $\frac{1}{4}$ )	BR 364824	435	57.150 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{3}{4}$	76.200 $\frac{3}{3}$	38.100 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$	69	1.5
	BR 364828	510	57.150 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{3}{4}$	76.200 $\frac{3}{3}$	44.450 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{4}$	69	1.5
63.500 (2 $\frac{1}{2}$ )	BR 405224	475	63.500 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{2}$	82.550 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{4}$	38.100 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$	74.3	2
	BR 405228	555	63.500 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{2}$	82.550 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{4}$	44.450 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{4}$	74.3	2
69.850 (2 $\frac{3}{4}$ )	BR 445624	510	69.850 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{3}{4}$	88.900 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{2}$	38.100 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$	80.7	2
	BR 445628	600	69.850 $\frac{2}{2} \frac{3}{4}$	88.900 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{2}$	44.450 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{4}$	80.7	2
76.200 (3)	BR 486024	555	76.200 $\frac{3}{3}$	95.250 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{3}{4}$	38.100 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$	87	2
	BR 486028	650	76.200 $\frac{3}{3}$	95.250 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{3}{4}$	44.450 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{4}$	87	2
82.550 (3 $\frac{1}{4}$ )	BR 526828	990	82.550 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{4}$	107.950 $\frac{4}{4} \frac{1}{4}$	44.450 $\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{4}$	99.7	2
	BR 526832	1 140	82.550 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{4}$	107.950 $\frac{4}{4} \frac{1}{4}$	50.800 $\frac{2}{2}$	99.7	2
88.900 (3 $\frac{1}{2}$ )	BR 567232	1 220	88.900 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{2}$	114.300 $\frac{4}{4} \frac{1}{2}$	50.800 $\frac{2}{2}$	106.1	2
95.250 (3 $\frac{3}{4}$ )	BR 607632	1 290	95.250 $\frac{3}{3} \frac{3}{4}$	120.650 $\frac{4}{4} \frac{3}{4}$	50.800 $\frac{2}{2}$	111.4	2.5
101.600 (4)	BR 648032	1 370	101.600 $\frac{4}{4}$	127.000 $\frac{5}{5}$	50.800 $\frac{2}{2}$	117.8	2.5

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the housing  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. In bearings with a roller set bore diameter  $F_w$  of 69.850 mm or less, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole. In others, the outer ring has an oil groove and two oil holes.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



BR



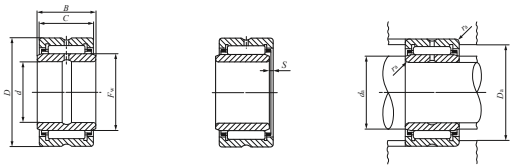
Basic dynamic load rating $C$	Basic static load rating $C_0$	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
51 000	89 400	8 000
63 200	118 000	8 000
90 300	158 000	7 000
105 000	191 000	7 000
94 600	174 000	6 500
110 000	210 000	6 500
98 700	189 000	5 500
114 000	228 000	5 500
105 000	211 000	5 500
122 000	255 000	5 500
141 000	259 000	5 000
154 000	290 000	5 000
162 000	316 000	4 500
169 000	342 000	4 000
176 000	368 000	4 000



Shaft dia. 9.525 — 41.275mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)						(1) S
			d	D	C	B	F <sub>w</sub>		
9.525 (3/8)	BRI 61812	67.5	9.525 1/8	28.575 1 1/8	19.050 3/4	19.300	15.875 5/8	0.3	
12.700 (1/2)	BRI 82012	79.5	12.700 1/2	31.750 1 1/4	19.050 3/4	19.300	19.050 3/4	0.3	
	BRI 82016	106	12.700 1/2	31.750 1 1/4	25.400 1	25.650	19.050 3/4	0.5	
15.875 (5/8)	BRI 102212	91	15.875 5/8	34.925 1 3/8	19.050 3/4	19.300	22.225 7/8	0.3	
	BRI 102216	122	15.875 5/8	34.925 1 3/8	25.400 1	25.650	22.225 7/8	0.5	
19.050 (3/4)	BRI 122412	102	19.050 3/4	38.100 1 1/2	19.050 3/4	19.300	25.400 1	0.3	
	BRI 122416	136	19.050 3/4	38.100 1 1/2	25.400 1	25.650	25.400 1	0.5	
22.225 (7/8)	BRI 142616	152	22.225 7/8	41.275 1 5/8	25.400 1	25.650	28.575 1 1/8	0.5	
	BRI 142620	190	22.225 7/8	41.275 1 5/8	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	28.575 1 1/8	0.5	
25.400 (1)	BRI 162816	166	25.400 1	44.450 1 3/4	25.400 1	25.650	31.750 1 1/4	0.5	
	BRI 162820	210	25.400 1	44.450 1 3/4	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	31.750 1 1/4	0.5	
28.575 (1 1/8)	BRI 183016	182	28.575 1 1/8	47.625 1 7/8	25.400 1	25.650	34.925 1 3/8	0.5	
	BRI 183020	225	28.575 1 1/8	47.625 1 7/8	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	34.925 1 3/8	0.5	
31.750 (1 1/4)	BRI 203316	220	31.750 1 1/4	52.388 2 1/16	25.400 1	25.650	38.100 1 1/2	0.5	
	BRI 203320	275	31.750 1 1/4	52.388 2 1/16	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	38.100 1 1/2	0.5	
34.925 (1 3/8)	BRI 223516	235	34.925 1 3/8	55.562 2 1/8	25.400 1	25.650	41.275 1 5/8	0.5	
	BRI 223520	295	34.925 1 3/8	55.562 2 1/8	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	41.275 1 5/8	0.5	
38.100 (1 1/2)	BRI 243716	250	38.100 1 1/2	58.738 2 3/16	25.400 1	25.650	44.450 1 3/4	0.5	
	BRI 243720	315	38.100 1 1/2	58.738 2 3/16	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	44.450 1 3/4	0.5	
	BRI 243820	350	38.100 1 1/2	60.325 2 3/8	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	44.450 1 3/4	0.5	
	BRI 243920	380	38.100 1 1/2	61.912 2 1/8	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	47.625 1 7/8	0.5	
41.275 (1 5/8)	BRI 264116	325	41.275 1 5/8	65.088 2 5/16	25.400 1	25.650	50.800 2	0.5	
	BRI 264120	410	41.275 1 5/8	65.088 2 5/16	31.750 1 1/4	32.000	50.800 2	0.5	

Notes(1) Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
(2) Maximum permissible corner radius of the shaft or housing  
(3) Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The inner ring and the outer ring each have an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



BRI

Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed(3)	Assembled inner ring
Min.	Max.	D <sub>a</sub> Max.	F <sub>as</sub> max (2)	C N	C <sub>0</sub> N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
14	14.5	24.5	0.6	18 900	19 700	25 000	LRB 61012
17.5	18	26.5	1	21 700	24 400	20 000	LRB 81212
17.5	18	26.5	1	27 600	33 100	20 000	LRB 81216
21	21.2	29.7	1	23 000	27 100	18 000	LRB 101412
21	21.2	29.7	1	29 100	36 800	18 000	LRB 101416
24	24.4	32.9	1	25 300	31 900	16 000	LRB 121612
24	24.4	32.9	1	32 100	43 300	16 000	LRB 121616
27	27.5	36	1	34 900	49 900	14 000	LRB 141816
27	27.5	36	1	43 200	65 600	14 000	LRB 141820
30.5	30.7	39.2	1	36 000	53 500	13 000	LRB 162016
30.5	30.7	39.2	1	44 600	70 300	13 000	LRB 162020
33.5	33.9	42.4	1	38 500	60 000	11 000	LRB 182216
33.5	33.9	42.4	1	47 700	78 900	11 000	LRB 182220
37	37.1	45.1	1.5	43 700	66 900	11 000	LRB 202416
37	37.1	45.1	1.5	54 200	88 200	11 000	LRB 202420
40.2	40.2	48.3	1.5	44 800	70 900	9 500	LRB 222616
40.2	40.2	48.3	1.5	55 600	93 400	9 500	LRB 222620
43.3	43.4	51.5	1.5	47 500	78 200	9 000	LRB 242816
43.3	43.4	51.5	1.5	58 900	103 000	9 000	LRB 242820
43.3	43.4	53.1	1.5	58 900	103 000	9 000	LRB 242820
43.3	43.4	54.7	1.5	60 100	108 000	8 500	LRB 243020
48	49	57.8	1.5	51 000	89 400	8 000	LRB 263216
48	49	57.8	1.5	63 200	118 000	8 000	LRB 263220

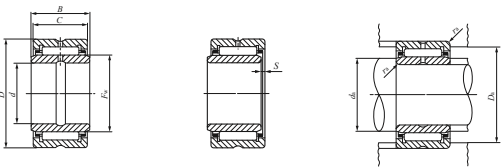
With Inner Ring, Inch Series



Shaft dia. 44.450 — 88.900mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions    mm(inch)						S <sup>(1)</sup>
			<i>d</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>		
44.450 (1 3/4)	BRI 284824	735	44.450 (1 3/4)	76.200 (3 )	38.100 (1 1/2)	38.350	57.150 (2 1/4)	1	1
	BRI 284828	855	44.450 (1 3/4)	76.200 (3 )	44.450 (1 3/4)	44.700	57.150 (2 1/4)	1	
50.800 (2)	BRI 325224	810	50.800 (2 )	82.550 (3 1/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	38.350	63.500 (2 1/2)	1	1
	BRI 325228	945	50.800 (2 )	82.550 (3 1/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	44.700	63.500 (2 1/2)	1	
57.150 (2 1/4)	BRI 365624	885	57.150 (2 1/4)	88.900 (3 1/2)	38.100 (1 1/2)	38.350	69.850 (2 3/4)	1	1
	BRI 365628	1 040	57.150 (2 1/4)	88.900 (3 1/2)	44.450 (1 3/4)	44.700	69.850 (2 3/4)	1	
63.500 (2 1/2)	BRI 406024	965	63.500 (2 1/2)	95.250 (3 3/4)	38.100 (1 1/2)	38.350	76.200 (3 )	1	1
	BRI 406028	1 130	63.500 (2 1/2)	95.250 (3 3/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	44.700	76.200 (3 )	1	
69.850 (2 3/4)	BRI 446828	1 520	69.850 (2 3/4)	107.950 (4 1/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	44.700	82.550 (3 1/4)	1.5	3
	BRI 446832	1 740	69.850 (2 3/4)	107.950 (4 1/4)	50.800 (2 )	51.050	82.550 (3 1/4)	3	
76.200 (3)	BRI 487232	1 860	76.200 (3 )	114.300 (4 1/2)	50.800 (2 )	51.050	88.900 (3 1/2)	3	
82.550 (3 1/4)	BRI 527632	1 980	82.550 (3 1/4)	120.650 (4 3/4)	50.800 (2 )	51.050	95.250 (3 3/4)	3	
88.900 (3 1/2)	BRI 568032	2 120	88.900 (3 1/2)	127.000 (5 )	50.800 (2 )	51.050	101.600 (4 )	3	

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Allowable axial shift amount of inner ring to outer ring  
<sup>(2)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the shaft or housing  
<sup>(3)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 60% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks 1. In bearings with a bearing bore diameter, *d*, of 57.150 mm or less, the outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole. In bearings with a bearing bore diameter, *d*, of 76.200 mm or less, the inner ring has an oil groove and an oil hole. In others, the inner ring and the outer ring each have an oil groove and two oil holes.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



BRI

Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(3)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
Min.	Max.	D <sub>a</sub> Max.	F <sub>as</sub> max <sup>(2)</sup>	C N	C <sub>0</sub> N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
52.5	55	69	1.5	90 300	158 000	7 000	LRB 283624
52.5	55	69	1.5	105 000	191 000	7 000	LRB 283628
58	61	74.3	2	94 600	174 000	6 500	LRB 324024
58	61	74.3	2	110 000	210 000	6 500	LRB 324028
65	67	80.7	2	98 700	189 000	5 500	LRB 364424
65	67	80.7	2	114 000	228 000	5 500	LRB 364428
71	73	87	2	105 000	211 000	5 500	LRB 404824
71	73	87	2	122 000	255 000	5 500	LRB 404828
77	79	99.7	2	141 000	259 000	5 000	LRB 445228
77	79	99.7	2	154 000	290 000	5 000	LRB 445232
83.5	86	106.1	2	162 000	316 000	4 500	LRB 485632
91	93	111.4	2.5	169 000	342 000	4 000	LRB 526032
97	99	117.8	2.5	176 000	368 000	4 000	LRB 566432

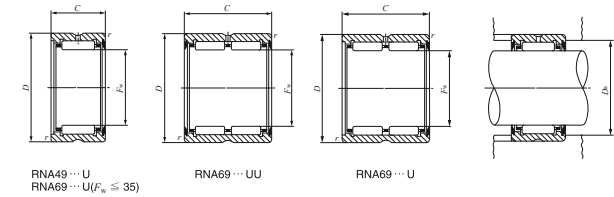
With Seal, Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 14 – 45mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number				Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm				
	With two seals	With one seal	With two seals	With one seal	$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\ min}$	<sup>(1)</sup>	
14	RNA 4900UU	RNA 4900U	—	—	16.3	14	22	13	0.3	
16	RNA 4901UU —	RNA 4901U —	RNA 6901UU	RNA 6901U	17.9 30	16 16	24 24	13 22	0.3 0.3	
18	RNA 49/14UU	RNA 49/14U	—	—	19.7	18	26	13	0.3	
20	RNA 4902UU —	RNA 4902U —	RNA 6902UU	RNA 6902U	21.5 37.5	20 20	28 28	13 23	0.3 0.3	
22	RNA 4903UU —	RNA 4903U —	RNA 6903UU	RNA 6903U	23 40.5	22 22	30 30	13 23	0.3 0.3	
25	RNA 4904UU —	RNA 4904U —	RNA 6904UU	RNA 6904U	54.5 95.5	25 25	37 37	17 30	0.3 0.3	
28	RNA 49/22UU —	RNA 49/22U —	RNA 69/22UU	RNA 69/22U	55.5 97.5	28 28	39 39	17 30	0.3 0.3	
30	RNA 4905UU —	RNA 4905U —	RNA 6905UU	RNA 6905U	63 111	30 30	42 42	17 30	0.3 0.3	
32	RNA 49/28UU —	RNA 49/28U —	RNA 69/28UU	RNA 69/28U	75.5 133	32 32	45 45	17 30	0.3 0.3	
35	RNA 4906UU —	RNA 4906U —	RNA 6906UU	RNA 6906U	71 125	35 35	47 47	17 30	0.3 0.3	
40	RNA 49/32UU —	RNA 49/32U —	RNA 69/32UU	RNA 69/32U	94.5 170	40 40	52 52	20 36	0.6 0.6	
42	RNA 4907UU —	RNA 4907U —	RNA 6907UU	RNA 6907U	112 200	42 42	55 55	20 36	0.6 0.6	
45	RNA 49/38UU	RNA 49/38U	—	—	119	45	58	20	0.6	

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$ .  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Bearings with a seal on one side are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use.



Standard mounting dimension $D_a$ Max. mm	Basic dynamic load rating $C$ N	Basic static load rating $C_0$ N	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>
20	8 080	8 490	14 000
22	8 470 15 500	9 320 20 400	12 000 12 000
24	9 260	10 800	11 000
26	9 570 18 500	11 600 27 100	9 500 9 500
28	10 300 19 800	13 100 30 600	8 500 8 500
35	18 000 33 000	20 500 44 600	7 500 7 500
37	18 300 33 800	23 700 52 000	7 000 7 000
40	20 300 39 200	25 100 58 700	6 500 6 500
43	21 000 38 900	26 800 59 100	6 000 6 000
45	21 500 40 100	28 400 63 000	5 500 5 500
48	29 400 50 300	44 200 88 300	5 000 5 000
51	30 100 51 600	46 300 92 600	4 500 4 500
54	31 600	50 400	4 000

With Seal, Without Inner Ring

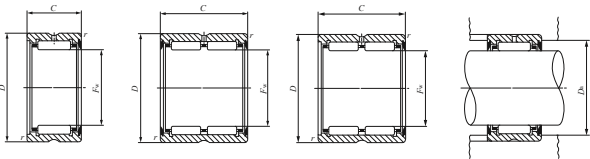


RNA49...UU

Shaft dia. 48 – 85mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number				Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm				
	With two seals	With one seal	With two seals	With one seal		$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\min}^{(1)}$	
48	RNA 4908UU	RNA 4908U	—	—	150	48	62	22	0.6	
	—	—	RNA 6908UU	RNA 6908U	270	48	62	40	0.6	
50	RNA 49/42UU	RNA 49/42U	—	—	173	50	65	22	0.6	
52	RNA 4909UU	RNA 4909U	—	—	197	52	68	22	0.6	
	—	—	RNA 6909UU	RNA 6909U	355	52	68	40	0.6	
55	RNA 49/48UU	RNA 49/48U	—	—	187	55	70	22	0.6	
58	RNA 4910UU	RNA 4910U	—	—	177	58	72	22	0.6	
	—	—	RNA 6910UU	RNA 6910U	320	58	72	40	0.6	
60	RNA 49/52UU	RNA 49/52U	—	—	200	60	75	22	0.6	
63	RNA 4911UU	RNA 4911U	—	—	265	63	80	25	1	
	—	—	RNA 6911UU	RNA 6911U	470	63	80	45	1	
65	RNA 49/58UU	RNA 49/58U	—	—	275	65	82	25	1	
68	RNA 4912UU	RNA 4912U	—	—	285	68	85	25	1	
	—	—	RNA 6912UU	RNA 6912U	505	68	85	45	1	
70	RNA 49/62UU	RNA 49/62U	—	—	320	70	88	25	1	
72	RNA 4913UU	RNA 4913U	—	—	325	72	90	25	1	
	—	—	RNA 6913UU	RNA 6913U	580	72	90	45	1	
75	RNA 49/68UU	RNA 49/68U	—	—	465	75	95	30	1	
80	RNA 4914UU	RNA 4914U	—	—	495	80	100	30	1	
	—	—	RNA 6914UU	RNA 6914U	910	80	100	54	1	
85	RNA 4915UU	RNA 4915U	—	—	520	85	105	30	1	
	—	—	RNA 6915UU	RNA 6915U	960	85	105	54	1	

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$ .  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Bearings with a seal on one side are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use.



RNA49...U

RNA69...UU

RNA69...U

Standard mounting dimension $D_a$ Max. mm	Basic dynamic load rating $C$ N	Basic static load rating $C_0$ N	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> $n$ min <sup>-1</sup>
58	37 200	58 400	4 000
58	63 700	117 000	4 000
61	38 000	60 900	4 000
64	38 900	63 400	3 500
64	66 600	127 000	3 500
66	39 600	66 100	3 500
68	41 300	71 100	3 500
68	70 800	142 000	3 500
71	42 100	73 600	3 000
75	52 200	85 700	3 000
75	89 400	171 000	3 000
77	53 400	89 200	3 000
80	54 500	92 800	3 000
80	93 400	186 000	3 000
83	55 700	96 300	2 500
85	56 800	99 800	2 500
85	97 400	200 000	2 500
90	73 900	133 000	2 500
95	76 900	143 000	2 500
95	124 000	281 000	2 500
100	79 600	153 000	2 000
100	128 000	299 000	2 000

With Seal, Without Inner Ring

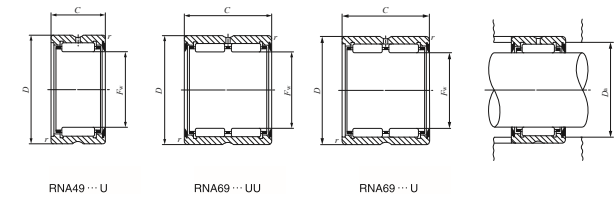


RNA49 ... UU

Shaft dia. 90 – 160mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number				Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm				
	With two seals	With one seal	With two seals	With one seal	$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\min}$ <sup>(1)</sup>		
90	RNA 4916UU	RNA 4916U	—	—	545	90	110	30	1	
	—	—	RNA 6916UU	RNA 6916U	1 010	90	110	54	1	
95	RNA 49/82UU	RNA 49/82U	—	—	570	95	115	30	1	
100	RNA 4917UU	RNA 4917U	—	—	695	100	120	35	1.1	
	—	—	RNA 6917UU	RNA 6917U	1 300	100	120	63	1.1	
105	RNA 4918UU	RNA 4918U	—	—	730	105	125	35	1.1	
	—	—	RNA 6918UU	RNA 6918U	1 360	105	125	63	1.1	
110	RNA 4919UU	RNA 4919U	—	—	760	110	130	35	1.1	
	—	—	RNA 6919UU	RNA 6919U	1 420	110	130	63	1.1	
115	RNA 4920UU	RNA 4920U	—	—	1 200	115	140	40	1.1	
125	RNA 4922UU	RNA 4922U	—	—	1 280	125	150	40	1.1	
135	RNA 4924UU	RNA 4924U	—	—	1 940	135	165	45	1.1	
150	RNA 4926UU	RNA 4926U	—	—	2 360	150	180	50	1.5	
160	RNA 4928UU	RNA 4928U	—	—	2 510	160	190	50	1.5	

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$ .  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Bearings with a seal on one side are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use.



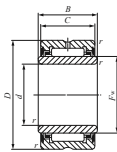
RNA49 ... U

RNA69 ... UU

RNA69 ... U

Standard mounting dimension $D_a$ Max. mm	Basic dynamic load rating $C$ N	Basic static load rating $C_0$ N	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>
105	80 700	158 000	2 000
105	132 000	317 000	2 000
110	83 200	168 000	2 000
113.5	103 000	225 000	1 900
113.5	168 000	448 000	1 900
118.5	106 000	238 000	1 800
118.5	172 000	471 000	1 800
123.5	109 000	250 000	1 700
123.5	177 000	493 000	1 700
133.5	134 000	297 000	1 700
143.5	140 000	322 000	1 500
158.5	178 000	410 000	1 400
172	206 000	511 000	1 300
182	214 000	549 000	1 200

With Seal, With Inner Ring

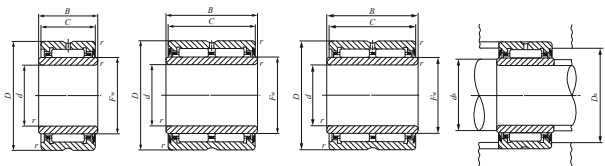


NA49...UU  
NA69...UU( $d \leq 30$ )

Shaft dia. 10 – 40mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number				Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm				
	With two seals	With one seal	With two seals	With one seal		d	D	C	B	
10	NA 4900UU	NA 4900U	—	—	24.5	10	22	13	14	
12	NA 4901UU —	NA 4901U —	NA 6901UU	NA 6901U	27.5 45.5	12	24	13	14 22	23
15	NA 4902UU —	NA 4902U —	NA 6902UU	NA 6902U	36 62.5	15	28	13	14 23	24
17	NA 4903UU —	NA 4903U —	NA 6903UU	NA 6903U	39.5 68.5	17	30	13	14 23	24
20	NA 4904UU —	NA 4904U —	NA 6904UU	NA 6904U	78.5 137	20	37	17	18 30	31
22	NA 49/22UU —	NA 49/22U —	NA 69/22UU	NA 69/22U	87.5 153	22	39	17	18 30	31
25	NA 4905UU —	NA 4905U —	NA 6905UU	NA 6905U	92.5 162	25	42	17	18 30	31
28	NA 49/28UU —	NA 49/28U —	NA 69/28UU	NA 69/28U	101 177	28	45	17	18 30	31
30	NA 4906UU —	NA 4906U —	NA 6906UU	NA 6906U	106 185	30	47	17	18 30	31
32	NA 49/32UU —	NA 49/32U —	NA 69/32UU	NA 69/32U	167 300	32	52	20	21 36	37
35	NA 4907UU —	NA 4907U —	NA 6907UU	NA 6907U	179 320	35	55	20	21 36	37
40	NA 4908UU —	NA 4908U —	NA 6908UU	NA 6908U	245 440	40	62	22	23 40	41

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension  $r$ .  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks 1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Bearings with a seal on one side are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use.



NA49...U  
NA69...U( $d \leq 30$ )

NA69...UU

NA69...U

$r_s$ <sup>(1)</sup> mm	$F_w$	Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating $C$ N	Basic static load rating $C_0$ N	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
		$d_s$		$D_s$				
		Min.	Max.	Max.				
0.3	14	12	13	20	8 080	8 490	14 000	LRTZ 101414
0.3	16	14	15	22	8 470	9 320	12 000	LRTZ 121614
0.3	16	14	15	22	15 500	20 400	12 000	LRTZ 121623
0.3	20	17	19	26	9 570	11 600	9 500	LRTZ 152014
0.3	20	17	19	26	18 500	27 100	9 500	LRTZ 152024
0.3	22	19	21	28	10 300	13 100	8 500	LRTZ 172214
0.3	22	19	21	28	19 800	30 600	8 500	LRTZ 172224
0.3	25	22	24	35	18 000	20 500	7 500	LRTZ 202518
0.3	25	22	24	35	33 000	44 600	7 500	LRTZ 202531
0.3	28	24	27	37	18 300	23 700	7 000	LRTZ 222818
0.3	28	24	27	37	33 800	52 000	7 000	LRTZ 222831
0.3	30	27	29	40	20 300	25 100	6 500	LRTZ 253018
0.3	30	27	29	40	39 200	58 700	6 500	LRTZ 253031
0.3	32	30	31	43	21 000	26 800	6 000	LRTZ 283218
0.3	32	30	31	43	38 900	59 100	6 000	LRTZ 283231
0.3	35	32	34	45	21 500	28 400	5 500	LRTZ 303518
0.3	35	32	34	45	40 100	63 000	5 500	LRTZ 303531
0.6	40	36	39	48	29 400	44 200	5 000	LRTZ 324021
0.6	40	36	39	48	50 300	88 300	5 000	LRTZ 324037
0.6	42	39	41	51	30 100	46 300	4 500	LRTZ 354221
0.6	42	39	41	51	51 600	92 600	4 500	LRTZ 354237
0.6	48	44	47	58	37 200	58 400	4 000	LRTZ 404823
0.6	48	44	47	58	63 700	117 000	4 000	LRTZ 404841

With Seal, With Inner Ring

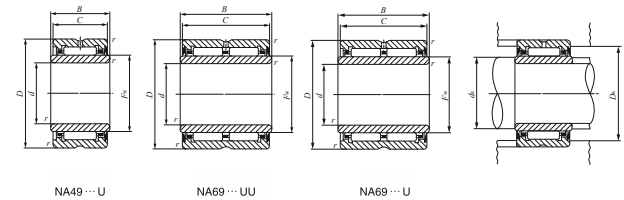


NA49 ... UU

Shaft dia. 45 – 110mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number				Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm			
	With two seals	With one seal	With two seals	With one seal		d	D	C	B
45	NA 4909UU —	NA 4909U —	— NA 6909UU	— NA 6909U	290 520	45 45	68 68	22 40	23 41
	NA 4910UU —	NA 4910U —	— NA 6910UU	— NA 6910U	295 530	50 50	72 72	22 40	23 41
55	NA 4911UU —	NA 4911U —	— NA 6911UU	— NA 6911U	415 730	55 55	80 80	25 45	26 46
	NA 4912UU —	NA 4912U —	— NA 6912UU	— NA 6912U	445 785	60 60	85 85	25 45	26 46
65	NA 4913UU —	NA 4913U —	— NA 6913UU	— NA 6913U	475 845	65 65	90 90	25 45	26 46
	NA 4914UU —	NA 4914U —	— NA 6914UU	— NA 6914U	770 1 400	70 70	100 100	30 54	31 55
75	NA 4915UU —	NA 4915U —	— NA 6915UU	— NA 6915U	815 1 480	75 75	105 105	30 54	31 55
	NA 4916UU —	NA 4916U —	— NA 6916UU	— NA 6916U	860 1 570	80 80	110 110	30 54	31 55
85	NA 4917UU —	NA 4917U —	— NA 6917UU	— NA 6917U	1 300 2 360	85 85	120 120	35 63	36 64
	NA 4918UU —	NA 4918U —	— NA 6918UU	— NA 6918U	1 360 2 480	90 90	125 125	35 63	36 64
95	NA 4919UU —	NA 4919U —	— NA 6919UU	— NA 6919U	1 420 2 600	95 95	130 130	35 63	36 64
	NA 4920UU	NA 4920U	—	—	1 980	100	140	40	41
110	NA 4922UU	NA 4922U	—	—	2 150	110	150	40	41

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Bearings with a seal on one side are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use.



NA49 ... U

NA69 ... UU

NA69 ... U

$r_{S\ min}^{(1)}$ $F_w$		Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating $C$ N	Basic static load rating $C_0$ N	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> $min^{-1}$	Assembled inner ring	
		$d_a$ Min.	Max.	$D_a$ Max.					
0.6	52	49	51	64	38 900	63 400	3 500	LRTZ	455223
0.6	52	49	51	64	66 600	127 000	3 500	LRTZ	455241
0.6	58	54	57	68	41 300	71 100	3 500	LRTZ	505823
0.6	58	54	57	68	70 800	142 000	3 500	LRTZ	505841
1	63	60	61	75	52 200	85 700	3 000	LRTZ	556326
1	63	60	61	75	89 400	171 000	3 000	LRTZ	556346
1	68	65	66	80	54 500	92 800	3 000	LRTZ	606826
1	68	65	66	80	93 400	186 000	3 000	LRTZ	606846
1	72	70	70.5	85	56 800	99 800	2 500	LRTZ	657226
1	72	70	70.5	85	97 400	200 000	2 500	LRTZ	657246
1	80	75	78	95	76 900	143 000	2 500	LRTZ	708031
1	80	75	78	95	124 000	281 000	2 500	LRTZ	708055
1	85	80	83	100	79 600	153 000	2 000	LRTZ	758531
1	85	80	83	100	128 000	299 000	2 000	LRTZ	758555
1	90	85	88	105	80 700	158 000	2 000	LRTZ	809031
1	90	85	88	105	132 000	317 000	2 000	LRTZ	809055
1.1	100	91.5	98	113.5	103 000	225 000	1 900	LRTZ	8510036
1.1	100	91.5	98	113.5	168 000	448 000	1 900	LRTZ	8510064
1.1	105	96.5	103	118.5	106 000	238 000	1 800	LRTZ	9010536
1.1	105	96.5	103	118.5	172 000	471 000	1 800	LRTZ	9010564
1.1	110	101.5	108	123.5	109 000	250 000	1 700	LRTZ	9511036
1.1	110	101.5	108	123.5	177 000	493 000	1 700	LRTZ	9511064
1.1	115	106.5	113	133.5	134 000	297 000	1 700	LRTZ	10011541
1.1	125	116.5	123	143.5	140 000	322 000	1 500	LRTZ	11012541

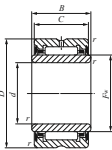
With Seal, With Inner Ring



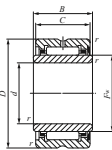
Shaft dia. 120 – 140mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number				Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm				
	With two seals	With one seal	With two seals	With one seal		<i>d</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>B</i>	
120	NA 4924UU	NA 4924U	—	—	2 990	120	165	45	46	
130	NA 4926UU	NA 4926U	—	—	4 080	130	180	50	51	
140	NA 4928UU	NA 4928U	—	—	4 340	140	190	50	51	

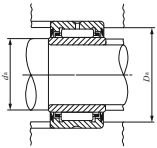
Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks<sup>1</sup> The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
<sup>2</sup> Bearings are provided with prepacked grease. Bearings with a seal on one side are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use.



NA49...UU



NA49...U



<i>F</i> <sub>S min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> <i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating <i>C</i> N	Basic static load rating <i>C</i> <sub>0</sub> N	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
	Min.	<i>d</i> <sub>2</sub> Max.	<i>D</i> <sub>a</sub> Max.					
1.1	135	126.5	133	158.5	178 000	410 000	1 400	LRTZ 12013546
1.5	150	138	148	172	206 000	511 000	1 300	LRTZ 13015051
1.5	160	148	158	182	214 000	549 000	1 200	LRTZ 14016051

IKO

MACHINED TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

With Seal, Without Inner Ring, Inch Series

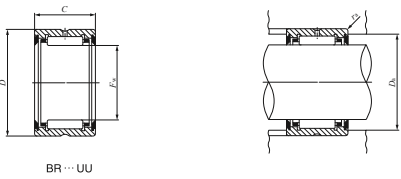
IKO



Shaft dia. 15.875 — 50.800mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)			Standard mounting dimensions mm	
			$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$D_a$ Max.	$r_{as\ max}^{(1)}$
15.875 (5/8)	BR 101816 UU	54	15.875 (5/8)	28.575 (1 1/8)	25.400 (1 )	24.5	0.6
19.050 (3/4)	BR 122016 UU	68	19.050 (3/4)	31.750 (1 1/4)	25.400 (1 )	26.5	1.0
22.225 (7/8)	BR 142216 UU	76	22.225 (7/8)	34.925 (1 3/8)	25.400 (1 )	29.7	1.0
25.400 (1)	BR 162416 UU	83	25.400 (1 )	38.100 (1 1/2)	25.400 (1 )	32.9	1.0
28.575 (1 1/8)	BR 182620 UU	115	28.575 (1 1/8)	41.275 (1 5/8)	31.750 (1 1/4)	36.0	1.0
31.750 (1 1/4)	BR 202820 UU	124	31.750 (1 1/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	31.750 (1 1/4)	39.2	1.0
34.925 (1 3/8)	BR 223020 UU	134	34.925 (1 3/8)	47.625 (1 1/4)	31.750 (1 1/4)	42.4	1.0
38.100 (1 1/2)	BR 243320 UU	168	38.100 (1 1/2)	52.388 (2 1/16)	31.750 (1 1/4)	45.1	1.5
41.275 (1 5/8)	BR 263520 UU	179	41.275 (1 5/8)	55.562 (2 3/16)	31.750 (1 1/4)	48.3	1.5
44.450 (1 3/4)	BR 283720 UU	193	44.450 (1 3/4)	58.738 (2 5/16)	31.750 (1 1/4)	51.5	1.5
47.625 (1 7/8)	BR 303920 UU	202	47.625 (1 7/8)	61.912 (2 3/16)	31.750 (1 1/4)	54.7	1.5
50.800 (2)	BR 324120 UU	216	50.800 (2 )	65.088 (2 9/16)	31.750 (1 1/4)	57.8	1.5

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the housing  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease.  
3. If one side sealed type are needed, please contact **IKO**.



Basic dynamic load rating $C$	Basic static load rating $C_0$	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
18 300	20 000	12 000
20 700	24 400	10 000
21 600	26 900	9 000
23 600	31 300	8 000
34 900	49 900	7 000
36 000	53 500	6 500
38 500	60 000	5 500
43 700	66 900	5 500
44 800	70 900	4 500
47 500	78 200	4 500
48 500	82 100	4 000
51 000	89 400	4 000

IKO

MACHINED TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

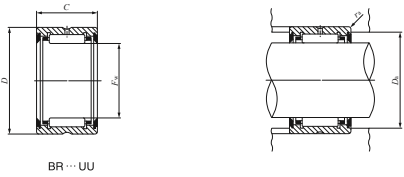
With Seal, Without Inner Ring, Inch Series



Shaft dia. 57.150 – 95.250mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)			Standard mounting dimensions mm	
			$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$D_a$ Max.	$r_{as\ max}^{(1)}$
57.150 (2 1/4)	BR 364828 UU	459	57.150 (2 1/4)	76.200 (3 )	44.450 (1 3/4)	69.0	1.5
63.500 (2 1/2)	BR 405228 UU	499	63.500 (2 1/2)	82.550 (3 1/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	74.3	2.0
69.850 (2 3/4)	BR 445628 UU	540	69.850 (2 3/4)	88.900 (3 1/2)	44.450 (1 3/4)	80.7	2.0
76.200 (3)	BR 486028 UU	585	76.200 (3 )	95.250 (3 3/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	87.0	2.0
82.550 (3 1/4)	BR 526828 UU	891	82.550 (3 1/4)	107.950 (4 1/4)	44.450 (1 3/4)	99.7	2.0
88.900 (3 1/2)	BR 567232 UU	1 098	88.900 (3 1/2)	114.300 (4 1/2)	50.800 (2 )	106.1	2.0
95.250 (3 3/4)	BR 607632 UU	1 161	95.250 (3 3/4)	120.650 (4 3/4)	50.800 (2 )	111.4	2.5

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the housing  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The outer ring has an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease.  
3. If one side sealed type are needed, please contact **IKO**.



Basic dynamic load rating $C$	Basic static load rating $C_0$	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>
90 300	158 000	3 500
94 600	174 000	3 000
98 700	189 000	2 500
105 000	211 000	2 500
109 000	227 000	2 500
142 000	265 000	2 000
148 000	287 000	2 000

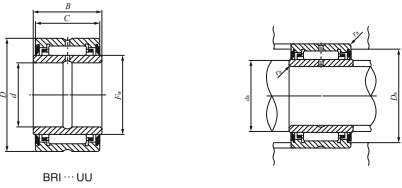
With Seal, With Inner Ring, Inch Series



Shaft dia. 9.525 — 44.450mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				$F_w$
	With two seals	g	$d$	$D$	$C$	$B$	
9.525 ( $\frac{3}{8}$ )	BRI 61816 UU	79	9.525( $\frac{3}{8}$ )	28.575( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	25.650	15.875( $\frac{5}{8}$ )
12.700 ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )	BRI 82016 UU	99	12.700( $\frac{1}{2}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	25.650	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )
15.875 ( $\frac{5}{8}$ )	BRI 102216 UU	113.5	15.875( $\frac{5}{8}$ )	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	25.650	22.225( $\frac{7}{8}$ )
19.050 ( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	BRI 122416 UU	127	19.050( $\frac{3}{4}$ )	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	25.400( $1$ )	25.650	25.400( $1$ )
22.225 ( $\frac{7}{8}$ )	BRI 142620 UU	177	22.225( $\frac{7}{8}$ )	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	28.575( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )
25.400 (1)	BRI 162820 UU	196	25.400( $1$ )	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )
28.575 ( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	BRI 183020 UU	211	28.575( $1\frac{1}{8}$ )	47.625( $1\frac{7}{8}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )
31.750 ( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	BRI 203320 UU	254	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	52.388( $2\frac{1}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )
34.925 ( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	BRI 223520 UU	275	34.925( $1\frac{3}{8}$ )	55.562( $2\frac{3}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )
38.100 ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	BRI 243720 UU	293	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	58.738( $2\frac{3}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )
	BRI 243920 UU	362	38.100( $1\frac{1}{2}$ )	61.912( $2\frac{7}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	47.625( $1\frac{7}{8}$ )
41.275 ( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	BRI 264120 UU	386	41.275( $1\frac{5}{8}$ )	65.088( $2\frac{5}{16}$ )	31.750( $1\frac{1}{4}$ )	32.000	50.800( $2$ )
44.450 ( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	BRI 284828 UU	804	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	76.200( $3$ )	44.450( $1\frac{3}{4}$ )	44.700	57.150( $2\frac{1}{4}$ )

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the shaft or housing  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks1. The inner ring and the outer ring each have an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease.  
3. If one side sealed type are needed, please contact **IKO**.



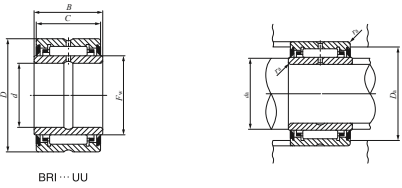
Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
Min.	Max.	$d_a$	$D_a$ Max.	$f_{as max}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$C_0$	min <sup>-1</sup>	
				N	N		
14	14.5	24.5	0.6	18 300	20 000	12 000	LRBZ 61016 B
17.5	18	26.5	0.6	20 700	24 400	10 000	LRBZ 81216 B
21	21.2	29.7	0.6	21 600	26 900	9 000	LRBZ 101416 B
24	24.4	32.9	0.6	23 600	31 300	8 000	LRBZ 121616 B
27	27.5	36.0	0.6	34 900	49 900	7 000	LRBZ 141820 B
30.5	30.7	39.2	0.6	36 000	53 500	6 500	LRBZ 162020 B
33.5	33.9	42.4	0.6	38 500	60 000	5 500	LRBZ 182220 B
37	37.1	45.1	0.6	43 700	66 900	5 500	LRBZ 202420 B
40.2	40.2	48.3	0.6	44 800	70 900	4 500	LRBZ 222620 B
43.3	43.4	51.5	0.6	47 500	78 200	4 500	LRBZ 242820 B
43.3	45	54.7	1	48 500	82 100	4 000	LRBZ 243020 B
48	49	57.8	1	51 000	89 400	4 000	LRBZ 263220 B
52.5	55	69.0	1.5	90 300	158 000	3 500	LRBZ 283628 B



Shaft dia. 50.800 – 82.550mm

Shaft dia. mm (inch)	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm(inch)				
	With two seals	g	<i>d</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>F<sub>w</sub></i>
50.800 (2)	BRI 325228 UU	889	50.800 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	82.550 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.450 <sup>(1)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.700	63.500 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
57.150 (2 1/4)	BRI 365628 UU	980	57.150 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	88.900 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	44.450 <sup>(1)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.700	69.850 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
63.500 (2 1/2)	BRI 406028 UU	1 065	63.500 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	95.250 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.450 <sup>(1)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.700	76.200 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
69.850 (2 3/4)	BRI 446828 UU	1 421	69.850 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	107.950 <sup>(4)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.450 <sup>(1)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	44.700	82.550 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
76.200 (3)	BRI 487232 UU	1 738	76.200 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	114.300 <sup>(4)</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	50.800 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	51.050	88.900 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
82.550 (3 1/4)	BRI 527632 UU	1 851	82.550 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	120.650 <sup>(4)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	50.800 <sup>(2)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	51.050	95.250 <sup>(3)</sup> / <sub>4</sub>

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum permissible corner radius of the shaft or housing  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to grease lubrication.  
Remarks 1. The inner ring and the outer ring each have an oil groove and an oil hole.  
2. Bearings are provided with prepacked grease.  
3. If one side sealed type are needed, please contact **IKO**.

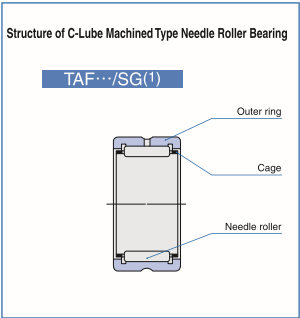


Standard mounting dimensions mm				Basic dynamic load rating <i>C</i>	Basic static load rating <i>C<sub>0</sub></i>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
<i>d<sub>a</sub></i>		<i>D<sub>a</sub></i>	<i>r<sub>as</sub></i> max <sup>(1)</sup>	N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
Min.	Max.	Max.					
58	61	74.3	1.5	94 600	174 000	3 000	LRBZ 324028 B
65	67	80.7	1.5	98 700	189 000	2 500	LRBZ 364428 B
71	73	87.0	1.5	105 000	211 000	2 500	LRBZ 404828 B
77	79	99.7	1.5	109 000	227 000	2 500	LRBZ 445228 B
83.5	86	106.1	1.5	142 000	265 000	2 000	LRBZ 485632 B
91	93	111.4	1.5	148 000	287 000	2 000	LRBZ 526032 B

C-LUBE  
MACHINED TYPE NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS

Structure and features

C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing is a bearing that is lubricated with a newly developed thermosetting solid-type lubricant. A large amount of lubricating oil and fine particles of ultra high molecular weight polyolefin resin are solidified by heat treatment to fill the inner space of the bearing. As the bearing rotates, the lubricating oil oozes out onto the raceway in proper quantities, maintaining the lubrication performance for a long period of time. C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are bearings with a low sectional height and large load ratings. The outer ring has high rigidity and can easily be used even for light alloy housings.



Note(1) Thermosetting solid-type lubricant fills inner space of the bearing.



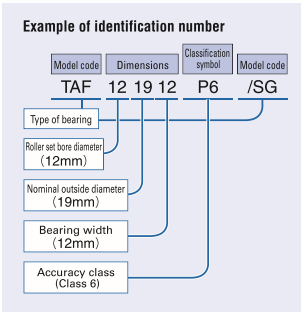
Type

C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing is available in type shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Type of bearing	
Series	Type
	Needle bearing with cage
Metric series	Without inner ring
	TAF.../SG

Identification number

The identification number of C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing consists of model code, dimensions and classification symbol. Example is shown below.



Accuracy

C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are manufactured based on JIS (See page A31.). The tolerances for the smallest single roller set bore diameter of bearings without inner ring are based on Table 14 on page A33.

Fit

The recommended fits for C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are shown in Tables 21 to 23 on pages A41 and A42.

Allowable Rotational Speed

The allowable rotational speed of C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing is affected by mounting and operating conditions. The reference  $d_{mn}$  value (\*) is 20,000.

Note(\*)  $d_{mn}$  value = {(Bore diameter of bearing [mm] + Outside diameter of bearing [mm])/2} x rotational speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]

Lubrication

As the internal space of C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing is filled with thermosetting solid-type lubricant C-Lube, regreasing is not possible due to the structure.

Oil hole

Table 2 shows the number of oil holes on the outer ring.

Table 2 Number of oil holes of outer ring	
Nominal roller set bore diameter $F_w$ mm	Number of hole holes of outer ring
$F_w \leq 26$	0
$26 < F_w$	1

Remark If there is oil hole on the outer ring, care must be exercised not to let oil holes within the load range.

Mounting

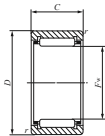
- Mounting dimensions for C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings are shown in the table of dimensions.
- When mounting, pay special attention to avoid locating the oil hole within the loading zone. This may lead to a short bearing life.

Precaution for Use

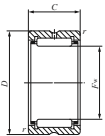
- Do not wash C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing with organic solvent and/or white kerosene, which have the ability of removing fat nor leave them in contact with the above agents.
- To ensure normal rotation of the C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing, apply a load of 1% or over of the dynamic load rating at use.
- The operating temperature range is -15~+80°C. For continuous operation, the recommended operating temperature is +60°C or less.
- When using two or more C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearings adjacent to each other on the same shaft, it is necessary to obtain an even load distribution. On request, a set of bearings is available, in which bearings are matched to obtain an even load distribution.

Further, C-Lube Machined Type Needle Roller Bearing for food machinery is also available. If needed, please contact IKO.

Without Inner Ring



TAF .../SG  
F<sub>w</sub> ≤ 26

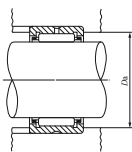


TAF .../SG  
F<sub>w</sub> > 26

Shaft dia. 10—45mm

Shaft dia.	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
		g	$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\ min}^{(1)}$	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$	$C_0$
									N
10	TAF 101712/SG	11	10	17	12	0.2	15.4	5 880	5 970
	TAF 101716/SG	14.7	10	17	16	0.2	15.4	8 230	9 190
12	TAF 121912/SG	12.5	12	19	12	0.3	17	6 610	7 260
	TAF 121916/SG	16.8	12	19	16	0.3	17	9 250	11 200
14	TAF 142216/SG	22	14	22	16	0.3	20	11 700	13 700
	TAF 142220/SG	27.5	14	22	20	0.3	20	14 800	18 600
15	TAF 152316/SG	23.5	15	23	16	0.3	21	12 300	14 900
	TAF 152320/SG	29	15	23	20	0.3	21	15 600	20 200
16	TAF 162416/SG	24	16	24	16	0.3	22	12 300	15 100
	TAF 162420/SG	30	16	24	20	0.3	22	15 500	20 400
18	TAF 182616/SG	26.5	18	26	16	0.3	24	13 400	17 500
	TAF 182620/SG	33	18	26	20	0.3	24	17 000	23 600
19	TAF 192716/SG	28	19	27	16	0.3	25	14 000	18 700
	TAF 192720/SG	35.5	19	27	20	0.3	25	17 700	25 300
20	TAF 202816/SG	28.5	20	28	16	0.3	26	13 900	18 800
	TAF 202820/SG	37	20	28	20	0.3	26	17 600	25 400
21	TAF 212916/SG	30	21	29	16	0.3	27	14 400	20 000
	TAF 212920/SG	37.5	21	29	20	0.3	27	18 200	27 100
22	TAF 223016/SG	31	22	30	16	0.3	28	14 900	21 200
	TAF 223020/SG	39	22	30	20	0.3	28	18 900	28 700
24	TAF 243216/SG	33	24	32	16	0.3	30	15 300	22 500
	TAF 243220/SG	42	24	32	20	0.3	30	19 400	30 500
25	TAF 253316/SG	35	25	33	16	0.3	31	15 800	23 700
	TAF 253320/SG	43.5	25	33	20	0.3	31	20 000	32 100

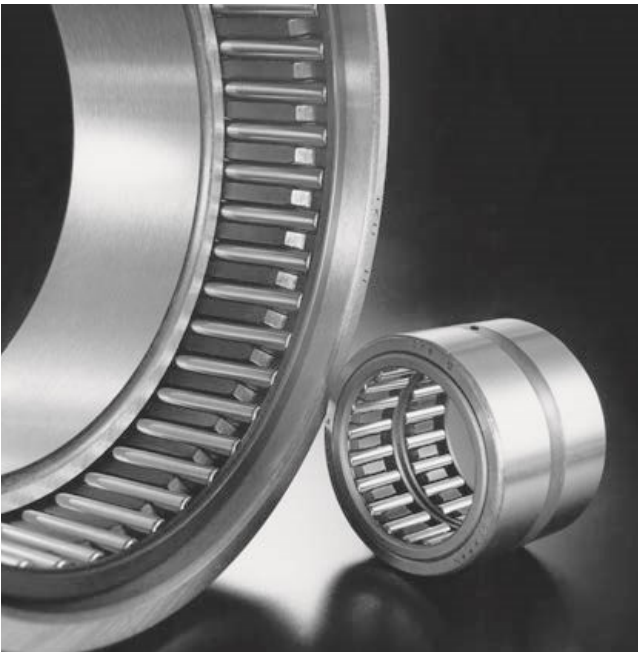
Note<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r<sub>s</sub>.  
Remarks 1. Models with a nominal roller set bore diameter F<sub>w</sub> of 26mm or less are provided without oil holes. Other models are provided with one oil hole and oil groove.  
2. This bearing can not be re-lubricated as thermosetting solid-type lubricant C-Lube fills inner space of the bearing.



Shaft dia.	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimension	Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating
		g	$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\min}^{(1)}$	$D_a$ Max. mm	$C$	$C_0$
29	TAF 293820/SG	59	29	38	20	0.3	36	21 600	37 200
	TAF 293830/SG	88	29	38	30	0.3	36	30 900	59 100
30	TAF 304020/SG	67	30	40	20	0.3	38	25 100	40 100
	TAF 304030/SG	101	30	40	30	0.3	38	36 000	63 900
35	TAF 354520/SG	76.5	35	45	20	0.3	43	26 900	46 200
	TAF 354530/SG	116.5	35	45	30	0.3	43	38 600	73 600
40	TAF 405020/SG	86	40	50	20	0.3	48	29 400	54 100
	TAF 405030/SG	130	40	50	30	0.3	48	42 300	86 200
45	TAF 455520/SG	95.5	45	55	20	0.3	53	31 000	60 200
	TAF 455530/SG	144	45	55	30	0.3	53	44 600	95 800

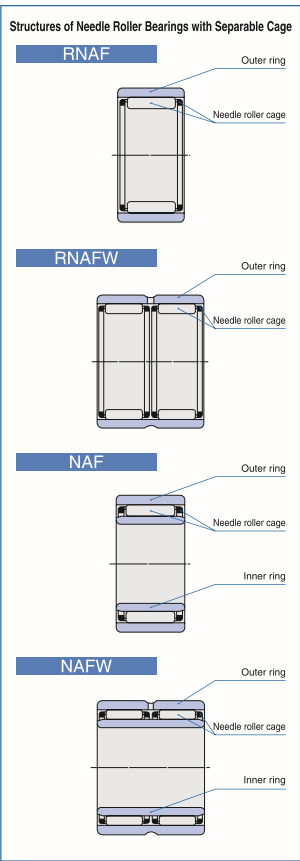
# NEEDLE ROLLER BEARINGS WITH SEPARABLE CAGE

- Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage - Without Inner Ring
- Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage - With Inner Ring



## Structure and Features

In **IKO** Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage, the inner ring, outer ring and **IKO** Needle Roller Cage are combined, and they can be separated easily. This type has a simple structure with high accuracy. In addition, the radial clearance can be freely chosen by selecting and combining these component parts. As Needle Roller Cages are used, these bearings have excellent rotational performance. These bearings are most suitable for mass-production high accuracy products such as machine tools, textile machinery, and printing machines.



Types

Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage are available in the types shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Type of bearing

Type	Single-row		Double-row	
	Without inner ring	With inner ring	Without inner ring	With inner ring
Model code	RNAF	NAF	RNAFW	NAFW

Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage - Without Inner Ring

The single-row as well as the double-row types are available with the same sectional height, and either of them can be selected according to load conditions. As shown in the section, "Design of shaft and housing" on page A44, any desired radial internal clearance can be selected by combining a shaft which is heat-treated and finished by grinding.

Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage - With Inner Ring

These bearings are made to the CN clearance shown in Table 19 on page A37. When especially high accuracy is required, it is possible to supply semi-finished inner rings which have a finishing allowance on their outside diameter so that they can be ground after being press-fitted to shafts.

Identification Number

The identification number of Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage consists of a model code, dimensions, any supplemental codes and a classification symbol. The arrangement examples are as follows.

Examples of identification number

**Example 1**

Model code	Dimensions	Supplemental code
RNAF	7 14 8	N

Type of bearing (RNAF)  
Roller set bore diameter (7mm) (7)  
Nominal outside diameter (14mm) (14)  
Bearing width (8mm) (8)  
Cage made of synthetic resin (N)

**Example 2**

Model code	Dimensions	Supplemental code	Classification symbol
NAFW	30 45 26	C2	P5

Type of bearing (NAFW)  
Nominal bore diameter (30mm) (30)  
Nominal outside diameter (45mm) (45)  
Bearing width (26mm) (26)  
Clearance symbol (C2 clearance) (C2)  
Accuracy class (Class 5) (P5)

Accuracy

Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage are manufactured to the accuracy based on JIS (See page A31.). Tolerances for the smallest single roller set bore diameter of bearings without inner ring are based on Table 14 on page A33.

Clearance

Radial internal clearances of Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage are made to the CN clearance shown in Table 18 on page A37.

Fit

Recommended fits for Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage are shown in Tables 21 to 23 on pages A41 and A42.

Lubrication

Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage are not provided with prepacked grease. Perform proper lubrication for use. Using them without lubrication will increase the wear of the rolling contact surfaces and shorten their lives.

Oil Hole

The double-row type outer rings have both an oil hole and an oil groove, but the single-row type outer rings do not. When outer rings with an oil hole are required, attach "OH" before the clearance symbol in the identification number, and when outer rings with both an oil hole and an oil groove are required, attach "-OG" to the same position.  
Example: NAF 203517 - OH C2 P6  
When outer rings with multiple oil holes or inner rings with oil hole(s) are required, please contact IKO.

Operating temperature range

For synthetic resin cages, "N" is added at the end of the identification number. The operating temperature range for Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage is -20 ~ +120°C. However, the maximum allowable temperature for synthetic resin cages is +110°C, and when they are continuously operated, it is +100°C.

Mounting

Mounting examples of Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage are shown in Fig.1. When mounting Needle Roller Bearings with Separable Cage, it is necessary to locate the needle cage axially. The needle cage is guided by shoulders of the shaft and housing or by side plates, and their guide surfaces must be heat-treated and finished by grinding at right angles to the shaft central axis. Dimensions related to mounting are shown in the table of dimensions.

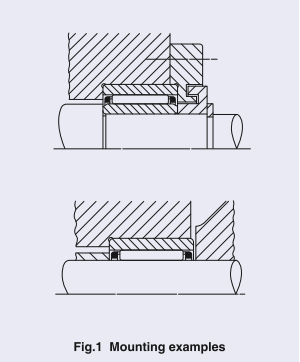


Fig.1 Mounting examples

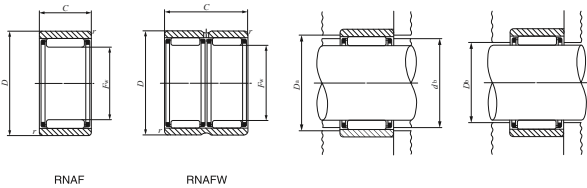
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 5 – 18mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number			Mass (Ref.)					Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>
				g	F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	r <sub>s min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	d <sub>b</sub>	D <sub>a</sub> Max.	D <sub>b</sub>		d <sub>b</sub>	D <sub>a</sub> Max.	D <sub>b</sub>	N	N
5	RNAF	5108N		2.8	5	10	8	0.2	6.7	8.4	5.4		2 420		1 950		
6	RNAF	6138N		5.5	6	13	8	0.3	8.4	11	6.4		2 700		2 320		
7	RNAF	7148N		6.1	7	14	8	0.3	9.4	12	7.4		2 960		2 690		
8	RNAF	81510		8.2	8	15	10	0.3	10.4	13	8.4		3 630		3 600		
	RNAFW	81620		20.5	8	16	20	0.3	10.8	14	8.4		6 220		7 200		
10	RNAF	101710		9.6	10	17	10	0.3	12.4	15	10.4		4 160		4 550		
	RNAF	102012		18.7	10	20	12	0.3	13.5	18	10.4		5 940		6 000		
12	RNAF	122212		19.5	12	22	12	0.3	15.5	20	12.4		9 030		8 460		
14	RNAF	142213		18.7	14	22	13	0.3	17.6	20	14.6		7 860		9 410		
	RNAFW	142220		28.5	14	22	20	0.3	17.6	20	14.6		10 800		14 200		
	RNAF	142612		29	14	26	12	0.3	19.4	24	14.6		9 790		9 680		
15	RNAF	152313		19.7	15	23	13	0.3	18.6	21	15.6		8 250		10 200		
	RNAFW	152320		30.5	15	23	20	0.3	18.6	21	15.6		11 400		15 400		
16	RNAF	162413		21	16	24	13	0.3	19.6	22	16.6		8 620		11 000		
	RNAFW	162420		32	16	24	20	0.3	19.6	22	16.6		11 900		16 700		
	RNAF	162812		31.5	16	28	12	0.3	21.4	26	16.6		10 500		10 900		
17	RNAF	172513		22	17	25	13	0.3	20.6	23	17.6		8 980		11 800		
	RNAFW	172520		33.5	17	25	20	0.3	20.6	23	17.6		12 400		17 900		
18	RNAF	182613		23	18	26	13	0.3	21.6	24	18.6		9 330		12 700		
	RNAFW	182620		35	18	26	20	0.3	21.6	24	18.6		12 900		19 100		
	RNAF	183012		34.5	18	30	12	0.3	23.4	28	18.6		11 800		13 100		
	RNAFW	183024		69.5	18	30	24	0.3	23.4	28	18.6		20 200		26 200		

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. The character "N" at the end of the identification number indicates that a synthetic resin cage is incorporated.  
2. RNAF has no oil hole. RNAFW is provided with an oil groove and an oil hole on the outer ring.  
3. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.

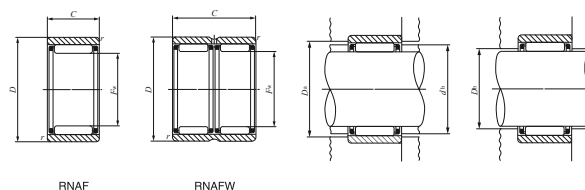


Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>
min <sup>-1</sup>
85 000
75 000
65 000
60 000
60 000
50 000
50 000
40 000
35 000
35 000
35 000
35 000
35 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000
30 000



Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating N	Basic static load rating N
			$F_w$	$D$	$C$	$r_{s\min}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$d_b$	$D_a$ Max.	$D_b$		
20	RNAF 202813	25	20	28	13	0.3	23.6	26	20.6	9 590	13 500
	RNAFW 202826	49.5	20	28	26	0.3	23.6	26	20.6	16 400	27 100
	RNAF 203212	37.5	20	32	12	0.3	25.4	30	20.6	12 400	14 300
	RNAFW 203224	75	20	32	24	0.3	25.4	30	20.6	21 200	28 600
22	RNAF 223013	27	22	30	13	0.3	25.6	28	22.6	10 200	15 200
	RNAFW 223026	53.5	22	30	26	0.3	25.6	28	22.6	17 500	30 300
	RNAF 223516	58.5	22	35	16	0.3	27.8	33	22.6	17 600	21 900
	RNAFW 223532	117	22	35	32	0.3	27.8	33	22.6	30 200	40 800
25	RNAF 253517	51	25	35	17	0.3	29.5	33	25.6	17 300	26 600
	RNAFW 253526	78	25	35	26	0.3	29.5	33	25.6	22 400	37 200
	RNAF 253716	57	25	37	16	0.3	30.4	35	25.6	19 400	24 500
	RNAFW 253732	114	25	37	32	0.3	30.4	35	25.6	33 200	49 000
28	RNAF 284016	62.5	28	40	16	0.3	33.4	38	28.6	20 100	26 500
	RNAFW 284032	125	28	40	32	0.3	33.4	38	28.6	34 400	55 000
30	RNAF 304017	59	30	40	17	0.3	34.5	38	30.6	18 700	31 100
	RNAFW 304026	90.5	30	40	26	0.3	34.5	38	30.6	24 200	43 400
	RNAF 304216	66	30	42	16	0.3	35.4	40	30.6	20 800	28 400
	RNAFW 304232	132	30	42	32	0.3	35.4	40	30.6	35 700	56 800
35	RNAF 354517	67.5	35	45	17	0.3	39.5	43	35.6	20 500	36 900
	RNAFW 354526	103	35	45	26	0.3	39.5	43	35.6	26 600	51 500
	RNAF 354716	75.5	35	47	16	0.3	40.4	45	35.6	23 100	33 900
	RNAFW 354732	151	35	47	32	0.3	40.4	45	35.6	39 500	67 800
40	RNAF 405017	76	40	50	17	0.3	43.5	48	40.8	22 200	42 700
	RNAFW 405034	152	40	50	34	0.3	43.5	48	40.8	38 000	85 400
	RNAF 405520	140	40	55	20	0.3	45.2	53	40.8	31 400	48 000
	RNAFW 405540	280	40	55	40	0.3	45.2	53	40.8	53 900	96 000

D85



Allowable rotational speed(°)
min <sup>1</sup>
25 000
25 000
25 000
25 000
25 000
25 000
25 000
25 000
25 000
20 000
20 000
20 000
20 000
18 000
18 000
17 000
17 000
17 000
17 000
14 000
14 000
14 000
14 000
12 000
12 000
12 000
12 000

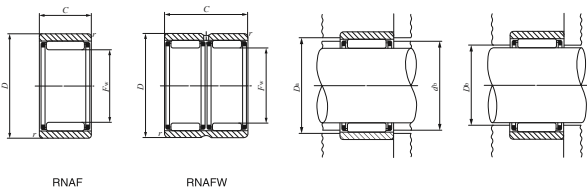
Without Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 45 – 100mm

Shaft dia.  mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)  g	Boundary dimensions mm				Standard mounting dimensions mm			Basic dynamic load rating  C  N	Basic static load rating  C <sub>0</sub>  N
			F <sub>w</sub>	D	C	r <sub>s min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	d <sub>b</sub>	D <sub>a</sub> Max.	D <sub>b</sub>		
45	RNAF 455517	83.5	45	55	17	0.3	48.5	53	45.8	23 300	47 100
	RNAFW 455534	167	45	55	34	0.3	48.5	53	45.8	39 900	94 200
	RNAF 456220	184	45	62	20	0.3	50.9	60	45.8	33 200	53 300
	RNAFW 456240	370	45	62	40	0.3	50.9	60	45.8	56 900	107 000
50	RNAF 506220	138	50	62	20	0.3	54.2	60	50.8	27 100	59 300
	RNAFW 506240	275	50	62	40	0.3	54.2	60	50.8	46 400	119 000
	RNAF 506520	170	50	65	20	0.3	55.2	63	50.8	35 900	61 100
	RNAFW 506540	340	50	65	40	0.6	55.2	61	50.8	61 500	122 000
55	RNAF 556820	167	55	68	20	0.3	59.5	66	55.8	28 600	66 000
	RNAFW 556840	335	55	68	40	0.3	59.5	66	55.8	49 000	132 000
	RNAF 557220	220	55	72	20	1	60.9	67	55.8	37 400	66 400
	RNAFW 557240	440	55	72	40	1	60.9	67	55.8	64 100	133 000
60	RNAF 607820	255	60	78	20	1	66.3	73	60.8	38 900	71 700
	RNAFW 607840	510	60	78	40	1	66.3	73	60.8	66 700	143 000
65	RNAF 658530	470	65	85	30	1.5	72	77	66	59 300	127 000
	RNAFW 658560	945	65	85	60	1.5	72	77	66	102 000	255 000
70	RNAF 709030	500	70	90	30	1.5	77	82	71	61 200	136 000
	RNAFW 709060	1 000	70	90	60	1.5	77	82	71	105 000	272 000
75	RNAF 759530	530	75	95	30	1.5	82	87	76	63 100	144 000
	RNAFW 759560	1 060	75	95	60	1.5	82	87	76	108 000	289 000
80	RNAF 8010030	560	80	100	30	1.5	87	92	81	65 000	153 000
	RNAFW 8010060	1 120	80	100	60	1.5	87	92	81	111 000	306 000
85	RNAF 8510530	590	85	105	30	1.5	92	97	86	66 600	161 000
90	RNAF 9011030	625	90	110	30	1.5	97	102	91	69 600	174 000
95	RNAF 9511530	655	95	115	30	1.5	102	107	96	70 900	182 000
100	RNAF 10012030	685	100	120	30	1.5	107	112	101	72 500	191 000

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. RNAF has no oil hole. RNAFW is provided with an oil groove and an oil hole on the outer ring.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>
11 000
11 000
11 000
11 000
10 000
10 000
10 000
10 000
9 000
9 000
9 000
9 000
8 500
8 500
7 500
7 500
7 000
7 000
6 500
6 500
6 000
6 000
6 000
5 500
5 500
5 500
4 500

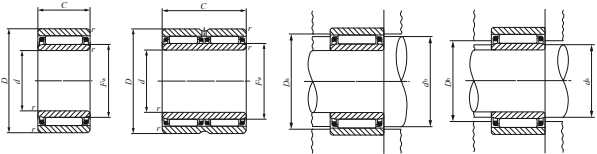
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 6 – 25mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number		Mass (Ref.) g	Boundary dimensions mm						Standard mounting dimensions mm					
				d	D	C	$r_{s\min}^{(1)}$	$F_w$	$d_b$	$D_a$ Max.	Min.	$d_s$ Max.	$D_b$		
6	NAF	61710	13.5	6	17	10	0.3	10	12.4	15	8	9.7	10.4		
7	NAF	72012	22.5	7	20	12	0.3	10	13.5	18	9	9.7	10.4		
9	NAF	92212	24	9	22	12	0.3	12	15.5	20	11	11.5	12.4		
10	NAF	102213	26	10	22	13	0.3	14	17.6	20	12	13	14.6		
	NAFW	102220	40	10	22	20	0.3	14	17.6	20	12	13	14.6		
	NAF	102612	36	10	26	12	0.3	14	19.4	24	12	13	14.6		
12	NAF	122413	29.5	12	24	13	0.3	16	19.6	22	14	15	16.6		
	NAFW	122420	45.5	12	24	20	0.3	16	19.6	22	14	15	16.6		
	NAF	122812	40	12	28	12	0.3	16	21.4	26	14	15	16.6		
15	NAF	152813	38.5	15	28	13	0.3	20	23.6	26	17	19	20.6		
	NAFW	152826	77.5	15	28	26	0.3	20	23.6	26	17	19	20.6		
	NAF	153212	50.5	15	32	12	0.3	20	25.4	30	17	19	20.6		
17	NAF	173013	42.5	17	30	13	0.3	22	25.6	28	19	21	22.6		
	NAFW	173026	84.5	17	30	26	0.3	22	25.6	28	19	21	22.6		
	NAF	173516	77.5	17	35	16	0.3	22	27.8	33	19	21	22.6		
	NAFW	173532	155	17	35	32	0.3	22	27.8	33	19	21	22.6		
20	NAF	203517	74	20	35	17	0.3	25	29.5	33	22	24	25.6		
	NAFW	203526	114	20	35	26	0.3	25	29.5	33	22	24	25.6		
	NAF	203716	79	20	37	16	0.3	25	30.4	35	22	24	25.6		
	NAFW	203732	158	20	37	32	0.3	25	30.4	35	22	24	25.6		
25	NAF	254017	87.5	25	40	17	0.3	30	34.5	38	27	29	30.6		
	NAFW	254026	135	25	40	26	0.3	30	34.5	38	27	29	30.6		
	NAF	254216	94	25	42	16	0.3	30	35.4	40	27	29	30.6		
	NAFW	254232	186	25	42	32	0.3	30	35.4	40	27	29	30.6		

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. NAF has no oil hole. NAFW is provided with an oil groove and an oil hole on the outer ring.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



NAF

NAFW

Basic dynamic load rating $C$	Basic static load rating $C_0$	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
4 160	4 550	50 000	LRT 61010
5 940	6 000	50 000	LRT 71012-1
9 030	8 460	40 000	LRT 91212
7 860	9 410	35 000	LRT 101413
10 800	14 200	35 000	LRT 101420
9 790	9 680	35 000	LRT 101412
8 620	11 000	30 000	LRT 121613
11 900	16 700	30 000	LRT 121620
10 500	10 900	30 000	LRT 121612
9 590	13 500	25 000	LRT 152013
16 400	27 100	25 000	LRT 152026
12 400	14 300	25 000	LRT 152012
10 200	15 200	25 000	LRT 172213
17 500	30 300	25 000	LRT 172226
17 600	20 900	25 000	LRT 172216
30 200	41 800	25 000	LRT 172232
17 300	26 600	20 000	LRT 202517
22 400	37 200	20 000	LRT 202526
19 400	24 500	20 000	LRT 202516
33 200	49 000	20 000	LRT 202532
18 700	31 100	17 000	LRT 253017
24 200	43 400	17 000	LRT 253026
20 800	28 400	17 000	LRT 253016
35 700	56 800	17 000	LRT 253032

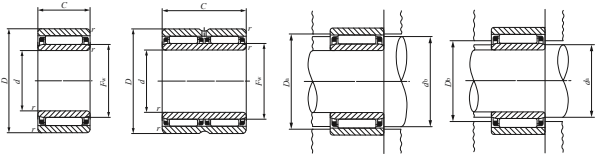
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 30 — 65mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm					Standard mounting dimensions mm					
		g	<i>d</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r</i> <sub>s min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>d</i> <sub>b</sub>	<i>D</i> <sub>a</sub> Max.	Min.	<i>d</i> <sub>s</sub> Max.	<i>D</i> <sub>b</sub>	
30	NAF 304517	101	30	45	17	0.3	35	39.5	43	32	34	35.6	
	NAFW 304526	155	30	45	26	0.3	35	39.5	43	32	34	35.6	
	NAF 304716	107	30	47	16	0.3	35	40.4	45	32	34	35.6	
	NAFW 304732	215	30	47	32	0.3	35	40.4	45	32	34	35.6	
35	NAF 355017	115	35	50	17	0.3	40	43.5	48	37	39	40.8	
	NAFW 355034	230	35	50	34	0.3	40	43.5	48	37	39	40.8	
	NAF 355520	186	35	55	20	0.3	40	45.2	53	37	39	40.8	
	NAFW 355540	375	35	55	40	0.3	40	45.2	53	37	39	40.8	
40	NAF 405517	128	40	55	17	0.3	45	48.5	53	42	44	45.8	
	NAFW 405534	255	40	55	34	0.3	45	48.5	53	42	44	45.8	
	NAF 406220	235	40	62	20	0.3	45	50.9	60	42	44	45.8	
	NAFW 406240	475	40	62	40	0.3	45	50.9	60	42	44	45.8	
45	NAF 456220	196	45	62	20	0.3	50	54.2	60	47	49	50.8	
	NAFW 456240	390	45	62	40	0.3	50	54.2	60	47	49	50.8	
	NAF 457220	340	45	72	20	1	55	60.9	67	50	54	55.8	
	NAFW 457240	685	45	72	40	1	55	60.9	67	50	54	55.8	
50	NAF 506820	230	50	68	20	0.3	55	59.5	66	52	54	55.8	
	NAFW 506840	465	50	68	40	0.3	55	59.5	66	52	54	55.8	
	NAF 507820	390	50	78	20	1	60	66.3	73	55	59	60.8	
	NAFW 507840	775	50	78	40	1	60	66.3	73	55	59	60.8	
55	NAF 558530	690	55	85	30	1.5	65	72	77	63	63.5	66	
	NAFW 558560	1 380	55	85	60	1.5	65	72	77	63	63.5	66	
60	NAF 609030	740	60	90	30	1.5	70	77	82	68	68.5	71	
	NAFW 609060	1 480	60	90	60	1.5	70	77	82	68	68.5	71	
65	NAF 659530	790	65	95	30	1.5	75	82	87	73	73.5	76	
	NAFW 659560	1 580	65	95	60	1.5	75	82	87	73	73.5	76	

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension *r*  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. NAF has no oil hole. NAFW is provided with an oil groove and an oil hole on the outer ring.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



NAF NAFW

Basic dynamic load rating <i>C</i>	Basic static load rating <i>C</i> <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Assembled inner ring
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
20 500	36 900	14 000	LRT 303517
26 600	51 500	14 000	LRT 303526
23 100	33 900	14 000	LRT 303516
39 500	67 800	14 000	LRT 303532
22 200	42 700	12 000	LRT 354017
38 000	85 400	12 000	LRT 354034
31 400	48 000	12 000	LRT 354020
53 900	96 000	12 000	LRT 354040
23 300	47 100	11 000	LRT 404517
39 900	94 200	11 000	LRT 404534
33 200	53 300	11 000	LRT 404520
56 900	107 000	11 000	LRT 404540
27 100	59 300	10 000	LRT 455020
46 400	119 000	10 000	LRT 455040
37 400	66 400	9 000	LRT 455520
64 100	133 000	9 000	LRT 455540
28 600	66 000	9 000	LRT 505520
49 000	132 000	9 000	LRT 505540
38 900	71 700	8 500	LRT 506020
66 700	143 000	8 500	LRT 506040
59 300	127 000	7 500	LRT 556530
102 000	255 000	7 500	LRT 556560
61 200	136 000	7 000	LRT 607030
105 000	272 000	7 000	LRT 607060
63 100	144 000	6 500	LRT 657530
108 000	289 000	6 500	LRT 657560

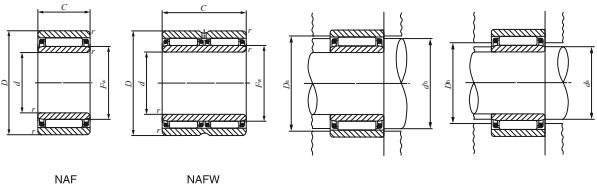
With Inner Ring



Shaft dia. 70 — 90mm

Shaft dia. mm	Identification number	Mass (Ref.)	Boundary dimensions mm					Standard mounting dimensions mm				
		g	<i>d</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>r</i> <sub>s min</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>F</i> <sub>w</sub>	<i>d</i> <sub>b</sub>	<i>D</i> <sub>a</sub> Max.	<i>d</i> <sub>a</sub> Min.	<i>d</i> <sub>a</sub> Max.	<i>D</i> <sub>b</sub>
70	NAF 7010030	835	70	100	30	1.5	80	87	92	78	78.5	81
	NAFW 7010060	1 680	70	100	60	1.5	80	87	92	78	78.5	81
75	NAF 7510530	885	75	105	30	1.5	85	92	97	83	83.5	86
80	NAF 8011030	935	80	110	30	1.5	90	97	102	88	88.5	91
85	NAF 8511530	985	85	115	30	1.5	95	102	107	93	93.5	96
90	NAF 9012030	1 040	90	120	30	1.5	100	107	112	98	98.5	101

Notes<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum allowable value of chamfer dimension r.  
<sup>(2)</sup> Allowable rotational speed applies to oil lubrication. For grease lubrication, a maximum of 50% of this value is allowable.  
Remarks1. NAF has no oil hole. NAFW is provided with an oil groove and an oil hole on the outer ring.  
2. No grease is prepacked. Perform proper lubrication.



Basic dynamic load rating C	Basic static load rating C <sub>0</sub>	Allowable rotational speed <sup>(2)</sup>	Assembled inner ring
N	N	min <sup>-1</sup>	
65 000	153 000	6 000	LRT 708030-1
111 000	306 000	6 000	LRT 708060
66 600	161 000	6 000	LRT 758530-1
69 600	174 000	5 500	LRT 809030-1
70 900	182 000	5 500	LRT 859530
72 500	191 000	4 500	LRT 9010030